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ENGLISH only



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**our reference:**

### NOTE VERBALE

The Permanent Representation of Belgium to the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe presents its compliments to all Permanent Delegations and Missions to the OSCE and to the Conflict Prevention Centre, and has the honor to provide herewith the Belgian response to the OSCE questionnaire on anti-personnel mines and explosive remnants of war for the calendar year 2019.

The Permanent Representation of Belgium to the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe avails itself of the opportunity to renew to all Permanent Delegations and Missions to the OSCE and to the Conflict Prevention Centre the assurances of its highest consideration.



Vienna, 03 June 2018

To: All Permanent Delegations and Missions to the OSCE  
OSCE Conflict Prevention Centre

OSCE

Questionnaire on Anti-Personnel Mines  
and Explosive Remnants of War ( FSC.DEC/7/04)



**Report from BELGIUM for 2019**

1. Is your country a State Party to the 1996 Amended Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices annexed to the 1980 Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW)?

Yes, Protocol II amended was ratified by Belgium on 10<sup>th</sup> March 1999.

2. Please attach the most recent annual report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

The report can be found on this link<sup>1</sup>.

3. Is your country considering ratification/accession to the Amended Protocol II?

Cfr. Q 1.

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<sup>1</sup>[https://www.unog.ch/80256EDD006B8954/\(httpAssets\)/A60FEC091601D6ADC12583DA003608E7/\\$file/CCW\\_ProtIIa+rapport+BE+2019.pdf](https://www.unog.ch/80256EDD006B8954/(httpAssets)/A60FEC091601D6ADC12583DA003608E7/$file/CCW_ProtIIa+rapport+BE+2019.pdf)

4. What measures have been taken to prevent the indiscriminate use of mines, booby-traps and other devices?

Cfr. Belgian report for CCW Amended Protocol II.

5. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance related to the implementation of this Protocol? If so, please describe.

No.

6. Does your country have the capacity to assist others related to this Protocol? If so, please describe.

Cfr. Belgian report for CCW Amended Protocol II.

## Part II

7. Has your country ratified or acceded to the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction?

Yes, this Convention was ratified by Belgium on 4<sup>th</sup> September 1998.

8.(a) If yes, please attach the most recent report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

The report can be found on this link<sup>2</sup>.

(b) If no, is your country considering ratification/accession to the Convention

Cfr. Q 7.

(c) Has your country adopted legislation to address the humanitarian objectives of the convention, or taken any specific measures regarding the use, production, storage, transfer and destruction of anti-personnel landmines? In case a moratorium has been introduced, what is its scope and duration and when was it introduced?

More than 3 year before the accession to the Anti-Personnel Mine Convention, Belgium was the first country in the world to ban production, stockpiling, use and transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines by the law of 9 March 1995<sup>3</sup>. The provisions regarding the ban of Anti-Personnel Mines are now to be found in the law of 8<sup>th</sup> June 2006 as amended by the Laws of 25 July 2008 and of 7 January 2018.

9. Does your country have any specific measures in place to provide assistance to victims?

Cfr. Q 11.

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<sup>2</sup> [https://www.unog.ch/80256EDD006B8954/\(httpAssets\)/35576B8F24F55FF9C12583DF00605CDD/\\$file/BE+2018.pdf](https://www.unog.ch/80256EDD006B8954/(httpAssets)/35576B8F24F55FF9C12583DF00605CDD/$file/BE+2018.pdf)

<sup>3</sup> [http://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/cgi\\_loi/change\\_lg.pl?language=fr&la=F&cn=1995030934&table\\_name=loi](http://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/cgi_loi/change_lg.pl?language=fr&la=F&cn=1995030934&table_name=loi)

10. Does your country require assistance in mine clearance, stockpile destruction, mine awareness and/or victim assistance? If so, please describe.

No.

11. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in mine action? If so, please describe.

Yes, Belgium provides assistance in the field of humanitarian demining, victim assistance, mine risk education, local capacity building and universalization and advocacy of the Ottawa Convention. The main governmental donors/actors in this regard in Belgium are: The Ministry of Foreign Affairs via its Development Cooperation department and its Peace Consolidation desk, the Belgian Defence and the Regional authorities.

The Belgian Defense has been active in humanitarian demining with major deployments in Afghanistan (2005-2018) and Lebanon (2006 –2014) and is active in a series of smaller deployments in other countries. The Royal Military Academy and the Service for Clearance and Destruction of Explosives (SEDEE- DOVO) are involved in research and development for improved humanitarian demining and in the training of demining personnel from third countries.

Since 2010, Belgium has supported a broad range of mine-related projects in affected regions for an amount almost 25 million EURO's.

Country	Organisation	Action	Project	Amount disbursed in 2018
Colombia	Humanity and Inclusion	Mine clearance and integral approach	Mine clearance and integral approach promotion	€ 150.000
Mali	MAG	SALW and ERW risk education, PSSM	Reducing the risk from ERW and unsafe storage and handling of SALW for civilians in northern Mali	€ 150.000
Cambodia	APOPO	Mine Clearance	Accelerating land release in Cambodia: Survey and clearance in Preah Vihear	€ 150.000
Syria	Halo Trust	Risk education, survey, clearance	Explosive remnants of war survey and disposal in southern Syria	€ 150.000
Ukraine	Halo Trust	Mine clearance	Humanitarian mine clearance in Eastern Ukraine	€150.000
Multi	ICBL	Advocacy	Promoting a mine and cluster munition free world through research in landmine and cluster munition affected countries and local advocacy to advance effective clearance and victim assistance	€60.000
Chad	Humanity and	Land release	Land release through the	€1.480.000

	Inclusion	and risk education	combined use of drones, new detection methods and a mobile data collection interface	
Iraq	ICRC	Victim assistance	Disability and Mine action call	€ 500.000

**Total amount in 2018: 2.790.000€**

**Belgium also contributed in 2018 to global programs of Humanity and Inclusion and to non-earmarked budget of the ICRC.**

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## **OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR**

1. Has your country notified the Depositary of its consent to be bound by the 2003 CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) once it enters into force? Is your country considering doing so?

Protocol V was ratified by Belgium on 25<sup>th</sup> January 2010.

2. If yes, at what stage is the process?

Cfr. Q 1.

3. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance in clearing or otherwise minimizing the risks and effects of ERW?

No.

4. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in clearing and minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

There's no distinction between mines and ERW from the viewpoint of Belgian assistance instruments. Therefore the answer to this question can be found in the QUESTIONNAIRE ON ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES cfr. Part II question n° 11.

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