



Стална мисија Босне и Херцеговине при Канцеларији Уједињених нација у Бечу,
ОЕБС-у и другим међународним организацијама, БЕЧ
*Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the United Nations Office
at Vienna, OSCE and other International Organizations, V I E N N A*

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NOTE VERBALE

The Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the OSCE, United Nations and other International Organizations in Vienna presents its compliments to all Delegations and Permanent Missions of the OSCE participating States and has honor to enclose the replay to the Questionnaire on Anti-Personnel Mines and Explosive Remnants of War for the year 2017.

The Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the OSCE, United Nations and other International Organizations in Vienna avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Permanent Missions and Delegations of all OSCE participating States and Conflict Prevention Centre of the OSCE the assurances of its highest consideration. *MR*

Vienna, 12 July 2018



To:

**OSCE Conflict Prevention Centre (CPC)
All Delegations/Permanent Missions to the OSCE**

V I E N N A

OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES
To be submitted no later than 31 May of each year (starting in May 2005)

Part I

1. Is your country a State Party to the 1996 Amended Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices annexed to the 1980 Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW)?

YES. Bosnia and Herzegovina is a State Party since 07th September 2000.

If yes:

2. Please attach the most recent annual report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

Please find attached annual report for 2017 submitted in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol with all relevant information on questions related to the Amended Protocol II on prohibitions or restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby - Traps and Other devices.

If no:

3. Is your country considering ratification/accession to the Amended Protocol II?

4. What measures have been taken to prevent the indiscriminate use of mines, booby-traps and other devices?

5. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance related to the implementation of this Protocol? If so, please describe.

6. Does your country have the capacity to assist others related to this Protocol? If so, please describe.

Part II

7. Has your country ratified or acceded to the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction?

YES. Bosnia and Herzegovina is a State Party since 08th September 1998.

8.(a) If yes, please attach the most recent report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

Please find attached annual report for 2017 submitted in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention with all relevant information on questions related to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction.

(b) If no, is your country considering ratification/accession to the Convention?

(c) Has your country adopted legislation to address the humanitarian objectives of the convention, or taken any specific measures regarding the use, production, storage, transfer and destruction of anti-personnel landmines? In case a moratorium has been introduced, what is its scope and duration and when was it introduced?

Bosnia and Herzegovina hasn't passed the Law about implementation on the Conventions. In Bosnia and Herzegovina Conventions and Protocols from the area of Mine Action are ratified by Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina and published in Official Gazette of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnia and Herzegovina Criminal Law has been annexed to accommodate ban of all the activities prohibited under the Convention. Criminal Law of Bosnia and Herzegovina enter into force on 1st March 2003. Chapter XVI: Criminal acts against integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina – Article 165; Chapter XVII: Criminal acts against humanity and values protected under international law – Articles 193 and 193 a.

9. Does your country have any specific measures in place to provide assistance to victims?

Bosnia and Herzegovina has a very developed system of health care with clinics, clinical centres, specialised semi-clinics, hospitals and rehabilitation centres. In order to increase the availability of services in local communities, there are additionally opened Rehabilitation Centres (CBR) as well as Centres for Mental Health (CMZ) at more than 60 separate location within Bosnia and Herzegovina. Additionally, as for the resolving problems of mine victims, i.e. reduction of so called "phantom pain there are centres for pain relief and medical personnel specifically trained for assisting in these centres. Equipping mine victims with prosthetics' in on a high level. The country partially of fully pays for the prosthetics costs. Achievements of Bosnia and Herzegovina in health care is visible through the fact that mine victims point out th social aspect of the problem rather than the medical one. Apart from all efforts, there is a necessity for personnel improvement in health system as well as widening of the health services offered. Law and regulations which reflect on mine victims are under the authority of Entities and Brcko District, and they are more and more in accordance with approaches to disabled persons in the countries of EU. Bosnia and Herzegovina within its constitutional frames provides protections for persons who need it, primarily disabled persons, between them civilian war victims, i.e. mine victims. In both Entities, there are Funds for Professional Rehabilitation and Employment for disabled. Based on the health care regulations, conditions were secured and defined through these funds for the realisation of rights and benefits, with the aim to improve professional rehabilitation and employment of disabled persons, regardless of the cause of their disability. There are various projects supported by the Government sector but also by activities of the NGO's which work on projects of economical re-socialisation and mine victims reintegration, along with their families. We must point out that general decrease in international financial aid reflects to the decrease in mine victims assistance and reduction of NGO sector activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina related to mine victims.

10. Does your country require assistance in mine clearance, stockpile destruction, mine awareness and/or victim assistance? If so, please describe.

In 2017, suspect hazardous area was reduced by 29,91 km² (23% out of plan – 129,60 km²). Non-technical methods (systematic and general/non-technical survey) conducted by Mine Action Centre BiH cancelled 20,75 km² (20% out of plan – 102,60 km²), while technical methods (technical survey and mine clearance) conducted by accredited organisations, reduced and cleared 9,16 km² (34% out of the plan – 27,0 km²). In stated operations, 1.749 anti-personnel mines were found and destroyed, along with 20 anti-tank mines and 797 pieces of ERW. The average of mines found per hectare is: 25 mines/ha.

In 2017, according to available Mine Action Centre in BiH, funds totalling 32.299.553 BAM or 78% out of plan – 41.425.000 BAM, were spent on mine action. Out of that, national resources totalled 17.529.053 BAM or 54%, and international (donors'), 14.770.500 BAM or 46%.

During 2017, there were 26 organisations accredited for mine action in BiH, out of which: 5 government organisations (Armed Forces BiH, Federal Administration for Civil Protection, Republic of Srpska Administration for Civil Protection, Civil Protection Brčko District and Red Cross Society BiH), 9 commercial organisations (8 national and 1 international) and 12 nongovernment organisations (10 national and 2 international). Within accredited organisations, 1.056 persons were engaged who possess the accreditation and licence for work in mine action activities, i.e. 792 deminers and 264 persons authorised for the conduct of managerial and supervision tasks (team leaders, site leaders, operational officers, quality assurance officers, EDD teams trainers, dog handlers, operators etc.).

Bosnia and Herzegovina has necessary human and technical resources for the conduct of humanitarian demining operations and other mine action, but it requires aid in securing the firm and continuous financing for the conduct of stated operations.

11. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in mine action? If so, please describe.

YES. To the international community involved with mine action BHMACH can offer the following:

- Assistance during the organization of national mine action centres,*
- Laws, by-laws and normative regulations,*
- Establishment of mine information system and geoinformation system, digitalisation of maps,*
- Planning system – preparation of national programmes and operative plans,*
- Definition of suspected hazardous area and marking,*
- Quality assurance and quality control over humanitarian demining operations,*
- Education of humanitarian demining executors (deminers, auxiliary workers and management),*
- Mine risk education, primarily local population and children,*
- Mine victims assistance.*

OSCE QUESTIONNAIRE ON EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR
To be submitted on a voluntary basis along with the OSCE Questionnaire
on Anti-personnel Mines no later than 31 May each year.

1. Has your country notified the Depositary of its consent to be bound by the 2003 CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) once it enters into force? Is your country considering doing so?

Yes

2. If yes, at what stage is the process?

Please find attached Annual report for 2017 with all relevant information on questions related to the CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW).

3. Would your country be interested in receiving assistance in clearing or otherwise minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

No

4. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in clearing and minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

Accredited organizations for EOD operations in Bosnia and Herzegovina as part of the Mine Action system already have significant role in various international projects and forms of cooperation, especially throughout the region of SE Europe. Bosnia and Herzegovina can offer experience know-how in various aspects of Mine Action.

Draft



**BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
MINISTRY OF CIVIL AFFAIRS BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
DEMINING COMMISSION IN BIH
MINE ACTION CENTRE BIH**

REPORT

ON MINE ACTION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA for 2017

Sarajevo, January 2018

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INTRODUCTION

Report on Mine Action in BiH for 2017 represents a document which aims to report to the Council of Ministers and the public about activities and goals which were realised in this reporting period from the domain of Mine Action in BiH.

The basis for the creation of this Report was the Mine Action Operational Plan in BiH for 2017 created by Mine Action Centre BiH and approved by the Demining Commission in BiH on their 25th session held March 21st 2017. Mine Action Operational Plan in BiH for 2017 was adopted by the Council of Ministers at their 102nd session held May 23rd 2017.

Mine Action Operational Plan in BiH for 2017 is previously adjusted with the Analysis of the Implementation of Mine Action Strategy in BiH 2009-2019 with proposed changes (II Strategy revision), also adopted by Demining Commission in BiH at their 12th session held March 20th 2016.

The creation and adoption of Mine Action Operational Plan in BiH have been defined by Articles 16 and 17 of the Demining Law in BiH (Official Gazette, No: 5/02).

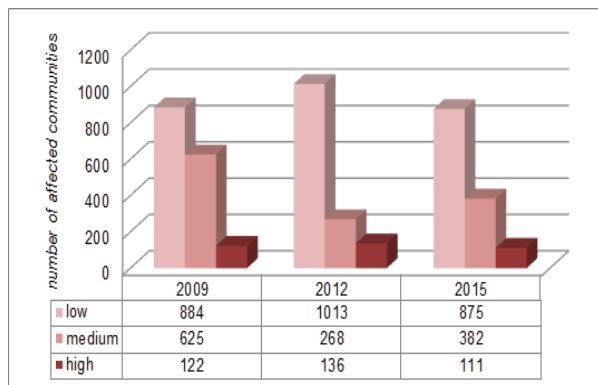
1. GENERAL ASSESSMENT OF MINE/ERW/CLUSTER MUNITION IMPACT

General assessment of mine/ERW/cluster munition impact in BiH has been updated within the procedure of Analysis of the Implementation of Mine Action Strategy in BiH 2009 – 2019 with the proposed changes.

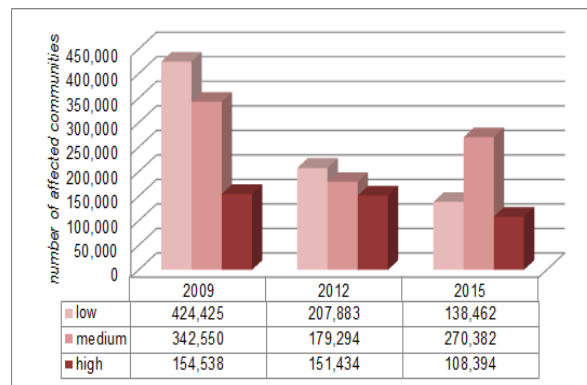
1.1. Social and economic impact of mines/ERW/cluster munition

Update of the General Assessment encompassed the research of the impact of mines/ERW/cluster munition, which defines their social and economic impact onto inhabited communities, i.e. affected communities and the update of systematic survey which identifies, documents and processes information on suspect micro-locations as sources of risk.

General assessment of mine/ERW/cluster munition impact in 129 cities/municipalities in BiH has identified 1.398 affected communities under the impact of mine/ERW/cluster munition. Out of the total number of affected communities, 1.369 communities are affected by mines, while 60 communities are affected by cluster munition (out of which 31 communities with combined mines and cluster munition contamination). Micro-locations contaminated by mines/ERW/cluster munition directly affect the safety of 545.603 residents, which is 15% out of total number of BiH residents. Out of that, micro-locations contaminated by mines affect the safety of 517.238 residents while micro-locations contaminated by cluster munition affect the safety of 54.314 residents (25.949 of them is affected by combined mines and cluster munition hazard). Criteria for setting the level of affected communities is presented in the proportion of number of residents according to the preliminary Census from 2013, the size of the suspect hazardous area and priority categories, and the size of the affected community. In graphs 1 and 2, the number of affected communities is shown along with the number of residents in affected communities as per the level of hazard and year of the update within the General Assessment.



Graph 1: Affected communities



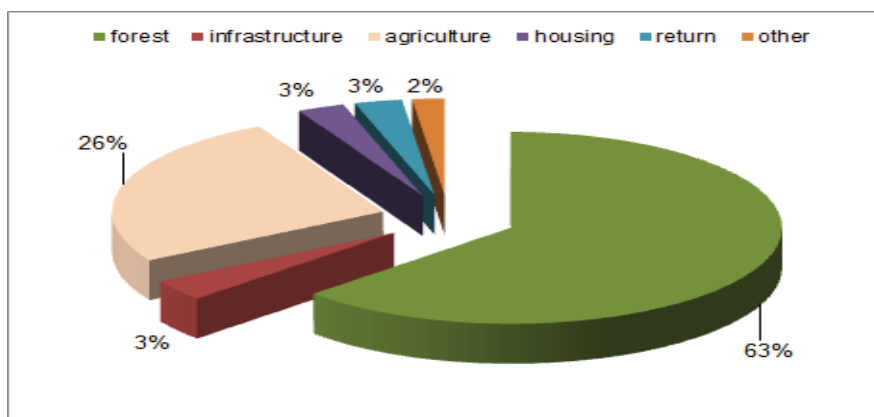
Graph 2: Affected population

1.2. Size of the suspect hazardous area / systematic survey

Current size of the mine suspect area in BiH is 1.061,32 km² or 2,2% in relation to the total area of BiH¹. Through systematic survey operations, 8.343 suspect micro-locations were defined where, it is estimated, there are approximately 75.000-80.000 mines/ERW. Current size of the suspect hazardous area contaminated with cluster munition in BiH is 6,47 km², out of which there is a 4,47 km² combined mine and cluster munition suspect hazardous area. General survey operations defined 160 micro-locations suspect of cluster munition, with approximately 1.000-1.500 pieces of submunition/ERW left. Table one shows the current size of the suspect area per category of priority as well as current cluster munition suspect area, while graph 3 shows mine suspect hazardous area as per structure – intentional use.

ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL	Total mine suspect hazardous area (km ²)	Mine suspect hazardous area/category of priority (km ²)			Cluster munition suspect hazardous area (km ²)
		Category I	Category II	Category III	
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	103.85	44.69	39.95	19.21	0.07
POSAVSKI KANTON	17.64	5.28	10.33	2.03	0.00
TUZLANSKI KANTON	80.19	19.38	18.63	42.18	0.68
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	120.70	30.79	15.33	74.58	2.08
BOSANSKO-PODRINJSKI KANTON	46.87	5.26	9.75	31.86	0.00
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	123.74	26.97	39.62	57.15	1.78
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	156.45	17.61	28.47	110.37	0.00
ZAPADNO-HERCEGOVAČKI KANTON	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
KANTON SARAJEVO	73.40	21.50	13.52	38.38	0.38
KANTON 10	86.58	11.91	14.38	60.29	0.35
FEDERACIJA BIH	809.73	183.39	189.98	436.36	5.34
REPUBLIKA SRPSKA	236.37	68.99	89.39	77.99	1.13
DISTRIKT BRČKO	15.22	1.80	10.34	3.08	0.00
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	1,061.32	254.18	289.71	517.43	6.47

Table 1: Size of the suspect hazardous area



Graph 3: Suspect area per structure – intentional use

¹ According to the first assessment by Mine Action Centre BiH dating from 1998, mine suspect hazardous area in BiH was 4,2 km² or 8,2% out of total area of BiH.

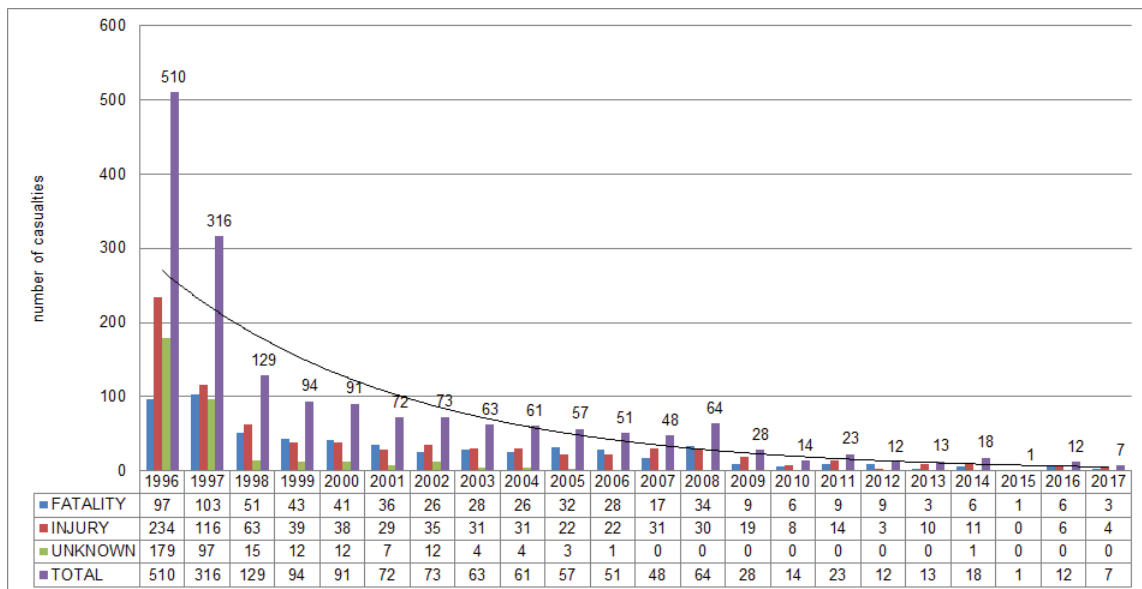
1.3. Mine/ERW/cluster munition victims

In 2017, four mine accidents were registered in Bosnia and Herzegovina, one accident outside the suspect area and two mine incidents. There were seven mine victims, three out of them fatalities. Table 2 provides a review of mine accidents in 2017, and graph 4 provides a review of the number of mine/ERW/cluster munition victims in post-war period, as per outcome and year of the accident.

Date	Municipality	Activity at the time of the accident	Mine/cluster munition/ERW	Fatalities	Injured	Gender	Age
11.03.2017.	Mostar	Collection of herbs	ERW	-	2	M i Ž	0-18 i 19-60
22.03.2017.	Čelić	Collection of firewood	AP mine	1	-	M	19-60
16.09.2017.	Lukavac	Collection of firewood	AP mine - PROM-1	1	1	M	19-60
05.11.2017.	Oštra Luka	Hunting	AP mine - PROM-2	1	-	M	19-60
24.11.2017.	Bratunac	Collection of firewood	ERW	-	1	M	19-60

Table 2: Review of mine accidents

From 1992, there were 8.389 mine/ERW/cluster munition victims in Bosnia and Herzegovina. In the period of war (1992–1995) there were 6.354 victims, while there were 1.756 victims after the war with 613 fatalities. There are no records of the year of accident for 279 persons. Out of the total number, 232 persons were cluster munition victims, out of which 43 fatalities. Out of total number of post-war victims, 185 were women (11%) and 250 were children (14%). During the conduct of humanitarian demining in BiH, there were 127 victims deminers, out of which 51 fatalities.



Graph 4: Statistics of mine/ERW/cluster munition victims

2. REALISATION OF STRATEGIC AND OPERATIONAL GOALS

During 2017, the mission of all participants in the realisation of strategic and operational goals was elimination, i.e. reduction of risk to the acceptable level, establishment of safe environment for affected population, encouragement of sustainable return, social and economic development in affected communities, i.e. municipalities affected by mines/ERW/cluster munition. The concept of mine action was based on the assumption that character and the size of the problem require more efficient risk management through constant assessment of mine/ERW/cluster munition impact, efficient planning and affiliation of all the components in mine action. The accent was given to the resolvment of problem through the integral approach to mine action in highly affected communities and through the implementation of groups of projects in medium and low affected communities, in order to reduce risk, i.e. to create conditions for reconstruction and sustainable return, and the use of resources blocked by mines/ERW/cluster munition.

In accordance with the Operational Mine Action Plan BiH for 2017, Mine Action Centre BiH continuously conducted activities of systematic and general/non-technical survey, emergency and permanent marking, quality assurance and preparation/revision of the Action Plans in Mine Action for municipalities affected by mines/ERW/cluster munition. Technical survey operations that include targeted and systematic survey, mine clearance, technical survey and cluster munition clearance, i.e. mine awareness, permanent and emergency marking, were conducted by organisations accredited for mine action under the technical supervision and coordination of Mine Action Centre BiH; the activities in the domain of mine/ERW/cluster munition victims assistance were continuously conducted by organisations conducting the stated mine activity under the coordination of Mine Action Centre BiH. Activities from the domain of training and technical development, advocacy and international cooperation were conducted by Mine Action Centre BiH, organisations accredited for mine action as well as other national and international organisations that are directly or indirectly involved in Mine Action in BiH.

Mine Action Centre in BiH conducted other activities in the domain of Mine Action, in accordance with the Demining Law in Bosnia and Herzegovina (Official Gazette No: 5/02).

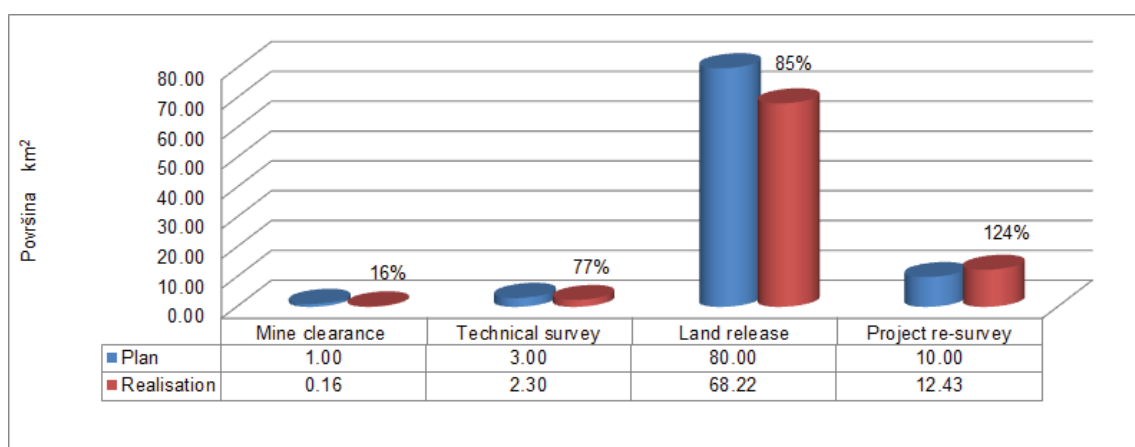
3. HUMANITARIAN DEMINING

3.1. General/technical survey – projecting

During 2017, the operations of general/non-technical survey were conducted on the area of 83,16 km² (60% out of the plan – 138,60 km²). Efficiency and productivity of general survey is presented by: area surveyed for mine clearance operations: 0,16 km² (21 project), area surveyed for technical survey: 2,30 km² (50 projects), area surveyed for technical survey and cluster munition clearance: 0,05 km² (2 projects), area surveyed for land release projects: 68,22 km² (31 MSA and resurveyed area: 12,43 km² (264 projects). Also, area surveyed for permanent marking activities: 4,38 km² (41 project). Table 3 and graph 5 show the conduct of general/non-technical survey plan as per structure.

Prepared projects for mine clearance		Prepared projects for technical survey		Prepared projects for technical survey, mine clearance, cluster munition		Prepared projects for land release (MSA)		Re-surveyed projects		TOTAL			Prepared projects for permanent marking	
Project No	km ²	Project No	km ²	Project No	km ²	Project No	km ²	Project No	km ²	Plan	Realisation	%	Project No	km ²
21	0.16	50	2.30	2	0.05	31	68.22	264	12.43	138.60	83.16	60%	41	4.38

Table 3: Productivity of general/non-technical survey

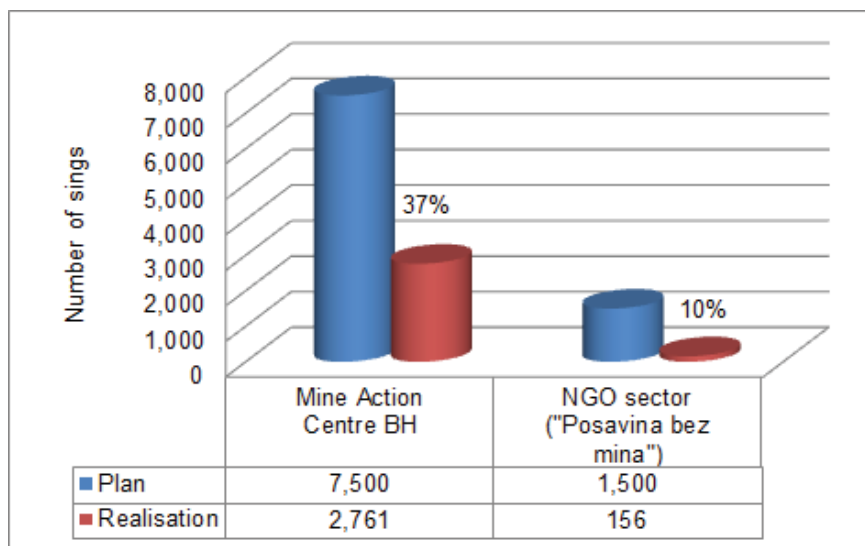


Graph 5: General/non-technical survey as per structure – projecting

There are 4.166 projects prepared in BiH for technical survey and mine/cluster munition clearance (current status: standing by for donor) with confirmed hazardous area of 305,73 km² or 29% out of the total suspect hazardous area in BiH. Out of that, 17 projects pertain to technical survey and cluster munition clearance with the area of 0,90 km².

3.2. General/non-technical survey – emergency marking

In 2017, 2,917 mine/ERW/cluster munition warning signs were placed in Bosnia and Herzegovina (32% out of plan – 9,000 signs). Mine Action Centre BiH survey teams have placed 2,761 signs within the systematic and general/non-technical survey operations (37% out of plan – 7,500 signs). Out of that number, 14 signs pertain to marking of the area suspect for the presence of cluster munition. Nongovernment sector, i.e. NGO Posavina without mines, placed 156 mine/ERW/cluster munition signs within the activities of mine awareness in Brčko District area (10% out of plan – 1,000 signs). Within mine awareness project, NGO Posavina bez mina placed 2 billboards in Brčko District area that serve as mine situation informants; in the area of Zvornik, Red Cross Society BiH – RS placed 3 billboards – mine situation informants. Graph 6 shows the results of emergency marking as per activity holders.



Graph 6: Review of emergency marking activities

3.3. Planning of mine action – the level of affected community

The Annual Mine Action Plan BiH for 2017 has planned the creation/revision of 8 Mine Action Plans² for communities affected by mines/ERW/cluster munition, but activity has not been realised during this reporting period.

² By the end of 2017, 74 mine/ERW/cluster munition affected municipalities were encompassed by all the phases of municipal planning, or 57% out of total number of affected communities in BiH.

3.4. Technical survey and mine clearance tenders

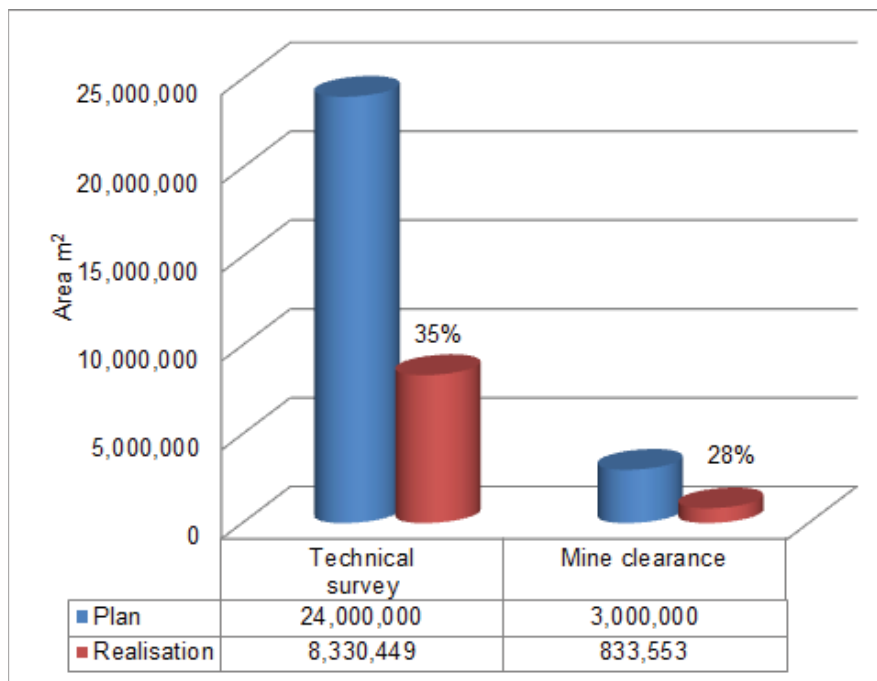
In 2017, the ITF (Enhancing Human Security) realised 6 tenders for technical survey and mine clearance activities (realisation has been contracted for 89 projects with confirmed suspect area of 2.940.686 m²). Table 4 shows the review of realised tenders with the list of donors, number of confirmed suspect area projects as per humanitarian operation.

TENDER/DONOR	Project number projekata	Operation	Confirmed hazardous area m ²
USA	20	Technical survey	837,504
	5	Mine clearance	60,644
USA and JAPAN	6	Technical survey	277,038
	2	Mine clearance	18,600
Federal Republic of Germany	14	Technical survey	785,120
	5	Mine clearance	203,852
SAD	2	Mine clearance	21,084
Chech Republic	1	Technical survey	7,574
	1	Mine clearance	314
USA	20	Technical survey	709,579
	13	Mine clearance	19,377
TOTAL	61	Technical survey	2,616,815
	28	Mine clearance	323,871
	89	TOTAL	2,940,686

Table 4: Review of realised tenders for technical survey and mine clearance

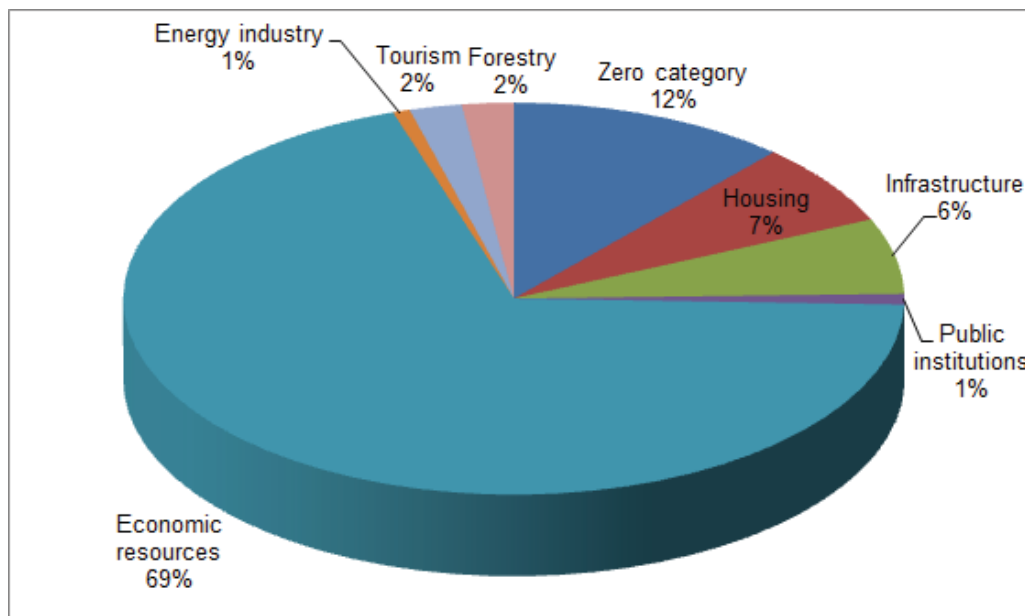
3.5. Technical survey and mine/cluster munition clearance

During 2017, technical survey and mine clearance operations were conducted on 190 tasks (out of which 6 MSA)) with the tasked area of 10.896.006 m². Out of that, 141 tasks were competed (out of which 6 MSA) with reduced and cleared area of 9.164.002 m² (34% out of plan – 27.000.000 m²). In stated operations, 1.749 anti-personnel mines were found and destroyed, along with 20 anti-tank mines and 797 pieces of ERW. The average of mines found per hectare is: 25 mines/ha. Graph 7 shows a review of the annual plan of technical survey and mine clearance operations as per structure.



Graph 7: Review of technical survey and mine clearance conduct

Technical survey operations reduced the area of 8.330.449 m², while mine clearance operations cleared the area of 833.553 m². Technical survey and cluster munition clearance reduced and cleared the area of 1.047.886 m², with 1.246 pieces of cluster munition and 4 pieces of ERW found and destroyed. Completed technical survey and mine/ERW/cluster munition operations eliminated threat for approximately 9.000 directly affected residents who present the potential users of reduced and cleared area at the same time. Graph 8 shows the intentional use of area reduced and cleared through technical survey and mine/cluster munition clearance.



Graph 8: Review of reduced and cleared area per intentional use

Tables 5-10 shows the results of technical survey and mine/cluster munition clearance per administrative levels in BiH and per organisations that conducted the said operations.

TECHNICAL SURVEY		Number of tasks	Tasked area (m ²)	Reduced/sampled area (m ²)	Area in progress (m ²)	Participation of organisations in technical survey (%)
Government organisations	ARMED FORCES BH	34	3,118,842	2,380,007	588,169	36%
	FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION ERIH	15	1,081,111	587,468	341,947	9%
	REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION RS	10	461,345	196,626	223,732	3%
	TOTAL	59	4,661,298	3,164,101	1,153,848	47%
Non-government organisations	NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID (NPA)	24	929,177	834,318	0	12%
	NGO PRO VITA"	9	465,116	465,116	0	7%
	"UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA UEM"	5	352,618	352,618	0	5%
	Udruga "Pazi mine Vitez"	4	200,996	200,996	0	3%
	NGO "STOP MINES"	4	197,267	197,267	0	3%
	"DOK-ING deminiranje" N.H.O.	4	180,993	180,993	0	3%
	"UG DEMIRA"	3	82,796	82,796	0	1%
	Centre for EDD training	1	55,025	55,025	0	1%
	"UG EKO DEM"	1	49,275	49,275	0	1%
	TOTAL	55	2,513,263	2,418,404	0	36%
Commercial organisations	"N&N IVSA"	7	485,477	485,477	0	7%
	"POINT" d.o.o.	7	318,279	318,279	0	5%
	"UEM d.o.o."	6	256,376	256,376	0	4%
	"DETEKTOR"	2	39,906	39,906	0	1%
	TOTAL	22	1,100,038	1,100,038	0	16%
GRAND TOTAL		136	8,274,599	6,682,543	1,153,848	100%

TEHNIČKO IZVIĐANJE	Broj zadataka	Zadana površina (m ²)	Redukovana/uzorkovana površina (m ²)	Površina u progresu (m ²)	Učešće administrativnih nivoa u tehničkom izviđanju (%)
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	10	566,074	510,807	35,267	14%
POSAVSKI KANTON	6	533,107	484,509	48,598	13%
TUZLANSKI KANTON	9	482,897	421,808	10,549	11%
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	5	320,202	279,419	0	7%
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	18	857,288	715,644	127,480	19%
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	3	104,161	59,560	44,601	2%
KANTON SARAJEVO	10	722,026	674,365	32,732	18%
BOSANSKO PODRINJSKI KANTON	6	343,526	250,837	78,689	7%
KANTON 10	6	423,741	339,319	84,422	9%
FEDERACIJA BIH	73	4,353,022	3,736,268	462,338	56%
REPUBLIKA SRPSKA	56	3,022,335	2,237,770	500,773	33%
DISTRIKT BRČKO	7	899,242	708,505	190,737	11%
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	136	8,274,599	6,682,543	1,153,848	100%

Table 5: Technical survey results

TEHNIČKO IZVIĐANJE		Broj zadataka	Zadana površina (m ²)	Redukovana/uzorkovana površina (m ²)	Površina u progresu (m ²)	Učešće organizacija u tehničkom izviđanju (%)
Vladine organizacije	ORUŽANE SNAGE BIH	34	3,118,842	2,380,007	588,169	36%
	FEDERALNA UPRAVA CIVILNE ZAŠTITE FBIH	15	1,081,111	587,468	341,947	9%
	REPUBLIČKA UPRAVA CIVILNE ZAŠTITE RS	10	461,345	196,626	223,732	3%
	UKUPNO	59	4,661,298	3,164,101	1,153,848	47%
Nevladine organizacije	NORVEŠKA NARODNA POMOĆ NPA	24	929,177	834,318	0	12%
	NVO PRO VITA	9	465,116	465,116	0	7%
	UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA UEM	5	352,618	352,618	0	5%
	Udruga "Pazi mine Vitez"	4	200,996	200,996	0	3%
	NVO STOP MINES	4	197,267	197,267	0	3%
	"DOK-ING deminiranje" N.H.O.	4	180,993	180,993	0	3%
	UG DEMIRA	3	82,796	82,796	0	1%
	Centar za obuku pasa za otkrivanje mina	1	55,025	55,025	0	1%
	UG EKO DEM	1	49,275	49,275	0	1%
	UKUPNO	55	2,513,263	2,418,404	0	36%
Komeracionalne organizacije	N&N IVSA	7	485,477	485,477	0	7%
	"POINT" d.o.o.	7	318,279	318,279	0	5%
	UEM d.o.o.	6	256,376	256,376	0	4%
	DETEKTOR	2	39,906	39,906	0	1%
	UKUPNO	22	1,100,038	1,100,038	0	16%
SVE UKUPNO		136	8,274,599	6,682,543	1,153,848	100%

Table 6: Technical survey results

Table 7: Mine clearance results

MINE CLEARANCE	Number of tasks	Tasked area (m ²)	Cleared/samped area (m ²)	Area in progress (m ²)	Found and destroyed AP mines	Found and destroyed AT mines	Found and destroyed ERW pieces	Participation of administrative levels in mine clearance (%)
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	1	21,237	21,237	0	250	0	31	5%
POSAVSKI KANTON	3	157,803	157,803	0	93	0	109	37%
TUZLANSKI KANTON	7	106,834	73,291	33,543	121	8	31	17%
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	4	41,992	24,252	17,740	54	0	39	6%
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	1	15,033	15,033	0	339	3	39	4%
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	4	124,084	102,419	21,665	119	0	4	24%
KANTON SARAJEVO	5	50,941	26,415	16,640	430	4	212	6%
BOSANSKO PODRINJSKI KANTON	2	7,107	7,107	0	133	0	29	2%
KANTON 10		1,529	1,529	0	24	0	7	0%
FEDERACIJA BIH	27	526,560	429,086	89,588	1,563	15	501	62%
REPUBLIKA SRPSKA	20	278,578	253,194	25,384	169	5	130	37%
DISTRIKT BRČKO	1	21,559	4,469	10,308	17	0	166	1%
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	48	826,697	686,749	125,280	1,749	20	797	100%

MINE CLEARANCE		Number of tasks	Tasked area (m ²)	Cleared/samped area (m ²)	Area in progress (m ²)	Found and destroyed AP mines	Found and destroyed AT mines	Found and destroyed ERW pieces	Participation of organisations in mine clearance (%)
Government organisations	FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION FBH	8	143,627	103,303	33,542	100	8	86	15%
	ARMED FORCES BH	5	83,848	44,437	39,411	295	0	72	6%
	REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATIO FOR CIVIL PROTECTION RS	7	128,293	102,909	25,384	63	0	20	15%
	TOTAL	20	355,768	250,649	98,337	458	8	183	36%
Non-government organisations	"UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA UEM"	7	85,327	85,327	0	15	0	1	12%
	"DOK-ING deminiranje" N.H.O.	1	81,539	81,539	0	89	0	156	12%
	"UG DEMIRA"	7	67,491	67,491	0	30	0	7	10%
	NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID	4	62,607	45,518	9,203	319	5	31	7%
	NGO PRO VITA	2	20,331	20,331	0	408	1	37	3%
	Udruga "Pazi mine Vitez"	1	18,649	18,649	0	34	2	14	3%
	NVO STOP MINES		719	719	0	132	0	73	0%
	MAG					5			
	UG EKO DEM		400	400	0	9	0	4	0%
	EDD training centre		396	396	0	117	0	4	0%
	TOTAL	22	337,459	320,370	9,203	1,158	8	327	47%
Commercial organisations	"N&N IVSA"	3	81,221	81,221	0	99	0	202	12%
	"DETEKTOR"	2	48,475	30,735	17,740	4	0	6	27%
	"UEM d.o.o."	1	2,174	2,174	0	11	4	44	0%
	"POINT" d.o.o."		1,600	1,600	0	19	0	35	0%
TOTAL		6	133,470	115,730	17,740	133	4	287	17%
GRAND TOTAL		48	826,697	686,749	125,280	1,749	20	797	100%

Table 8: Mine clearance results

Table 9: Results of technical survey and mine clearance (MSA)

ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL/ORGANISATION	Number of MSAs	Reduced area m ²	Cleared area m ²	Number of found and destroyed mines
TUZLANSKI CANTON	1	274,887	12,894	46
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI CANTON	1	210,947	23,828	258
BOSANSKO-PODINJSKI CANTON	1	381,734	26,917	132
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	1	229,240	18,266	113
CANTON 10	1	517,285	45,228	380
FEDERATION BIH	5	1,614,093	127,133	929
REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA	1	33,813	19,671	17
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	6	1,647,906	146,804	946
NGO PRO VITA	1	517,285	45,228	380
MAG	1	381,734	26,917	132
FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION FBH	1	274,887	12,894	46
EDD dogs training centre/UEM d.o.o.	1	229,240	18,266	113
NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID (NPA)	1	210,947	23,828	258
"DOK-ING deminiranje" N.H.O.	1	33,813	19,671	17
TOTAL	6	1,647,906	146,804	946

Table 10: Results of technical survey and cluster munition clearance

ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL/ORGANISATION	Number of tasks	Tasked area m ²	Reduced area m ²	Cleared area m ²	Number of found and destroyed cluster bombs	Number of found and destroyed ERW
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	2	237,688	40,408	122,903	38	1
TUZLANSKI KANTON	2	77,208	147,431	36,255	529	0
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	3	84,868	52,406	32,462	250	0
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	1	29,410	17,901	11,509	20	3
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	3	422,632	382,845	39,787	9	0
KANTON SARAJEVO	1	172,541	103,880	0	323	0
KANTON 10	2	60,099	35,243	24,856	77	0
FEDERACIJA BIH	14	1,084,446	780,114	267,772	1,246	4
BOSNA I HERZEGOVINA	14	1,084,446	780,114	267,772	1,246	4
FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION FBH	3	400,671	323,534	76,550	0	0
NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID (NPA)	5	344,432	148,144	121,934	124	1
ARMED FORCES BH	6	339,342	308,436	69,288	1122	3
TOTAL	14	1,084,445	780,114	267,772	1,246	4

From the beginning of technical survey operations and mine clearance in BiH since 1996, and ending with 2017, there is 200km² reduced and cleared in Bosnia and Herzegovina, with found and destroyed 64.505 AP mines, 8.464 AT mines and 56.926 pieces of ERW. Since the beginning of the conduct of technical survey and cluster munition clearance since 2012 and ending with 2017, there is a reduced and cleared area of 6,0 km², with found and destroyed 2.291 pieces of cluster munition and 96 pieces of ERW.

Technical survey operations and mine clearance are currently conducted at 11 mine suspect areas with total suspect hazardous area of 38,28 km². Table 11 provides a review of mine suspect areas where technical survey and mine clearance operations are conducted.

ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL/ORGANISATION	SHA km ²	MSA	ORGANISATION
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	0.30	Miostrah	ARMED FORCES BH
	0.10	Liskovac	
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	7.77	Olovske Luke	
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	2.24	Vlašić 2	NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID (NPA)
	2.23	Vlašić 3	
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	1.97	Orah	
	3.10	Rotimlje	MAG
KANTON SARAJEVO	2.91	Zoranovići	EDD training centre
KANTON 10	11.70	Zlosela	ARMED FORCES BH
	3.32	Mliništa-Parikovac	"UG Pazi mine vitez"
	2.64	Korićina-Golija	NGO "PRO VITA" / UG "Pazi mine Vitez"
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	38.28		11

Table 11: Review of MSA on which the operations of technical survey and mine clearance are conducted

3.6. Permanent marking

During 2017, 10 permanent marking projects were realised with reduced suspect area of 795,820 m², and 118 individual signs placed (8% out of plan – 1.500 signs). Table 12 shows the results of permanent marking as per administrative levels in BiH and as per organisations that conducted the activity.

ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL	Number of tasks	Area m ²	Number of signs	Number of billboards
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	1	347,800	18	
TUZLANSKI KANTON	4	233,980	51	
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	1	106,040	19	
FEDERACIJA BIH	6	687,820	88	
REPUBLIKA SRPSKA	4	108,000	30	
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	10	795,820	118	
ORGANISATION	Number of tasks	Area m ²	Number of signs	Participation in organisation
NVO PRO VITA	1	347,800	18	44%
UG DEMIRA	2	233,980	19	
NORVEŠKA NARODNA POMOĆ NPA	4	108,000	30	
FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION	3	106,040	51	13%
TOTAL	10	795,820	118	100%

Table 12: Review of permanent marking activities

4. MINE/ERW/CLUSTER MUNITION AWARENESS

During 2017, there were continuous activities on mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness through public dissemination, education of affected groups of population and liaising mine actions with affected community/municipality. The basis of mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness was on the conduct of the activities in affected communities/municipalities with huge suspect areas of III category in priority, i.e. most affected groups of population.

Based on the knowledge of illegal migration on the territory of BiH and in case of increased migration through BiH, Mine Action Centre BiH organised theme meetings in cooperation with Border Police BiH, Norwegian People's Aid (NPA), International Red Cross Committee and Red Cross Society BiH, in order to pre-emptively take measures and warn migrants about mine/ERW/cluster munition threat. Mine Action Centre Regional Offices that are in charge of mine situation in the border parts of BiH conducted the status report and renewal of mine warning signs based on information gained from Border Police BiH about potential migrants' routes. Red Cross Society BiH created the mine warning leaflets with the aim of raising the mine awareness in migrants in case they spend time in municipalities of Trebinje and Ravno. In this reporting period, 24 mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness projects were realised/are being realised, with 20.292 persons

educated on mine threat. Out of the stated, 4 projects deal with cluster munition awareness, with 328 educated persons. Table 13 provides the review of realised mine/ERW/cluster munition awareness projects realised/being realised as per administrative level, implementation and the number of educated persons.

Project title	Administrative level	Organisation	Number of educated persons
UM EUFOR	BiH	EUFOR	16,837
UM Gornji Malešići i Skipovac G.	Tuzlanski Kanton	NPA	198
UM Ularice Ekonomija	Zeničko-Dobojski Kanton	NPA	213
UM Maraton "Trči za ljubav"	Kanton Sarajevo	NPA	52
UM MSP Đelilovac	Srednje-Bosanski Kanton	NPA	34
UM MSP Potkraj	Srednje-Bosanski Kanton	NPA	49
UM MSP Šišava	Srednje-Bosanski Kanton	NPA	70
UM MSP Orah	Hercegovačko-N. Kanton	NPA	31
UM MSP Jošanica-Turija	Hercegovačko-N. Kanton	EDD training centre BH	24
UKM Dubočani-Velečevo	Unsko-Sanski Kanton	NPA	123
UKM Tešanjka	Zeničko-Dobojski kanton	NPA	84
UKM Livno-Gorica	Kanton 10	NPA	56
UKM Livno-Vidoši	Kanton 10	NPA	65
UM Zaseok	RS - Zvornik	NPA	226
UM Petrovo	RS- Petrovo	NPA	133
UM Porječina	RS- Petrovo	NPA	129
UM Sočkovac	RS- Petrovo	NPA	168
UM Karanovac	RS - Doboj	NPA	251
UM Baljkovica i Crni vrh	RS - Zvornik	NPA	225
UM Zagoni	RS - Bratunac	NPA	46
UM Pećišta-Đogazi	RS - Srebrenica	NPA	119
UM Zvornik	RS - Zvornik	Red Cross Society BH/Red Cross Society RS	966
UM Omerbegovača, Brka i Lipovac	Brčko Distrikt	NVO Posavina bez mina	128
UM LUSG Jarebica	Brčko Distrikt	NVO Posavina bez mina	65
TOTAL			20,292

Table 13: Review of realised mine/ERW/cluster munition projects

5. MINE/ERW/CLUSTER MUNITION VICTIMS' ASSISTANCE

During 2017, the process of establishment of the Coordination body of Bosnia and Herzegovina for mine/ERW/cluster munition victims' assistance has been finalized; the Decision on establishment by the Council of Ministers in BiH is expected by the beginning of 2018. In this reporting period, there has been a continuous update of the data base BHMAIS, which was at disposal to all the parties in accordance to the Law on Personal Data Protection in BiH. During 2017, 4 mine/ERW/cluster munition victims' assistance projects were realised with assistance provided to 90 direct users. Amputees Association RS „UDAS“ realised the project in the domain of physio therapy for 9 users, and in the domain of social inclusion, the program of education has been realised based on the Convention on Disabled Persons Rights, through 75 visits paid to mine/ERW/cluster munition victims. The stated organisation also organised a theme public debate: „Minimum social security and equal opportunities“. NGO „Stop Mines“ conducted a one-time assistance for one mine/ERW/cluster munition victim through 5000 BAM loan without interest; in the domain of professional rehabilitation, one-time assistance was provided for 10 mine/ERW/cluster munition victims through grants of 3.460 BAM. Table 14 below shows the realised projects of mine/ERW/cluster munition victims' assistance.

Project title	Organisation	Number of users
Physio therapy	UDAS	9
Social inclusion	UDAS	75
Sustainable professional rehabilitation	NGO STOP MINES	1
Lump sum financial assistance	NGO STOP MINES	5
TOTAL		90

Table 14: Review of realised projects of mine/ERW/cluster munition victims' assistance

In 2017, the Delegation of European Union in BiH supported the project “Social and economic enhancement of mine victims and their families through acquisition of tools, technical equipment, training in small business and technical support” in: Konjic, Lukavac, Travnik, Donji Vakuf, Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Doboje, Stanari, Zvornik, Čajnice and Bosanska Krupa. In 2018, the project will be implemented by the organisation World Vision BiH and Amputees Association RS “UDAS”, and it will include 50 direct users – mine/ERW/cluster munition victims. Also, Delegation of the European Union in BiH commenced the activities in the support of the project “Earn – not Given”, to be realised in 2018 by the organisation ASB. The value of stated projects is 700.000 EU.

6. QUALITY ASSURANCE

In 2017, 1159 certificates and 109 accreditations have been issued for mine action in BiH. Quality Control inspectors from Mine Action Centre BiH have conducted 3,076 technical inspections at 225 tasks (38% out of plan – 8,000 technical inspections), out of which: 1,851 inspections on 184 technical survey and mine clearance tasks, 1,074 inspections of 17 MSA with technical survey activities with targeted and systematic investigation and mine clearance, 122 inspections at 14 tasks of technical survey and cluster munition clearance and 29 inspections at 10 mine awareness activities. Four Resolutions for technical survey operations (2) and mine clearance (2). Table 15 provides a review of technical inspection per operations.

Technical survey and mine clearance			Technical survey and mine clearance (MSA)			Technical survey and cluster munition clearance			Mine awareness			Total number of inspections
Number of inspected tasks	Number of inspections	Inspection/Task	Number of inspected MSA	Number of inspections	Inspection/Task	Number of inspected tasks	Number of inspections	Inspection/Task	Number of inspected activities	Number of inspections	Inspection/Activity	
184	1,851	10.1	17	1,074	63.2	14	122	8.7	10	29	2.9	3,076

Table 15: Efficiency and productivity of technical inspection

In order to acquire or renew accreditation, as a part of annual review, 296 metal detectors were tested in 14 organisations (99% out of the plan – 300 metal detectors), with stated operability for 282 tested metal detectors. In 12 organisations, 107 EDD teams were tested (107% out of plan – 100 EDD teams), where 98 EDD teams passed the test. In 4 organisations, four operability checks were conducted on machines (67% out of plan – 6 checks of machines' operability) where four machines passed the test. In order to acquire or renew the accreditation, i.e. to purchase new equipment, 21 tests were conducted in 9 organisations stating the operability of equipment and tools. Table 16 shows the conduct of the plan for testing of the resources.

Testing of metal detectors			Testing of EDDs			Testing of machines		
Planned	Realised	Realisation	Planned	Realised	Realisation	Planned	Realised	Realisation
300	296	99%	100	107	107%	6	4	67%

Table 16: Review of the testing of the resources

In 2017, Mine Action Centre BiH prepared the drafts of Standard Operational Procedures for non-technical survey, opening and follow-up of working tasks; it is expected that the Demining Commission in BiH will adopt it by the beginning of 2018.

7. TRAINING

A high standard of training is one of the key steps in the process of efficient and safe mine action in Bosnia and Herzegovina. In this reporting period, 17 accredited organisations conducted regular training and special retraining for 1.056 members of operational staff engaged in mine action, in accordance to Chapter I – Training, Standard for Mine Clearance and EOD Operations in BiH. In 2017, 246 members of the operational staff from 7 accredited organisations have successfully passed mine action training within 10 courses. Table 17 shows the mine action courses held as per organisation and the type of training.

Organisation	Operator of the soil preparation machine	EDD team trainer	Forming of EDD team	Dog handler	CQ inspector	House clearance	Basic demining course	Removal of cluster munition	EOD operator	EOD team leader
MINE ACTION CENTRE BH					4		3			
ARMED FORCES BH	19				21	15	56	21	39	
REPUBLIC ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION RS										11
NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID NPA			7	5		7		11		
STOP MINES			2							
EDD training centre		2	9							
PRO VITA							14			
GRAND TOTAL	19	2	18	5	25	22	73	32	39	11
	246									

Table 17: Review of realised training

7.1. Specific projects – „Mine Threat – General Assessment – New Approach, Strategic Leap.“

In 2017, activities commenced on the realisation of the project „Mine Threat – General Assessment – New Approach – Strategic Leap 2019“ which is financed through European Union grant totalling 1.100.000 EU. It will be implemented by Mine Action Centre BiH, Armed Forces BiH and Norwegian People's Aid (NPA) in the period of 2018-2019. The aim of this project is the increase of efficiency in mine action in BiH through the implementation of improved mine threat general assessment and their impact for affected communities. The stated project should conduct the assessment of suspect hazardous areas which are compatible with “Land Release” concept in order to create a baseline for realistic planning in mine action for the realisation of Strategy in Mine Action 2018-2025 and preparation of final request for fulfilment of BiH obligations per Article 5 of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction.

8. ADVOCACY AND INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Anent the 4th of April – International Mine Awareness Day, Mine Action Centre BiH supported the global campaign “Together Against Mines” in order to raise mine awareness; health and preschool organisations also took part, as well as primary and secondary schools, sports organisations and others. Also, within the event “Toward a Mine-free World – Make Every Step Safe” organised by Mine Action Centre BiH, with the support of Demining Commission in BiH and the Ministry of Civil Affairs in BiH, and the cooperation with accredited mine action organisations in BiH, a set of presentations and demonstrations was held for public in front of Parliamentary Assembly BiH. Apart from stated activities, there was also a theme meeting held in order to inform the public about all the aspects of current mine situation in BiH. Demining Commission in BiH and Mine Action Centre organised a joint press release for August 10 in order to mark the twentieth anniversary of Her Royal Majesty Princess Diana visiting the demining structures in BiH. In November 2017, Board of Donors’ meeting was held with the theme: “Future of mine action in BiH – possibilities, challenges and deadlines” where the key mine action actors in BiH participated. Within the delegation of BiH, Mine Action Centre BiH representatives took active part at the 20th meeting of Mine Action Centre directors and UN advisors, Intersessional meeting of states members of the “Ottawa Treaty” held in Geneva and 16th meeting of the states signatories of “Ottawa Convention” in Vienna; at the margins was a side–event held about the support to mine action projects in BiH. Event was organised by Mine Action Centre BiH in cooperation with the Implementation Support Unit (ISU) and European Union. Apart from that, the representatives of Mine Action Centre BiH participated at 27th SEEMAC meeting held within the 14th International Symposium on Humanitarian Demining in Biograd, the conference organised to mark 20th Anniversary of the Ottawa Convention in Zagreb, regional workshop Evaluation of the results of projects technical survey with targeted investigation in Sarajevo; they also participated in “Land Release” workshop – Challenges and perspectives, organised by GICHD also in Sarajevo. In this reporting period, the Council of Ministers in BiH defined the proposition of Law on amendments to the Demining Law in BiH. Via Ministry of Civil Affairs, the proposition was forwarded to the Parliamentary Assembly of BiH for a regular parliamentary adoption procedure. In cooperation with Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) and Mine Action Centre BiH, a draft of Strategy in Mine Action 2018–2025 was created, to be adopted by the beginning for 2018. In cooperation with the Ottawa Convention Implementation Support Unit (ISU), Mine Action Centre BiH prepared the draft of interim extension request pertaining Article 5 of Ottawa Treaty for BiH to deliver it no later than March 2018. In this reporting period, Mine Action Centre BiH was at disposal to representatives of local and international media in order to disseminate information about mine/ERW/cluster munition problem in BiH. In

2017, the web page: www.bhmac.org has been serving the public as information source for all significant aspects of mine action in BiH.

9. ANALYSIS AND PRODUCTIVITY OF OPERATIONAL CAPACITIES

During 2017, there were 26 organisations accredited for mine action in BiH, out of which: 5 government organisations (Armed Forces BiH, Federal Administration for Civil Protection, Republic of Srpska Administration for Civil Protection, Civil Protection Brčko District and Red Cross Society BiH), 9 commercial organisations (8 national and 1 international) and 12 nongovernment organisations (10 national and 2 international). Within accredited organisations, 1.056 persons were engaged who possess the accreditation and licence for work in mine action activities, i.e. 792 deminers and 264 persons authorised for the conduct of managerial and supervision tasks (team leaders, site leaders, operational officers, quality assurance officers, EDD teams trainers, dog handlers, operators etc.). Table 18 shows the sources accredited for technical survey and mine clearance per accredited organisations.

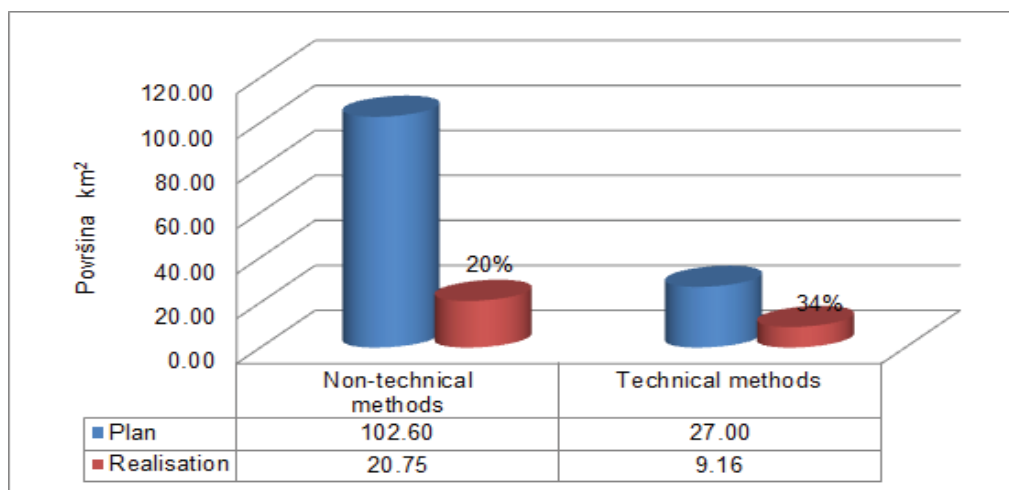
Accredited organisation		Number of machines	Number of dogs	Number of detectors
Government organisations	ARMED FORCES BH	5	25	284
	FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION FBIH	6	6	138
	REPUBLIC ADMINISTRATION OF CIVIL PROTECTION RS	5	3	51
	CIVIL PROTECTION BRČKO DISTRICT	0	0	12
	UKUPNO	16	34	485
Non-government organisations	NORWEGIAN PEOPLE'S AID(NPA)	6	13	192
	NGO STOP MINES	2	4	118
	NVO PRO VITA	1	2	70
	UG DEMIRA	1	2	42
	UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA UEM	1	2	32
	DOK-ING DEMINIRANJE N.H.O.	1	0	52
	Udruga "Pazi mine Vitez"	1	0	35
	UG EKO DEM	1	0	24
	SVIJET BEZ MINA	1	0	10
	The Mines Advisory Group MAG	0	2	28
	EDD DOG TRAINING CENTRE	0	0	21
	TOTAL	15	25	624
Commercial organisations	N&N IVSA	2	4	78
	UEM d.o.o.	1	2	30
	DETEKTOR	1	2	38
	POINT d.o.o.	1	2	30
	MINEMON d.o.o. Pale	0	0	8
	EKSPLORING	0	0	5
	TROTIL d.o.o Sarajevo	0	0	7
	TOTAL	5	10	196
GRAND TOTAL		36	69	1,305

Table 18: Review of accredited resources

Based on accredited resources and in accordance to the Standard of Mine Clearance and EOD Operations in BiH, the possible annual productivity in technical survey and mine clearance is 40 km². In 2017, the average operational capacity utilisation, i.e. technical survey and mine clearance resources, was below 30%.

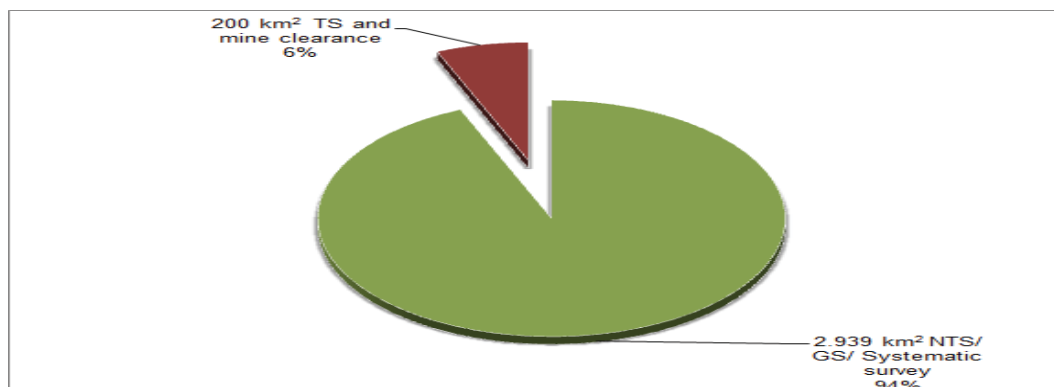
10. ELIMINATION OF RISK

In 2017, suspect hazardous area was reduced by 29,91 km² (23% out of plan – 129,60 km²). Non-technical methods (systematic and general/non-technical survey) conducted by Mine Action Centre BiH cancelled 20,75 km² (20% out of plan – 102,60 km²), while technical methods (technical survey and mine clearance) conducted by accredited organisations, reduced and cleared 9,16 km² (34% out of the plan – 27,0 km²). Graph 9 shows the review of suspect area reduction per method in 2017, while graph 10 shows the review of suspect area reduction for the period of 1996-2017.



Graph 9: Reduction of the suspect area per method

From the beginning of mine action in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1996, suspect hazardous area has been reduced by 3.139 km². Out of that, Mine Action Centre BH reduced 2.939 km² (94%) through non-technical methods (systematic and general/non-technical survey), while accredited organisations used technical methods (technical survey and mine clearance) and achieved 200 km² reduction (6%).



Graph 10: Reduction of the suspect hazardous area per methods, 1996-2017.

11. FINANCE

In 2017, according to available Mine Action Centre in BiH, funds totalling 32.299.553 BAM or 78% out of plan – 41.425.000 BAM, were spent on mine action. Out of that, national resources totalled 17.529.053 BAM or 54%, and international (donors'), 14.770.500 BAM or 46%. Table 19 below shows the data about financing per investor and mine action.

SOURCE	INSTITUTION/ORGANISATION	SUM (BAM)	Mine clearance	Technical survey	Targeted and systematic investigation in TS and mine clearance	Clearance and TS of cluster munition	Mine awareness	Mine victims assistance	General survey/quality assurance	Advocacy	Other
National BiH resources	Council of Ministers BH (Mine Action Centre BH)	5,557,539							5,557,539		
	Council of Ministers (Ministry of Defence BH)	2,902,083		2,902,083							
	Council of Ministers BH (Ministry for Civil Affairs BH)	76,033									76,033
	Federal BH Government (CP Administration, Federation BH)	3,991,523		3,991,523							
	RS Government (CP Administration, RS)	2,682,000		2,682,000							
	Brčko District Government, BH	531,838		506,838			25,000				
	JP Ceste Federacije BiH	91,413	91,413								
	Lukavac municipality	24,954		19,954				5,000			
	Gornji Vakuf/Uskoplje municipality	23,982		23,982							
	UDAS	10,446						10,446			
	JP Elektroprivreda BiH	3,905		3,905							
International resources	JKP Komunalac Hadžići	2,337	2,337								
	ŠGD Hercegbosanske šume d.o.o. Kupres	1,631,000	430,000		1,201,000						
	NPA (International donors)	5,392,005	4,190,365		251,133	565,566	53,590			51,336	280,015
	(ITF) Enhancing Human Security	4,899,879	1,407,767	2,346,168	527,452			206,249			412,243
	Delegation of European Union in BH	1,368,500						1,368,500			
	Embassy of Japan	798,930	798,930								
	Embassy of United States	765,052			765,052						
	Great Britain	731,464			731,464						
	World without mines - Switzerland	232,355	232,355								
	Ambasada SR Njemačke	195,500						195,500			
	Marshall Legacy Institute SAD	183,600			183,600						
	Embassy of Austria	76,500			76,500						
	International Committee of Red Cross	54,730					53,860	870			
	UNDP	40,200									40,200
	EUFOR	31,785					31,785				
TOTAL		32,299,553		21,734,821		565,566	164,235	1,786,565	5,557,539	51,336	808,491

Table 19: Review of financing in mine action

CONCLUSION

The level of completion of operational activities in 2017 is mutually consequential to the realisation of humanitarian demining operations (technical survey and mine clearance) and they are directly dependent on availability of financial means from national, donors' and additional resources (the completion of finance plan in mine action in 2017 was 78%).

Stated facts directly influenced certain blockage of contaminated areas and inability of suspect hazardous area reduction, i.e. preparation of projects for further (primarily) mine clearance operations. The reason for aberration from the plan is also presented in almost exhausted possibilities for suspect hazardous area reduction in accordance to Standard Operational Procedures for general and systematic survey (SOP), i.e. exhausted possibilities for qualification of the surveyed area for further mine clearance operations. In relation to that, and in order to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the process, Mine Action Centre BiH formed two expert groups in 2017 and started creating the Standing Operational Procedure (SOP) for non-technical survey, follow-up and opening of working tasks. The activity is completed as a draft. The stated acts are expected to be adopted by the Demining Commission in BiH by the beginning of 2018. The level of completion of the realisation of operational activities of Mine Action Centre BiH was also affected by the engagement of operational staff on the conduct of special operational, i.e. terrain activities not defined by Operational Mine Action Plan in BiH for 2017, and per requests from legal entities and natural persons. Activities of technical supervision/inspection were conducted at all mine action tasks during 2017. The realisation is also lowered due to the lack of financial means for technical survey operations and mine clearance where technical supervisions/inspections were conducted.

During the first quarter in 2018, Mine Action Centre BiH will conduct a detailed analysis of all the factors that were influencing the aberration from the planned results and remove them as soon as possible, within their authority.

REPORTING FORMS

pursuant to the Decision of the Third CCW Review Conference on the establishment of a Compliance mechanism applicable to the Convention, as contained in its Final Declaration, Annex II, Paragraph 5 (CCW/CONF.III/11, Part II)

NAME OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

PARTY TO:

- × Protocol I (Protocol on Non-Detectable Fragments)
- × Protocol II (Protocol on Mines Booby-Traps and Other Devices)
- × Amended Protocol II (amended Protocol on Mines Booby-Traps and Other Devices)
- × Protocol III (Protocol on Incendiary Weapons)
- × Protocol IV (Protocol on Blinding Laser Weapons)
- × Protocol V (Protocol on Explosive Remnants of War)

ACCEDED TO:

- × the amendment to Article 1 of the Convention

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 31/03/2018

(NOTE: the recommended deadline for submission of the national reports was fixed by the 2007 Meeting of the High Contracting Parties at 1 October of each calendar year)

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT¹ (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of BH/ Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 281 246; +387 33 227 156;
Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH/The Demining Commission of BH/BHMAC

Tel/Fax No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmac.org
Ministry of Defense of BH/Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 285 627; + 387 33 206 094

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

☐ NO

X Partially, only the following forms: A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐

NOTE: unless otherwise indicated all reports will be made public.

¹ Please indicate individually for the CCW and each Protocol (if different).

Note: Pursuant to paragraph 5 of the above Decision the High Contracting Parties have agreed “to provide information to the Secretary-General in advance of the Meeting, which will be circulated by the Secretary-General to all the High Contracting Parties, on any of the following matters:

- (a) Dissemination of information on the Convention and its annexed Protocols to their armed forces and to the civilian population;
- (b) Steps taken to meet the relevant technical requirements of the Convention and its annexed Protocols and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;
- (c) Legislation related to the Convention and its annexed Protocols;
- (d) Measures taken on technical co-operation and assistance; and
- (e) Other relevant matters.”

Each of the items listed above are provided as separate individual forms to be filled out by each High Contracting Party accordingly.

REPORTING PERIOD: January 2017 to December 2017

Form E: Other relevant matters: ☐ changed
☒ unchanged (last reporting: **2012**)

NOTE: This Summary Sheet may be used only after the High Contracting Party has submitted its first national report pursuant to the Decision of the Third CCW Review Conference. Only the reporting forms which are indicated as „changed“ have to be submitted thereafter together with the Cover page and the Summary Sheet.

Form A Dissemination of information

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (a) Dissemination of information on the Convention and its annexed Protocols to their armed forces and to the civilian population;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017]

☐ additional information of dissemination of information on CCW Amended Protocol II to Armed Forces and civilian population is contained in the National Annual Report for [2017], provided in accordance with paragraph 4(a) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

☐ additional information on dissemination of information on CCW Protocol V is contained in the National Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Information to the armed forces, including the extent to which the CCW and its Protocols are part of military manuals and the training curriculum of its armed forces:

Information to the civilian population, including information on any programs, courses or documentation to disseminate the CCW to non-military audiences

Ratified Conventions/Protocols from the Mine Action domain by Bosnia and Herzegovina have been published in the Official Gazettes of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which treat International agreements. Dissemination of information about the CCW and its protocols to civilian population also includes mine risk education (MRE) activities.

Mine Risk Education implies mine action with a main aim to raise public consciousness, diminish number of victims and point out the long term of mine hazard through education, information through media or directly. Mine Action Centre Bosnia and Herzegovina has a coordinating role, where it is responsible for Mine Awareness managers training as well as creation of standards, while accredited organizations are responsible for the implementation of the task.

Mine Risk Education had its key role in implementation of Mine Action Plans for mine / UXO impacted municipalities, and within their tasks MRE projects were realized, i.e. projects of emergency and permanent marking, as well as placing mine situation information panels/billboards.

In 2017 the process of formalizing the establishment of BiH Coordination Body for mine/cluster munition/ERW victims assistance was completed and the adoption of the Decision on its establishment by the Council of Ministers of BiH is expected in the first quarter of 2018. In the reporting period, the BHMAIS database was continuously updated and it was available to all interested parties in accordance with the

Law on the Protection of Personal Data of BiH. In 2017, there were implemented 4 projects for mine/cluster munition/ERW victims assistance with 90 direct beneficiaries receiving assistance. The Association of Amputers of Republic of Srpska "UDAS" implemented a project for assistance in the field of physical therapy for 9 beneficiaries, while in the field of social inclusion a training program was implemented according to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and 75 home visits were made to the victims of mine/cluster munition/ERW.

In 2017 the Delegation of the European Union to BiH supported the project "Socio-economic empowerment of mine victims and their families through the program of procurement of tools, technical equipment, training in small business management and expert and technical support" in the following municipalities: Konjic, Lukavac, Travnik, Donji Vakuf, Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Doboj, Stanari, Zvornik, Čajniče and Bosanka Krupa. The project will be implemented in 2018 by World Vision BiH and the Association of Amputers of Republic of Srpska "UDAS", which will include 50 direct beneficiaries of mine/cluster munitions/ERW victims. Also, the Delegation of the European Union to BiH launched activities to support the project "Do not get a profit" which will be implemented in 2018 by the ASB organization. The value of these projects is 700,000 euros.

Any other relevant information:

Members of the Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina through the individual and collective training given basic knowledge of international humanitarian law and the law of armed conflict, including international agreements ratified by B&H. The effect of the AF B&H on the dissemination of information on the Convention among the civilian population carried out over a demining battalion AF B&H through mine risk education activities.

Form B Technical requirements and relevant information

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (b) Steps taken to meet the relevant technical requirements of the Convention and its annexed Protocols and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017]

Demining Law in Bosnia and Herzegovina (Official Gazette: 5/02), Mine Action Centre in Bosnia and Herzegovina has following jurisdictions in the domain of Mine Action:

- a) Maintains and runs the central database on minefields and mapping capacities;
- b) Proposes technical and safety standards as well as standards for quality of conduct of demining operations, proposing certificates for the approval of the Commission;
- c) Proposes proofs on level of qualification for international and domestic demining companies regarding their accreditation, for Commission’s approval;
- d) Proposes training standards for Commission’s approval, while BH MAC will conduct follow up and report on their implementation;
- e) Prepares propositions for demining activities in areas which are located on inter-entity boundary lines (IEBL), for the approval of the Commission;
- f) Prepares working plans and budgets for its activities, as well as its reports and audits, which are to be approved by Commission and submitted to the Board of Donors;
- g) Conducts other activities in accordance to Establishing Act.

Law on defense B&H

Technical requirements

1) Records

Available minefield records were provided to IFOR HQ in 1996 by Entity Armies. In 1998, the said records were consigned to Mine Action Centre Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Mine Action Centre Bosnia and Herzegovina database has 16 699 registered minefield records, which presents a proximity of 60% of total minefields laid.

Technical characteristics of AP mines in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Type	Dimensions	Type of Fuse	Explosive content		Metal content	Colour photograph	Additional information making clearance easier
			Type	Weight in grams			
Anti-personnel anti-magnet mine PMA-1	Box-shape, 14x7x3 cm	No fuse	Pressed trotyl	200	No	Yes	Mines are dug in the testing polygons
Anti-personnel anti-magnet mine - PMA-2	Cylindrical shape 6,5x3,33x2,7 cm	No fuse	Pressed trotyl	70	No	Yes	
Anti-personnel anti-magnet mine - PMA-3	Cylindrical shape 10,4x4 cm	No fuse	Pressed tetryl	35	No	Yes	
Anti-Personnel Fragmentation mine - PMR-2A	Cylindrical shape 6,5x13,2 cm	No fuse	Pressed trotyl	100	Yes	Yes	
AP bounding fragmentation mine -PROM-1	Cylindrical shape 7,5x15,5x10 cm	No fuse	Molted trotyl/ hexolite	420	Yes	Yes	
Directional Fragmentation AP mine -MRUD	Fragmented plate with 650 5,5 mm balls, 23x10x5cm	No fuse	Plastic	900	Yes	Yes	

2) Specifications related to detecting possibility

In Bosnia and Herzegovina, metal detectors are used for detecting mines in minefields.

3) Specifications related to self-destruction and self-disabling

In Bosnia and Herzegovina, there are no indications of mines which have the possibility of self-activation or self-destruction.

4) International signs of minefields and mined areas

Minefields are marked with generally adopted marks. Characteristics of minefield signs have been defined by Standard Operational Procedures for humanitarian demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

□ additional information on steps taken to meet technical requirements of Amended Protocol II and other relevant information pertaining thereto is contained in the National Annual Report for 2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 4(c) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

□ additional information on steps taken to meet technical requirements of Protocol V and other relevant information pertaining thereto is contained in the National Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Steps taken to meet the relevant technical requirements of the Convention and its annexed Protocols

Any other relevant information

In November 1999, Bosnia and Herzegovina has reported the UN Secretary General that all the stockpiles of AP mines (total of 528,949) were destroyed as per Article 3 of the Ottawa Convention.

Current size of mine suspect area is 1.061,3 km², while the size of cluster munition suspect area is 6,47 km². Mine suspect area is reduced for 29,91 km². General survey defined newly surveyed risk/suspect area of 83,16 km², for further humanitarian demining/permanent marking operations and land release activities. Total 190 humanitarian demining tasks were completed, with sampled/demined area of 9,16 km². In humanitarian demining operations 1749 AP mines, 20 AT mines and 797 pieces of UXO were found and destroyed (25 mina/ha). There are 12 realised cluster munition tasks with sampled area of 1,04 km², an 1,246 pieces of UXO found and destroyed. 10 permanent marking projects were realised with the area of 0,72 km², where 118 individual permanent marking signs were places. Quality control inspectors from BH MAC conducted 3.076 technical supervision/inspection. 296 metal detectors, 107 EDD teams and 4 machines were tested. During 2017 four mine incidents took place, one out of suspected area and two mine incidents. In 2017 7 persons got injured out of it 3 killed.

Form C Legislation

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

- (c) Legislation related to the Convention and its annexed Protocols;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017]

Conventions / Protocols from the area of Mine Action are ratified by Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina and published in Official Gazette of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW) on September 1st, 1993.

Protocol I	01.09.1993;
Protocol II	01.09.1993;
Amended Protocol II	07.09.2000;
Protocol III	01.09.1993;
Protocol IV	11.10.2001;
Protocol V	28.11.2007;
Amendment to Article 1	17.03.2008.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on ban, stockpiling, production and transport of anti-personnel mines and their destruction on September 8th 1998.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention Cluster Munitions (CCM) on September 7th 2010.

☐ additional information of legislation related to Amended Protocol II is contained in the National Annual Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 4(d) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

☐ additional information on legislation related to Protocol V is contained in the National Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Legislation, including the status and content of national legislation to prevent and suppress violations of amended Protocol II:

Any other relevant information, including the regulations and policies (other than national legislation) adopted to implement the CCW's obligations and ensure compliance with its Protocols.

Form D Technical cooperation and assistance

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

(d) Measures taken on technical co-operation and assistance;”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017]

☐ additional information of measures taken on international technical information exchange, on international cooperation on mine clearance, and on technical cooperation and assistance is contained in the National Annual Report for [2017], provided in accordance with paragraph 4(e) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

☐ additional information on measures taken on international technical cooperation and assistance is contained in the National Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

International technical co-operation, including relevant experiences in seeking or providing technical assistance and cooperation:

On the occasion of marking April 4th - International Mine Awareness Day, Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Center supported the global campaign "Together Against Mines" to raise awareness of the mine problem, with participation of health and preschool institutions, primary and secondary schools, sports associations and others. Also, as part of the April 4, under the slogan "For Mine Free Land - Every step is safe" by the Mine Action Center in BiH, with the support of Demining Commission in BiH and the Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH, and in cooperation with accredited mine action organizations in BiH, there were held series of presentations and demonstration exercises for the public outside the building of the Parliamentary Assembly of BiH. In addition to the above activities, a thematic meeting was also held to inform the public about all aspects of the current mine situation in BiH. Demining Commission in BiH and the Mine Action Center in BiH organized a joint press conference on August 10th to mark the twenty years since the visit of Her Royal Majesty Princess Diana to the demining structures in BiH. In November 2017, Board of Donors meeting was held on the topic "The Future of Mine Action in BiH - Opportunities, Challenges and Deadlines", where key actors of the mine action program in BiH took part. Representatives of the Mine Action Center in BiH actively participated in the "20th International Meeting of Mine Action Directors and UN Advisors, "the Intersessional Meeting of the Ottawa Convention Member States" held in Geneva and" 16th Meeting of States Parties of the Ottawa Convention" in Vienna. On the margins of Vienna meeting was held a side-event on support for mine action projects in BiH. The event was organized by the Mine Action Center in BiH in cooperation with the Implementation Support Unit to Ottawa Convention (ISU) and the European Union. In addition, the representatives of the Mine Action Center in BiH also participated in "27. SEEMAC meeting ", which was held as part of" 14. International Symposium on Humanitarian Demining "in

Biograd na moru and the Conference on marking" 20 years since the signing of Ottawa Convention" in Zagreb, the regional workshop "Evaluation of the results of technical survey projects with targeted and systematic investigation" organized by Norwegian People's Aid (NPA) in Sarajevo, as well as workshops "Land Release - challenges and perspectives" organized by GICHD, also in Sarajevo. In the reporting period, the Council of Ministers of BiH has established a proposal for the Law on Amendments to the Law on Demining in BiH, which through the Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH was sent to the Parliamentary Assembly of BiH in the regular parliamentary procedure of adoption. In cooperation with Geneva International Center for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) and the Mine Action Center in BiH, a draft of BiH Mine Action Strategy 2018-2025 was prepared and its adoption is expected in early 2018. In cooperation with Implementation Support Unit to Ottawa Convention (ISU), the Mine Action Center in BiH has prepared a Draft of Interim Extension Request under Article 5 of the Ottawa Convention, which Bosnia and Herzegovina is obliged to submit by the end of March 2018. During the reporting period, the Mine Action Center in BiH was at the disposal to representatives of local and international media in order to spread messages on the problem of mine/ERW/cluster munitions in BiH. In 2017, the website: www.bhmac.org was the public information service on all important mine action items in BiH.

Any other relevant information:

Form E Other relevant matters

Paragraph 5 of the Decision on Compliance:

“The High Contracting Parties will provide information [...] on:

(e) Other relevant matters.”

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017]

☐ additional relevant information is contained in the National Annual Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 4(f) of Article 13 of Amended Protocol II.

☐ additional relevant information is contained in the National Report for [2017], provided pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) of Article 10 of Protocol V.

Other relevant matters

-

COVER PAGE OF THE ANNUAL ARTICLE 7 REPORT

NAME OF STATE [PARTY]: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

REPORTING PERIOD: 01.01.2017. to 31.12.2017.

<p>Form A: National implementation measures:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)	<p>Form F: Program of APM destruction:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)		non applicable		
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<p>Form B: Stockpiled anti-personnel mines:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)		non applicable	<p>Form G: APM destroyed:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed		unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)		non applicable
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<p>Form C: Location of mined areas:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed		unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)		non applicable	<p>Form H: Technical characteristics:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)		non applicable
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X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)												
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<p>Form D: APMs retained or transferred:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed		unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)		non applicable	<p>Form I: Warning measures:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed		unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)		non applicable
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<p>Form E: Status of conversion programs:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>unchanged (last reporting: 2015)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed	X	unchanged (last reporting: 2015)		non applicable	<p>Form J: Other Relevant Matters</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 5%;"></td><td>changed</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>non applicable</td></tr> </table>		changed		unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)		non applicable
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	non applicable												

Notes on using the cover page:

1. The cover page can be used as a **complement** to submitting detailed forms adopted at the First and Second Meetings of the States Parties in instances when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as it would be in past reports. That is, when using the cover page, only forms within which there is new information needs to be submitted.

2. The cover page can be used as a **substitute** for submitting detailed forms adopted at the First and Second Meetings of the States Parties only if all of the information to be provided in an annual report is the same as in past reports.

3. If an indication is made on the cover sheet that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form is **unchanged** in relationship to a previous year's form, the **date of submission** of the previous form should be clearly indicated.

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE [PARTY]:

Bosnia and Herzegovina (annual report 2017)

POINT OF CONTACT:

Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH / The Demining Commission of BH / BHMAL, Trg BiH 1 Sarajevo
Tel/Fax. No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmil.org

(Name, organization, telephone, fax, email)

(ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLARIFICATION)

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Measures	Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).
<p>No additional legal, administrative and other measures were taken during 2017 to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited under the Convention.</p> <p>Bosnia and Herzegovina Criminal Law has been annexed to accommodate ban of all the activities prohibited under the Convention.</p>	<p>Criminal Law of Bosnia and Herzegovina enter into force on 1st March 2003.</p> <p>Chapter XVI: Criminal acts against integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina – Article 165;</p> <p>Chapter XVII: Criminal acts against humanity and values protected under international law – Articles 193 and 193 a.</p>

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7. 1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Bosnia and Herzegovina does not own or possess stockpiled anti-personnel mines.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of anti-personnel mines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention. This was reported in November 1999. Total destroyed 460.727 pieces AP mines.

1. Total of stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

2. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered after the deadlines have passed. *(Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan)* *

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

No.	Administrative area	No of minefield records per Administrative level	No of minefield records per Entity/District	No of minefield records per State
I	Federation of BH		11.779	
1.	Central Bosnia Canton	2.195		
2.	Herzegovina-Neretva Canton	948		
3.	Posavina Canton	384		
4.	Sarajevo Canton	1.445		
5.	Canton no.10	448		
6.	Tuzla Canton	2.586		
7.	Una-Sana Canton	1.658		
8.	Zenica-Doboj Canton	1.879		
9.	Bosnian Podrinje Canton	233		
10.	West-Herzegovina Canton	3		
II	Republic of Srpska		4.167	
III	Brcko District		753	
TOTAL	Bosnia and Herzegovina			16.699

Collecting of minefield records in Bosnia and Herzegovina is permanent activities which conducted BHMAL. Peer assessment of BHMAL until to now BHMAL is collected about 70% of minefield records.

1. Areas that contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
4 286 locations in Bosnia and Herzegovina	All types of AP mines	Estimation: 82.000 mines and UXO	1992-1995.	Estimation: 95 km ²

Annex 2 List of CHA in Bosnia and Herzegovina

2. Areas suspected to contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
8 636 locations in Bosnia and Herzegovina	All types of AP mines	Estimation: 82.000 mines and UXO	1992-1995.	Mine suspected area on the end of reporting period in Bosnia and Herzegovina is 1.061 km ² .

Annex 3 List of SHA in Bosnia and Herzegovina

In 2017, Demining Commission in B&H has adopted 3 chapters of the standard: Non-technical survey (in accordance with IMAS 08.10), Technical survey (targeted technical survey and systematic technical survey) (in accordance with IMAS 8.20) and Land release (in accordance with IMAS 7.11).

Additionally, BHMACH has commenced amendments and annexes for all chapters of Standard for Mine Action in Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as Standing Operational Procedures for Humanitarian Demining.

* If necessary, a separate table for each mined area may be provided

In 2017, technical survey were reduced 8,33km² and through clearance operations were cleared 0,83 km². 1,749 anti-personnel mines, 20 anti-tank mines and 797 pieces of ERW were found and destroyed during the stated operations. The average number of mines per hectare is 25mines/ha.

ČIŠĆENJE MINA	Broj zadataka	Zadana površina (m ²)	Očišćena/uzorkovana površina (m ²)	Površina u progresu (m ²)	Pronađeno i uništeno PP mina	Pronađeno i uništeno PT mina	Pronađeno i uništeno ESZR	Učešće administrativnih nivoa u čišćenju mina (%)
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	1	21,237	21,237	0	250	0	31	5%
POSAVSKI KANTON	3	157,803	157,803	0	93	0	109	37%
TUZLANSKI KANTON	7	106,834	73,291	33,543	121	8	31	17%
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	4	41,992	24,252	17,740	54	0	39	6%
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	1	15,033	15,033	0	339	3	39	4%
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	4	124,084	102,419	21,665	119	0	4	24%
KANTON SARAJEVO	5	50,941	26,415	16,640	430	4	212	6%
BOSANSKO PODRINJSKI KANTON	2	7,107	7,107	0	133	0	29	2%
KANTON 10		1,529	1,529	0	24	0	7	0%
FEDERACIJA BIH	27	526,560	429,086	89,588	1,563	15	501	62%
REPUBLIKA SRPSKA	20	278,578	253,194	25,384	169	5	130	37%
DISTRKT BRČKO	1	21,559	4,469	10,308	17	0	166	1%
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	48	826,697	686,749	125,280	1,749	20	797	100%

During 2017, the five mine accident and the two mine incidents were registered in B&H, with 8 victims, out of them 3 mortalities.

Datum	Opština	Aktivnost prilikom stradanja	Mina/kasetna municija/ESZR	Smrtno stradali	Povrijeđeni	Pol	Dob
11.03.2017.	Mostar	Branje bilja	ESZR	-	2	M i Ž	0-18 i 19-60
22.03.2017.	Čelić	Prikupljanje ogrjeva	PT mina	1	-	M	19-60
16.09.2017.	Lukavac	Prikupljanje ogrjeva	PP mina - PROM-1	1	1	M	19-60
05.11.2017.	Oštra Luka	Lov	PP mina - PROM-2	1	-	M	19-60
24.11.2017.	Bratunac	Prikupljanje ogrjeva	ESZR	-	1	M	19-60

Anti-personnel mines victims

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

1a. **Compulsory:** Retained for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

As 31 December 2016, Bosnia and Herzegovina has retained **982 pieces AP** mines for purposes permitted under Article 3 of the Convention (for training mine detection dogs, testing demining machines and education) as follows in the table below.

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Supplementary information	
ARMED FORCES BiH	PMA-1	5	Polygon Barracks "Bozan Simovic"-Capljina Poligon Kasarna Rajlovac	
	PMA-2	26		
	PMA-3	17		
	PMR-2A	16		
	PROM-1	10		
MDDC	PMA -1	2	Training polygon	
			2	
	PMA-2	36	6	
	PMA-3	15	3	
	PMR-2A	9		
	PROM-1	1		
REPUBLIC ADMINISTRATION OF CIVIL	PMA-2	4	Office East Sarajevo	

PROTECTION OF REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA	PMR-2A	1			
BHMAL	PMA-1	25	Polygon Barracks "Bozan Simovic" -Capljina	Polygon-Tilava (E.SA)	BHMAL (Sarajevo)
			11	14	
	PMA-2	35	11	14	10
	PMA-3	46	20	26	
	PMR-2A	10			10
	PROM-1	21	9	12	
STOP MINES	PMA-1	21	Polygon Rakovac, Pale		
	PMA-2	49			
	PMA-3	21			
	PMR-2A	17			
	PMR-3	1			
	PROM-1	7			
PROVITA	PMA-2	10	Warehouse Ortijes-Mukosa, Mostar		
	PMA-3	8			
	PMR-2A	17			
	PROM-1	8			
N&N IVSA	PMR-2A	4	Training polygon Tolisa, Orasje		
	PMA-2	2			
	PMA -3	7			
	PROM-1	1			
	PMA-1	8			
UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA (UEM)	PMA-2	1	Training Polygon Vrancici, Hadzici		
	PMA-1	1			
	PMR-2A	4			
	PMA-3	10			

UDRUŽENJE ZA OBUKU PASA "K9 TRENING TIM"	PMA-1	2	Training Polygon Grabljiva njiva, Vogosca			
	PMA-2	14				
	PMA-3	4				
DETEKTOR	PMA-1	5	Training Polygon Bukovica, Trn, Banja Luka			
	PMA-2	14				
	PMA-3	6				
	PMR-2A	10				
DEMIRA	PMA-1	1	Dog Training Polygon Tolisa, Orasje			
	PMA-2	2				
	PMA-3	6				
	PMR-2A	5				
	PROM-1	2				
NPA	PMA-1	61	Training Polygon Ortiješ, Mostar	Training Polygon Blagovac, Vogosca	Training polygons: Loncari, Donji Zabar	Training polygons in demining area
			21	19	17	4
	PMA-2	81	26	28	23	4
	PMA-3	98	28	26	37	7
	PMR-2A	60	19	14	22	5
	PMR 2A	5	3	2		
	PROM-1	9			9	
	MRUD	2	2			
TOTAL		811				
In November 1999 BiH reported UN General Secretary that it destroyed all the stockpiles of mines, i.e. 460.727 pieces						

1b. *Voluntary information* (Action #54 of Nairobi Action Plan)

Objectives	Activity / Project	Supplementary information <i>(Description of programs or activities, their objectives and progress, types of mines, time period if and when appropriate...)</i>
-	-	“Information on the plans requiring the retention of mines for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance, or mine destruction techniques and report on the actual use of retained mines and the results of such use”

NOTE: Each State Party should provide information on plans and future activities if and when appropriate and reserves the right to modify it at any time

Form D (continued)

No anti-personnel mines were transferred during the previous calendar year for permitted purposes.

2. **Compulsory:** Transferred for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-----			

3. **Compulsory:** Transferred for the purpose of destruction (*Article 3, para.2*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-----	-		

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Bosnia and Herzegovina has no additional information on the conversion or decommissioning of APM product facilities.

Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information
<p>Within Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina:</p> <p>The Bugojno's factory has destroyed all of the equipment used in mine production. Factory itself has reorganized production and is not producing mines, nor is able to produce mines any more.</p> <p>"Igman Konjic" – Konjic, the factory is producing initial ammo but NOT AP mines.</p> <p>"Pobjeda" – Gorazde, the factory is producing initial explosives and ammo but NOT AP mines.</p>	<p>Within Republic Srpska, mine production factories did not exist before the war, or after.</p>	<p>To date the State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has completed the programme appertaining to the conversion or decommissioning of APM production facilities.</p>

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (*Article 4*)

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention, Article 4.

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites	
-	Methods
-	Applicable safety standards
-	Applicable environmental standards

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (*Article 5*)

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites Destruction of mines and UXO is conducted on the discovery site or other place envisaged for that, in accordance with Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	
Destruction of mines and UXO in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted by explosive charge	Methods
Standards as specified in Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Applicable safety standards
Standards in accordance with Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Applicable environmental standards

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has completed the destruction of APMs in accordance with Article 4 of the Convention.

	Quantity	TOTAL	Total per group
AP mines destroyed by BH Armed Forces:		466.427	
Deminers of BH Armed Forces	466.427		
Mine clearance		62,522	
Teams of Civil Protections	7,518		
Others demining companies (mine-explosive devices collected as UXO)	12,193		
Demining teams (Non-governmental organization and commercial companies)	42.811		
Total:			528.949

1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Type	Quantity	Supplementary information
APMs	1,749	-
	-	-
TOTAL	1,749	

Form G (continued)

There have been no new discoveries of AP mines in Bosnia and Herzegovina after deadline expiration.

3. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered and destroyed after the deadlines have passed. (*Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan*)*

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Bosnia and Herzegovina has no additional information on the technical characteristic of anti/personnel mines owned or possessed. Technical characteristics of each AP mine produced ALL DETAILS SUBMITTED IN OUR 2000 REPORT.

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Color photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention.

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Type	Dimensions (cm)	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Color photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
PMA-1	Rectangle 14*7*3	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	200	No	Yes	Mines are buried in polygons for testing
PMA-2	6,5*33*2,7 Cylinder	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	70	No	Yes	
PMA-3	10,4*4 Cylinder	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	35	No	Yes	
PMR-2A	Cylinder 6,5*13,2	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	100	Yes	Yes	
PROM-1	Cylinder 7,5*15,5*10	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	420	Yes	Yes	
MRUD	Fragmentation plate with 650 steel balls with diameter of 5,5 mm (23*10*5)	No fuse	Plastic	900	Yes	Yes	

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

[Narrative:]

In 2017 activities on mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education were continuously carried out through public information, education of impacted groups of residents and linking mine action with the impacted community/municipality. The focus of mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education was to conduct activities in impacted communities/municipalities with large suspected hazardous area of the 3rd priority category, i.e. to the most impacted groups of the population.

Based on the findings of illegal migration on the territory of BiH and in this situation of increased migration through BiH, Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Center organized thematic meetings in cooperation with BiH Border Police, Norwegian People's Aid (NPA), International Committee of the Red Cross and the BiH Red Cross Society in order to take preventive measures to alert migrants to mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education.

Based on the knowledge of regional unit of BiH Border Police on the potential migratory movement routes, regional offices of BiH Mine Action Center responsible for the mine situation in the border regions of BiH have checked condition of the mine signs and renewed a lot of them.

BiH Red Cross Society has produced leaflets on mine threat aimed at raising awareness about the danger of mines to migrants in case of staying in the municipalities of Trebinje and Ravno. During the reporting period, 24 projects on mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education were implemented / in the phase of implementation where 20,292 persons were educated on mine danger. Of the above, 4 projects refer to cluster munitions risk education, where 328 people were educated.

In 2017 there were implemented 10 permanent marking projects when 795,820 m² of suspected hazardous area were marked and 118 individual signs were set up (8% of the plan - 1,500 signs). Table 12. shows the results of permanent marking by administrative levels in BiH and organizations that have carried out the activity.

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

[Narrative / reference to other reports:]

Bosnia and Herzegovina is able to share expertise and experience in Mine Action. Bosnia and Herzegovina is not a position to provide financial assistance to other State Party.

Specific cooperation during 2016 Mine Action Centre realized with the following: EUFOR HQ, Ministry for Foreign Affairs Japan, Ministry of National Defense of Turkey, US State Department-a, Zimbabwe Mine Action Centre, embassies of donor countries in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Slovenia, GICHD-a and James Madison University.

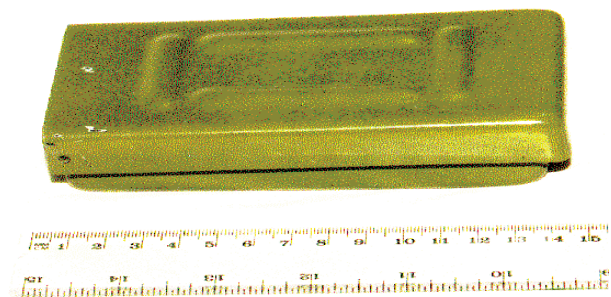
MINE VICTIM ASSISTANCE

In 2017 the process of formalizing the establishment of BiH Coordination Body for mine/cluster munition/ERW victims assistance was completed and the adoption of the Decision on its establishment by the Council of Ministers of BiH is expected in the first quarter of 2018. In the reporting period, the BHMAIS database was continuously updated and it was available to all interested parties in accordance with the Law on the Protection of Personal Data of BiH. In 2017, there were implemented 4 projects for mine/cluster munition/ERW victims assistance with 90 direct beneficiaries receiving assistance. The Association of Amputers of Republic of Srpska "UDAS" implemented a project for assistance in the field of physical therapy for 9 beneficiaries, while in the field of social inclusion a training program was implemented according to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and 75 home visits were made to the victims of mine/cluster munition/ERW.

In 2017 the Delegation of the European Union to BiH supported the project "Socio-economic empowerment of mine victims and their families through the program of procurement of tools, technical equipment, training in small business management and expert and technical support" in the following municipalities: Konjic, Lukavac, Travnik, Donji Vakuf, Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Doboј, Stanari, Zvornik, Čajniče and Bosanka Krupa. The project will be implemented in 2018 by World Vision BiH and the Association of Amputers of Republic of Srpska "UDAS", which will include 50 direct beneficiaries of mine/cluster munitions/ERW victims. Also, the Delegation of the European Union to BiH launched activities to support the project "Do not get a profit" which will be implemented in 2018 by the ASB organization. The value of these projects is 700,000 euros.

ANNEX 1 – PHOTOGRAPHS OF AP MINES IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

PMA – 1



PMA-2



PMA-3



PMR-2A



MRUD

PROM-1

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE [PARTY]:

Bosnia and Herzegovina (annual report 2017)

POINT OF CONTACT:

Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH / The Demining Commission of BH / BHMAL, Trg BiH 1 Sarajevo
Tel/Fax. No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmil.org

(Name, organization, telephone, fax, email)

(ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLARIFICATION)

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Measures	Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).
Bosnia and Herzegovina Criminal Law has been annexed to accommodate ban of all the activities prohibited under the Convention.	Criminal Law of Bosnia and Herzegovina enter into force on 1 st March 2003. Chapter XVI: Criminal acts against integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina – Article 165; Chapter XVII: Criminal acts against humanity and values protected under international law – Articles 193 and 193 a.

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7. 1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention. This was reported in our last report. Detailed figures are as follows.

1. Total of stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

2. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered after the deadlines have passed. *(Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan)* *

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

No.	Administrative area	No of minefield records per Administrative level	No of minefield records per Entity/District	No of minefield records per State
I	Federation of BH		11.779	
1.	Central Bosnia Canton	2.195		
2.	Herzegovina-Neretva Canton	948		
3.	Posavina Canton	384		
4.	Sarajevo Canton	1.445		
5.	Canton no.10	448		
6.	Tuzla Canton	2.586		
7.	Una-Sana Canton	1.658		
8.	Zenica-Doboj Canton	1.879		
9.	Bosnian Podrinje Canton	233		
10.	West-Herzegovina Canton	3		
II	Republic of Srpska		4.167	
III	Brcko District		753	
TOTAL	Bosnia and Herzegovina			16.699

1. Areas that contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
Bosnia and Herzegovina	All types of AP mines	Estimation: 82.000 mines and UXO	1992-1995.	Estimation: 95 km ²

2. Areas suspected to contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
Bosnia and Herzegovina	All types of AP mines	Estimation: 82.000 mines and UXO	1992-1995.	Mine suspected area on the end of reporting period in Bosnia and Herzegovina is 1.061 km ² .

* If necessary, a separate table for each mined area may be provided

ADMINISTRATIVE LEVEL	Suspected hazard area km2
UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON	103.85
POSAVSKI KANTON	17.64
TUZLANSKI KANTON	80.19
ZENIČKO-DOBOJSKI KANTON	120.70
BOSANSKO-PODRINJSKI KANTON	46.87
SREDNJE-BOSANSKI KANTON	123.74
HERCEGOVAČKO-NERETVANSKI KANTON	156.45
ZAPADNO-HERCEGOVAČKI KANTON	0.31
KANTON SARAJEVO	73.40
KANTON 10	86.58
FEDERACIJA BIH	809.73
REPUBLIKA SRPSKA	236.37
DISTRIKT BRČKO	15.22
BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA	1,061.32

In 2017, mine suspect area is reduced by 29,91 km². Humanitarian demining operations reduced 9,16 km² of mine risk area (8,27 km² through technical survey operations and 0,82 km² through clearance operations). Within general and systematic survey operations, 20,75 km² has been declared as area without defined risk.

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

1a. **Compulsory:** Retained for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Supplementary information	
ARMED FORCES BiH	PMA-1	5	Polygon Barracks "Bozan Simovic"-Capljina Poligon Kasarna Rajlovac	
	PMA-2	26		
	PMA-3	17		
	PMR-2A	16		
	PROM-1	10		
MDDC	PMA -1	2	Training polygon	
			2	
	PMA-2	36	6	
	PMA-3	15	3	
	PMR-2A	9		
	PROM-1	1		
REPUBLIC ADMINISTRATION OF CIVIL PROTECTION OF REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA	PMA-2	4	Office East Sarajevo	
	PMR-2A	1		

BHMAC	PMA-1	25	Polygon Barracks "Bozan Simovic" -Capljina	Polygon-Tilava (E.SA)	BHMAC (Sarajevo)
			11	14	
	PMA-2	35	11	14	10
	PMA-3	46	20	26	
	PMR-2A	10			10
	PROM-1	21	9	12	
STOP MINES	PMA-1	21	Polygon Rakovac, Pale		
	PMA-2	49			
	PMA-3	21			
	PMR-2A	17			
	PMR-3	1			
	PROM-1	7			
PROVITA	PMA-2	10	Warehouse Ortijes-Mukosa, Mostar		
	PMA-3	8			
	PMR-2A	17			
	PROM-1	8			
N&N IVSA	PMR-2A	4	Training polygon Tolisa, Orasje		
	PMA-2	2			
	PMA -3	7			
	PROM-1	1			
	PMA-1	8			
UDRUŽENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA (UEM)	PMA-2	1	Training Polygon Vrancici, Hadzici		
	PMA-1	1			
	PMR-2A	4			
	PMA-3	10			
UDRUŽENJE ZA OBUKU PASA "K9 TRENING	PMA-1	2	Training Polygon Grabljiva njiva, Vogosca		

1b. **Voluntary information** (Action #54 of Nairobi Action Plan)

Objectives	Activity / Project	Supplementary information (Description of programs or activities, their objectives and progress, types of mines, time period if and when appropriate...)
-	-	“Information on the plans requiring the retention of mines for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance, or mine destruction techniques and report on the actual use of retained mines and the results of such use”

NOTE: Each State Party should provide information on plans and future activities if and when appropriate and reserves the right to modify it at any time

Form D (continued)

2. **Compulsory:** Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-----			

3. **Compulsory:** Transferred for the purpose of destruction (Article 3, para.2)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-----	-		

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information
<p>Within Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina:</p> <p>The Bugojno's factory has destroyed all of the equipment used in mine production. Factory itself has reorganized production and is not producing mines, nor is able to produce mines any more.</p> <p>"Igman Konjic" – Konjic, the factory is producing initial ammo but NOT AP mines.</p> <p>"Pobjeda" – Gorazde, the factory is producing initial explosives and ammo but NOT AP mines.</p>	<p>Within Republic Srpska, mine production factories did not exist before the war, or after.</p>	<p>To date the State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has completed the programme appertaining to the conversion or decommissioning of APM production facilities.</p>

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (*Article 4*)

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention, Article 4.

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites	
-	Methods
-	Applicable safety standards
-	Applicable environmental standards

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (*Article 5*)

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites Destruction of mines and UXO is conducted on the discovery site or other placed envisaged for that, in accordance with Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	
Destruction of mines and UXO in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted by explosive charge	Methods
Standards as specified in Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Applicable safety standards
Standards in accordance with Standard for Mines and UXO Destruction in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Applicable environmental standards

TYPE OF ORGANIZATION	Number of found and destroyed mines			CLEARED AND TECHNICAL SURVEYED AREA (m ²)
	AP mines	AT mines	UXO	
NON GOVERNMENTAL DEMINING ORGANIZATION	1,158	8	327	2,738,774
COMMERCIAL DEMINING ORGANIZATION	133	4	287	1,117,778
DEMINERS OF BH ARMED FORCES	295	0	77	2,522,434
DEMINERS TEAMS OF CIVIL PROTECTIONS	163	8	106	990,306
TOTAL	1,749	20	797	7,369,292

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	Area demined in 2017	Number of found and destroyed AP mines	Number of found and destroyed AT mines	Number of found and destroyed UXO
FEDERATION OF BH	4,165,354	1,563	15	501
REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA	2,490,964	169	5	130
DISTRICT BRCKO	712,974	17	0	166
TOTAL:	7,369,292	1,749	20	797

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has completed the destruction of APMs in accordance with Article 4 of the Convention.

	Quantity	TOTAL	Total per group
AP mines destroyed by BH Armed Forces:		466.427	
Deminers of BH Armed Forces	466.427		
Mine clearance		62,522	
Teams of Civil Protections	7,518		
Others demining companies (mine-explosive devices collected as UXO)	12,193		
Demining teams (Non-governmental organization and commercial companies)	42.811		
Total:			528.949

1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Type	Quantity	Supplementary information
APMs	1.749	-
	-	-
TOTAL	1.749	

Form G (continued)

There have been no new discoveries of AP mines in Bosnia and Herzegovina after deadline expiration.

3. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered and destroyed after the deadlines have passed. (*Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan*)*

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-		

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

Technical characteristics of each AP mine produced ALL DETAILS SUBMITTED IN OUR 2000 REPORT.

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Color photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The State Party of Bosnia and Herzegovina has destroyed all stocks of landmines except those retained for training purposes as allowed in the Convention.

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Type	Dimensions (cm)	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Color photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
PMA-1	Rectangle 14*7*3	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	200	No	Yes	Mines are buried in polygons for testing
PMA-2	6,5*33*2,7 Cylinder	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	70	No	Yes	
PMA-3	10,4*4 Cylinder	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	35	No	Yes	
PMR-2A	Cylinder 6,5*13,2	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	100	Yes	Yes	
PROM-1	Cylinder 7,5*15,5*10	No fuse	Pressed trotyl (TNT)	420	Yes	Yes	
MRUD	Fragmentation plate with 650 steel balls with diameter of 5,5 mm (23*10*5)	No fuse	Plastic	900	Yes	Yes	

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

[Narrative:]

MINE RISK EDUCATION

In 2017 activities on mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education were continuously carried out through public information, education of impacted groups of residents and linking mine action with the impacted community/municipality. The focus of mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education was to conduct activities in impacted communities/municipalities with large suspected hazardous area of the 3rd priority category, i.e. to the most impacted groups of the population.

Based on the findings of illegal migration on the territory of BiH and in this situation of increased migration through BiH, Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Center organized thematic meetings in cooperation with BiH Border Police, Norwegian People's Aid (NPA), International Committee of the Red Cross and the BiH Red Cross Society in order to take preventive measures to alert migrants to mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education.

Based on the knowledge of regional unit of BiH Border Police on the potential migratory movement routes, regional offices of BiH Mine Action Center responsible for the mine situation in the border regions of BiH have checked condition of the mine signs and renewed a lot of them.

BiH Red Cross Society has produced leaflets on mine threat aimed at raising awareness about the danger of mines to migrants in case of staying in the municipalities of Trebinje and Ravno. During the reporting period, 24 projects on mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education were implemented / in the phase of implementation where 20,292 persons were educated on mine danger. Of the above, 4 projects refer to cluster munitions risk education, where 328 people were educated.

In 2017 there were implemented 10 permanent marking projects when 795,820 m² of suspected hazardous area were marked and 118 individual signs were set up (8% of the plan - 1,500 signs). Table 12. shows the results of permanent marking by administrative levels in BiH and organizations that have carried out the activity.

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: Bosnia and Herzegovina reporting for time period from January 2017 to December 2017

[Narrative / reference to other reports:]

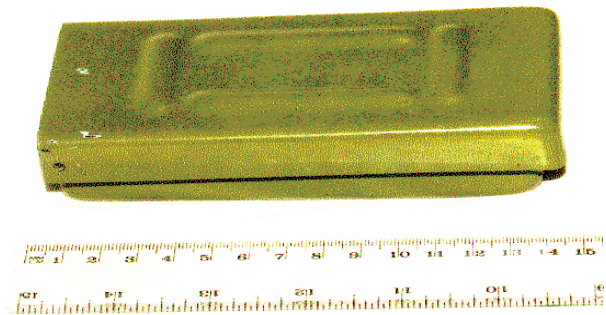
MINE VICTIM ASSISTANCE

In 2017 the process of formalizing the establishment of BiH Coordination Body for mine/cluster munition/ERW victims assistance was completed and the adoption of the Decision on its establishment by the Council of Ministers of BiH is expected in the first quarter of 2018. In the reporting period, the BHMAIS database was continuously updated and it was available to all interested parties in accordance with the Law on the Protection of Personal Data of BiH. In 2017, there were implemented 4 projects for mine/cluster munition/ERW victims assistance with 90 direct beneficiaries receiving assistance. The Association of Amputers of Republic of Srpska "UDAS" implemented a project for assistance in the field of physical therapy for 9 beneficiaries, while in the field of social inclusion a training program was implemented according to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and 75 home visits were made to the victims of mine/cluster munition/ERW.

In 2017 the Delegation of the European Union to BiH supported the project "Socio-economic empowerment of mine victims and their families through the program of procurement of tools, technical equipment, training in small business management and expert and technical support" in the following municipalities: Konjic, Lukavac, Travnik, Donji Vakuf, Bihać, Velika Kladuša, Doboj, Stanari, Zvornik, Čajniče and Bosanka Krupa. The project will be implemented in 2018 by World Vision BiH and the Association of Amputers of Republic of Srpska "UDAS", which will include 50 direct beneficiaries of mine/cluster munitions/ERW victims. Also, the Delegation of the European Union to BiH launched activities to support the project "Do not get a profit" which will be implemented in 2018 by the ASB organization. The value of these projects is 700,000 euros.

ANNEX 1 – PHOTOGRAPHS OF MOST COMMON AP MINES FOUND IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

PMA - 1



PMA-2



PMA-3



PMR-2A



PROM-1



MRUD

- PROTOCOL V -

**REPORTING FORMS
PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 10, PARAGRAPH 2 (b) OF THE PROTOCOL AND THE
DECISION OF THE FIRST CONFERENCE OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING
PARTIES TO PROTOCOL V**

(As adopted by the First Conference at its second plenary meeting on 5 November 2007)

HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of BH/ Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 281 246; +387 33 227 156;
Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH/The Demining Commission of BH/BHMAC;
Tel/Fax No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; info@bhmac.org
Ministry of Defense of BH/Tel/Fax No. + 387 33 285 627; + 387 33 206 094

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 15/05/2017
(dd/mm/yyyy)

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

☒ YES

☐ NO

☐ Partially, only the following forms:

A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☐ H ☐ I ☐

- PROTOCOL V -

FORMA: Steps taken to implement Article 3 of the Protocol: Clearance, removal or destruction of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 3:

Current size of mine suspected area is 1.061 km², which is 2,2% compared to total area of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Through systematic survey operations it was defined 8343 mine suspected micro locations with approximately 79.000 mines/UXOs.

Mine suspected hazardous area in Bosnia and Herzegovina was released for 29,91 km².

Humanitarian demining operations reduced and clearance 9,16 km² of mine risk area.

The coordinative role in the process of humanitarian demining that includes survey of suspected hazardous areas, preparation of projects and technical inspection has been assigned to Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Centre as technical body of Bosnia and Herzegovina Demining Commission and part of Bosnia and Herzegovina Ministry of Civil Affairs.

Organizations of Civil Protection in Bosnia and Herzegovina are specialized for removal of explosive remnants of war.

The contamination of Bosnia and Herzegovina occurred during the conflict in period 1992-1995.

Explosive remnants of war are spread throughout the country, primarily in the area of former confrontation lines.

Presence of explosive remnants of war adversely affects the security of all citizens as well as socio-economic development of the country. Based on the last General Assessment of mine situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina and the scope of the mine problem in the country in 2015, it was identified 1.398 impacted communities. Estimation shows that mines/UXO contaminated locations directly impact safety about of 545,000 persons.

Besides all types of antipersonnel mines, Bosnia and Herzegovina is contaminated by following types of explosive remnants of war: grenades, rifle mines, mortar mines, rockets, artillery shells and missiles, anti-aircraft munition, air bombs, initiators (blasting caps), fuses and cluster submunition.

Removal of explosive remnants of war (ERW) in Bosnia and Herzegovina started in 1996 and since then it has been ongoing activity. Besides governmental organizations, in this complicated process are involved national and international non-governmental organization and commercial companies. In Bosnia and Herzegovina removal of ERW is divided into two levels, precisely it is responsibility of demining teams and teams for removal of explosive remnants of war. Removal of ERW by demining teams is prescribed by the evidence that is submitted together with final documentation of demining task. Removal of ERW under competence EOD teams is prescribed by specific evidence (Combined Report on issued tasks, survey and removal of ERW - Chapter VI of BiH Mine Action Standard (paragraph 4 under d) for each reported UXO (or more of them on single location).

- PROTOCOL V -

Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standards divide responsibility for removal of mines and ERW as follows:

- Demining teams:

AP and AT mines, hand-grenades, rifle grenades, artillery shell – bullets and mortar grenades caliber below 82 mm;

- EOD teams:

All types of artillery shells, aerial bombs and mortar grenades caliber above 82 mm, all type of rockets, all types of ammunition, including cluster bombs KB-1 and KB-2, any composite designed and unrecognisable UXO (with chemical, biological, flare, smoke or other charge) or booby-traps, as well as any other UXO suspected to have piezoelectric fuse.

Destruction of ERW in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted exclusively by detonations. All ERW is destroyed on-site where it was found, except if jeopardizes people or in a case of unacceptable material damage that could not be prevented applying adequate protection measures.

At the end of 2017, there were 26 accredited organisations for mine action in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Out of this number, there are 5 government organisations (Armed Forces, Civil Protections from Federation and Republic of Srpska and Brcko District, along with the Red Cross Association for Bosnia and Herzegovina) 9 commercial organisations and 12 NGO's. Within accredited organisations, there are currently 1.200 persons engaged, all possessing accreditation for mine action and licence for work. Out of the total number, 900 trained deminers and 300 persons authorised for managerial and monitoring activities within mine action are engaged at the moment.

Accredited organisations currently dispose of following material and technical assets for humanitarian demining:

- ☐ 36 machines;
- ☐ 69 MDD teams for mine – explosive search;
- ☐ 1.305 metal detectors of various types for usage in humanitarian demining operations.

Results of demining teams in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2017

	AP mines	AT mines	ERW
	1 749	20	797
	AP mines	AT mines	ERW
	1 258	46	5899
TOTAL	3007	66	6696
GRAND TOTAL			9769

Review of explosive remnants of war (ERW) removed in 2017 in Bosnia and Herzegovina

- PROTOCOL V -

ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF REMOVED ORDNANCES		
	AP mines	AT mines	ERW
ARMED FORCES OF BIH	295	0	72
CIVIL PROTECTION OF FBIH	100	8	86
CIVIL PROTECTION OF RS	63	0	20
DETEKTOR	4	0	6
DOK-ING demining N.H.O.	89	0	156
N&N IVSA	99	0	202
NGO PRO VITA	408	1	37
NGO STOP MINES	5	0	73
NORWEGIAN PEOPLES AID (NPA)	319	5	31
POINT d.o.o. Brčko	19	0	35
UDRUZENJE ZA ELIMINACIJU MINA (UEM)	15	0	1
UEM d.o.o.	11	4	44
UG DEMIRA	30	0	7
Centar za obuku pasa za otkrivanje mina (MDDC)	117	0	4
UG EKO DEM	9	0	4
MAG	132	0	0
"Pazi mine" Vitez	34	2	14
TOTAL	1 749	20	792

TYPE OF REMOVED ORDNANCES		ORGANIZATIONS				
		CP of FBIH	CP of RS	CP of BRCKO DC (NPA)	TOTAL	
Mines	AP mines	965	72	21	200	1258
	AT mines	36	4	1	5	46
ERW	Hand grenades	2270	564	41		2914
	Rifle grenades	749	179	13		941
	Rockets, RB and RPG mines	319	66	3		388
	Mortar bombs	460	37	25		522
	Artillery ganades and projectils	671	20	6		697
	Other	17	185	5	39	207
	Cluster munitions/submunitions	106	0		124	230
Fuzes	Fuzes		45	0	24	69
Ammunition < 20 mm			23528	960	0	24448
Total ERW:		5899				

Any other relevant information:

Furthermore, Mine Action Strategy of BiH Armed Forces was developed for the period 2009-2019, defining vision, mission and goals of BiH Armed Forces in the field of mine action.

Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina carry out operations of ERW removal with app. 25% of cities engaged in Bosnia and Herzegovina. They have following resources: 31 manual demining teams, 6 squads for mechanical soil preparation, 4 squads with dogs for detection of explosive 1 general reconnaissance team.

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS

- PROTOCOL V -

FORMB: Steps taken to implement Article 4 of the Protocol: Recording, retaining and transmission of information

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 4 and the Technical Annex:

Last general assesment study on mine situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, completed in 2015 has identified 1 398 communities impaceted by mine/ERW. According to estimation locations contaminated by mines/ERW directly affect safety about of 545,000 persons.

The Law on Demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette BiH" ed.5/02) prescribes organisational structure for survey, clearance and removal of mines and explosive remnants of war on teritory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, authorities responsible for mine action, rights and obligations of persons engaged in demining, as well as monitoring of the law implementation. At the state level, Bosnia and Herzegovina Demining Law regulates Demining Commission as a central body responsible for the longterm conduction of mine action activities and removal of mine danger in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Commission is a part of BH Ministry of Civil Affairs and consists of three members (three nationalities). BHMAL is its technical body, established by the Ministry Council decision in 2002.

BHMAL main responsibilities are location of suspected hazardous areas and its declaration as confirmed or no obvious hazardous areas. Areas declared as CHA are further processed by BHMAL and mine action projects are made for those areas. BHMAL has its central and two main offices (Sarajevo and Banja Luka) and 8 Regional Offices established across the country (Sarajevo, Banja Luka, Pale, Tuzla, Brčko, Mostar, Travnik and Bihać) allowing operational activities to be carried out locally. Their main tasks are location and marking of suspect areas and database daily inputs. Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Centre manage and maintain database on mines/explosive remnants of war removed throught operations of humanitarina demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Organisations of Civil Protections (CP of Federation BiH, CP of Republic of Srpska and CP of District Brcko) manage and maintain database on explosive remnants of war removed throught activities of EOD teams. BHMAL began process for establishment of database that will unify all data on removed explosive remnants of war. Precisly, in this ongoing process organisations of Civil Protections in Bosnia and Herzegovina provide data on removed ERW, out of the evidence (Combined Report defined by paragraph 4 under d) of Chapter VI, BiH Mine Action Standards) on conducted tasks to BHMAL in electronic form every six monhts. Combined Report on issued tasks, survey and removal of explosive remnants of war (enclosure A, chapter VI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standard).

Any other relevant information:

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA MINE ACTION STRATEGY (2009-2019) is adopted by Council of Ministers during its 45th session, held on April 24, 2008 in Sarajevo.

Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Operational Plan in accordance to Article 17, Item 3 of Law Demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette BiH", ed. 5/02) has been approved by De demining Commission in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

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FORMC: Steps taken to implement Article 5 of the Protocol: Other precautions for the protection of the civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 5 and the Technical Annex:

Mine Risk Education in Bosnia and Herzegovina refers to mine action component with the final aim to reduce number of victims and to indicate long term danger by persistent education, media presentation and by raising population awareness. BHMACE organizes trainings for instructors of mine risk education. Integration of mine risk education program within regular education system for primary and secondary schools in Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as distribution of brochures for pupils and teachers are intended to raise awareness and develop their skills so they could become active participants within their communities in reduction of mine/ERW risk.

In 2017 activities on mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education were continuously carried out through public information, education of impacted groups of residents and linking mine action with the impacted community/municipality. The focus of mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education was to conduct activities in impacted communities/municipalities with large suspected hazardous area of the 3rd priority category, i.e. to the most impacted groups of the population.

Based on the findings of illegal migration on the territory of BiH and in this situation of increased migration through BiH, Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Center organized thematic meetings in cooperation with BiH Border Police, Norwegian People's Aid (NPA), International Committee of the Red Cross and the BiH Red Cross Society in order to take preventive measures to alert migrants to mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education.

Based on the knowledge of regional unit of BiH Border Police on the potential migratory movement routes, regional offices of BiH Mine Action Center responsible for the mine situation in the border regions of BiH have checked condition of the mine signs and renewed a lot of them.

BiH Red Cross Society has produced leaflets on mine threat aimed at raising awareness about the danger of mines to migrants in case of staying in the municipalities of Trebinje and Ravno. During the reporting period, 24 projects on mine/ERW/cluster munitions risk education were implemented / in the phase of implementation where 20,292 persons were educated on mine danger. Of the above, 4 projects refer to cluster munitions risk education, where 328 people were educated.

In 2017 there were implemented 10 permanent marking projects when 795,820 m² of suspected hazardous area were marked and 118 individual signs were set up (8% of the plan - 1,500 signs). Table 12. shows the results of permanent marking by administrative levels in BiH and organizations that have carried out the activity.

Urgent marking of risk areas do not imply marking of risk area borders, but placement of mine sign access places to risk areas as warning of present mine and/or UXO danger. Law on Defence in B&H (Official Gazette BiH ed. 88/05), defines in Chapter V natural and other disasters and accidents.

Law on Protection and Rescue of Persons and Material Goods from Natural and Other Disasters in B&H was adopted in 2008. Law on Protection and Rescue of Persons and Material Goods from Natural and Other Disasters (Official Gazette of Federation BiH ed. 39/03 and 22/06) is applicable

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<p>in Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Chapter IX of this Law defines protection from unexploded ordnance (Articles 86 to 89).</p>

Any other relevant information:

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In 2017, there were 4 mines accidents registered. There were 7 victims, amongst them 3 fatalities. 8 389 persons were victims of mine/UXO since 1992.

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FORMD: Steps taken to implement Article 6 of the Protocol: Provisions for the protection of humanitarian missions and organizations from the effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 6:

Every humanitarian missions and organizations which come to Bosnia and Herzegovina, could ask for all relevant information on mine situation in BiH from BHMIC. Basic activities of BHMIC are as following:

1. Central database maintenance;
2. General survey and urgent marking;
3. Planning and preparation of mine action projects and supporting technical documentation;
4. Prioritization of mine action tasks;
5. Short and long term Plans and Reports;
6. Coordination and monitoring of the implementation OF National Mine Action Strategy and Mine Action Plan;
7. Definition of technical and safety standards;
8. Testing and accreditation;
9. Quality assurance;
10. Certification of cleared areas.

Any other relevant information:

n/a

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FORME: Steps taken to implement Article 7 and Article 8 of the Protocol:
Assistance with respect to existing explosive remnants of war and cooperation and assistance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 7 and Article 8:

In 1996, Mine Action Centre was established by United Nations (UNMAC) in order to build a local management structure and operational mine action capacity. In the mid 1998, local structure was established, comprising of the Entity Centers and one central Mine Action Centre (BHMAL). In the first phase, number of humanitarian demining organizations was increased, first national mine action standards were issued, and financial resources were improved, as well as professional training. The adoption of the Law on Demining in 2002, established a central structure, BHMAL at the state level, immediately under the Ministry of Civil Affairs.

Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction was signed on December 3, 1997, ratified on September 8, 1998 and put into force on March 1, 1999.

BiH has, together with another 14 countries, successfully presented the Request for the extension of Article 5 deadline at the 9th Meeting of the State Parties held in Geneva from November 24-28, 2008. Deadline extension was granted to BiH until year of 2019.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW) on September 1st, 1993.

Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices as amended on 3 May 1996 (Protocol II to the 1980 Convention as amended on 3 May 1996) was ratified on September 7, 2000.

Convention on Cluster Munitions was signed on December 3, 2008 and ratified on September 7, 2010.

During 2016, representatives of Mine Action Centre in BiH actively participated at the 19th International Meeting of Mine Action National Programme Directors and UN advisors, 26th SEEMAC meeting held within the 13th International Symposium on Humanitarian Demining.

Any other relevant information:

Co-operation on the level of foreign governments and embassies in BiH,
Co-operation with the European Union (EU) – IPA Program,
Co-operation in the framework of obligations and meetings related to the Ottawa Convention,
Co-operation with countries in the region in the framework of SEEMACC (South Eastern European Mine Action Coordination Council),
Co-operation with the ITF,
Co-operation with UN organizations (UNDP, UNICEF) and the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD),
Co-operation with International Red Cross Committee,

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Co-operation with EUFOR,
Co-operation with all organizations and institutions involved in mine action activities in BiH.

We can offer the following forms of assistance to the international mine action community:

Establishment of the National mine action centre,
Legal, sublegal and normative regulations,
Establishment of mine information system,
Planning system – production of National strategies, annual and operative activity plans,
Education of executors of humanitarian demining operations, mine risk education,
General survey, definition of suspected hazardous area and education of survey teams.

FORME(a): Steps taken by States which have ERW victims to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2): Victim Assistance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January **to** December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2):

n/a

Other relevant information, guided by the Plan of Action on Victim Assistance:

n/a

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FORM F: Steps taken to implement Article 9 of the Protocol: Generic preventive measures

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 9 and the Technical Annex:

a. Munitions manufacturing management

We do not have information at our disposal.

b. Munitions management

Stockpiling and ammunition transport is done in accordance with Guidelines on Stockpiling and ammunition transport, prescribing conditions and measures for safe stockpiling and transport of explosive ordnances. Stockpiling and ammunition transport between military locations is under control of Armed forces. Armed forces do not carry out testing shootings because they do not have the permission for this purpose by NATO HQ and EUFOR. Laboratory research of stockpiled explosive ordnances is not done because BiH Armed Forces do not possess necessary equipment. Therefore, possibility of laboratory research in neighboring countries is being considered. We do not have at our disposal information on periodical test shootings or laboratory tests of stored explosive ordnances.

c. Training

Personnel involved in handling, transportation and use of explosive devices is trained and certificated.

d. Transfer

In the last 6 years there has not been any transfer of arms and ammunition with military stockpiles.

e. Future production

We do not have at our disposal information on experiments for improvement of trustworthiness of explosive ordnances for further production.

Any other relevant information:

In 2016 the AF B&H activities continued in the framework of cooperation with:

NPA in the framework of the Memorandum of Understanding concerning the implementation of the Plan to strengthen the capacity of demining battalion and
EUFOR in the framework of implementation of mine risk education.

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FORMG: Steps taken to implement Article 11 of the Protocol: Compliance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 11:

Standard for mine/UXO clearance and standard for mine risk education as well as standard operational procedures for humanitarian demining and mine risk education in Bosnia and Herzegovina have been developed on the basis of the international mine action standards (IMAS). Chapter VI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standard (drafted on the basis of IMAS) defines removal of ERW in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

There were also established a draft of chapter XVI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Standard for mine/UXOs clearance referring to clearance and technical survey of cluster munitions, a draft of SOP for general survey and new draft of Regulations on insurance of editorials to BIH mine action organizations.

Any other relevant information:

Bosnia and Herzegovina Ministry of Defense is willing, in law framework, and if necessary, to request through competent BH institution issuance of adequate instructions and operative procedures to improve expertise of employees in Ministry of Defense i.e. BH Armed Forces who attended training in accordance to provisions of this Protocol.

In the same time, in frame of our law competence, we confirm that we are ready for cooperation consulting with other parties in order to solve any problem that may arise in interpretation and application method of this Protocol provisions.

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FORMH: Other relevant matters

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2017
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Any other relevant information:

n/a