



**REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN'S  
NATIONAL POLICIES AND LEGISLATION:  
REVIEW FOR COMPLIANCE WITH COMMITMENTS MADE  
ON UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS  
ON WOMEN, PEACE AND SECURITY**

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## **Outline of the Review**

1. Summary of UN Security Council resolutions on women, peace and security
2. Implementation of UN Security Council resolutions through gender sensitive security sector reform
3. Analysis of regulations and legislation on women, peace and security in the Republic of Kazakhstan
4. Summarised results of an expert survey within analytical review of national policies on compliance to commitments vis-a-vis UN Security Council resolutions on women, peace and security
5. Findings, conclusions and main recommendations

### **Terms and conditions for successful implementation of the UN Security Council resolutions on Women, Peace and Security in the Republic of Kazakhstan**

- Initiatives on conflict resolution in Afghanistan.
- Kazakhstan has extensive experience in peacemaking – it served as guarantor in resolution of the inter-Tajik armed conflict of 1992-1997 and assisted in conflict resolution in Kyrgyzstan.
- Active member of OSCE, Collective Security Treaty Organisation, Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia (CICA), Shanghai Cooperation Organisation.
- Since December 2007 – observer at the UN General Assembly

### **International and national legislation, Kazakhstan's policies on women, peace and security**

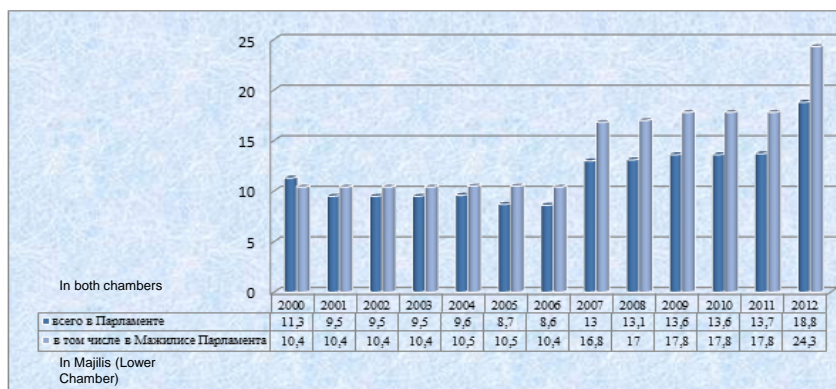
- 1949 Geneva Conventions and 1977 optional protocols
- 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and the 1967 protocol
- 1979 Convention to Eliminate All Forms of Discrimination Against Women and the 1999 optional protocol
- Convention on the Rights of the Child
- Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan
- Law «On State Guarantees of Equal Rights and Equal Opportunities for Men and Women»
- Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan «On Military Service and Status of the Military»
- Law «On Population Migration»
- Law «On Civil Service»
- Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan «On Defense and Armed Forces of the Republic of Kazakhstan»
- Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan «On Emergency Situations»
- Strategy on Gender Equality in the Republic of Kazakhstan for 2006– 2016, etc.

**The provisions of Resolution 1325 are reflected in the national legislation where gender policies are regulated and aimed at:**

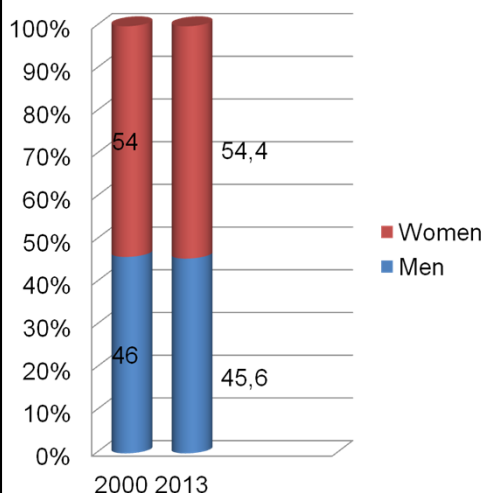
- 1) Achievement of balanced participation of women and men in government
- 2) Ensuring equal opportunities for economic independence, doing business and career development
- 3) Creating environment for equal rights and duties in the family
- 4) Freedom from gender-based violence

### **Representation of women in decision-making and women's inclusion in dialogue and peace-building**

Share of Women-Parliamentarians in the Republic of Kazakhstan



**Qualitative Indicators in Civil Service  
as of 01.10.2013**



In the Ministry of Internal Affairs –  
**special units to combat  
violence against women.**

**Kazakhstan National  
Commission on Family and  
Women Affairs.**

A number of **Laws to protect  
rights of women and girls** (Law  
of RK «On Domestic Violence»,  
Law «On State Guarantees of  
Equal Rights and Opportunities  
of Men and Women», etc

### What is to be done to improve the status of women in Kazakhstan in the context of Women, Peace and Security commitments

- Representation of women in high-level decision-making positions
- Elimination of discrimination against women  
(in rural areas, reproduction rights, migration, social programmes, etc.)
- Participation of women in peacekeeping missions
- Educational programs for government and law-enforcement agencies,  
military and other personnel of the security sector
- Amendments to Kazakhstan regulations and legislation to protect  
women and girls from all kinds of conflict and post-conflict violence.

### Findings, conclusions and main recommendations:

- Design **a national action plan** on peace and security focusing on raising awareness in gender issues in conflict resolution.
- Consider adoption of **specific measures to achieve gender balance in all bodies of legislative, judicial and executive branches**, including the police force; include women-activists in dialogue and discussions on issues and ways to ensure regional stability and security in Central Asia.
- Address prevention and resolution of conflicts in the region through **application of mediation**.
- Adopt legislative measures envisaging **protection of reproductive health** of women and girls in conflicts and post-conflict period.

Thank you for your attention!