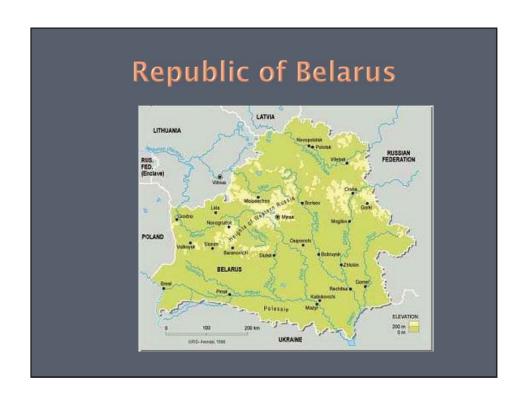
4-5 February 2013, Vienna

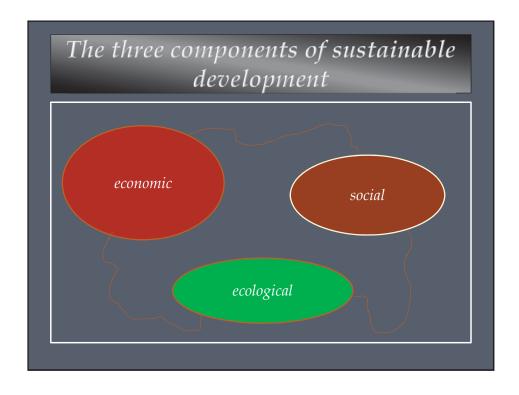
Session IV: Co-operation between public and private sectors and international organizations

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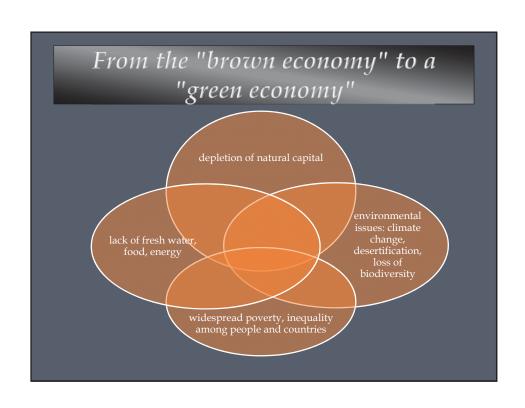


Towards a new paradigm of economic growth:
"Green Economy"
"Green growth"



The concept of "green economy"

- The concept of "green economy"
- aims to provide a more harmonious coordination between these components, which would be acceptable to all groups of countries - developed, developing and transition countries



Tools "green economy" for the Republic of Belarus

Pricing, including the abandonment of inefficient subsidies, natural resource assessment in monetary terms and the introduction of taxes that harm the environment;

Public procurement policies that encourage the production of environmentally friendly products and the use of appropriate principles of sustainable production methods;

Reforming the "environmental" tax, involving a shift from tax on labor to taxes on pollution;

Growth in public investment in line with sustainable development of infrastructure (including public transport, renewable energy, energy-efficient buildings) and natural capital to restore, maintain and, where possible, increase the amount of natural capital;

Target public support for research and development related to the creation of clean technologies;? Social policies to ensure consistency between the objectives in the social field and the existing or proposed economic policies

Using the principles of "green growth" in the strategic planning

- Solution to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a low carbon economy;
- Reforming tariffs in the electricity sector;
- Policy-making for the introduction of "green" tools;
- Technological standards tightening emissions;
- Renewable energy sources and energy efficiency;
- Improving the methods of calculation of payments for environmental pollution;
- promote the use of energy-efficient and resource-saving technologies;
- Stimulate the transition of domestic producers to international standards of series ISO-9000 and ISO-14000;
- The introduction of modern science-based approaches to environmental management, including methods of environmental management of all resources.

Conclusions:

- ☐ The introduction of modern science-based approaches to environmental management, including methods of environmental management and economic evaluation of all natural resources.
- Normative legal support should include the integration of the results of environmental monitoring as indicators of sustainable development, green growth and the principles of "green economy".
- Development Cooperation of the Republic of Belarus for the Pan-European and regional environmental problems, inc. science conference "Regional problems green economy and environment".