Ministry of Environment of the Slovak Republic

Milan Chrenko
Director General
Directorate for Environmental Policy, EU and International Relations

Slovakia - basic information

Level of urbanization (2016)

- Urban environment: 53.9%
- Rural environment: 46.1%

Number of independent settlements (2016)

- 2,890

Nationalities (2011)

- Slovak: 80.7%
- Hungarian: 7.7%
- Roma: 2%
- Other: 1.8%
- Unknown: 8%

Population (as at 31.12.2016)

- 5,435,343

Population density: 110.5 inhabitants/km²

Gross domestic product (in €, for the years 2000 and 2016)

- 2000: 41,895
- 2016: 79,037

Environmental performance index (EPI)

- 5th place (2016) – 70.6
- 28th place out of 180 evaluated countries

Source: SAP (2016)
Strategic planning in Slovakia

Agenda 2030 for Sustainable Development
- global commitment

National Priorities
- adapting Agenda 2030 to local conditions

Vision and Development Strategy 2030
- framework for long-term strategic planning and management

Sectoral strategies
- sectoral and cross-cutting strategies with detailed action plans

NIP
- National Investment Plan for completing the strategic infrastructure with a project and resource identification

A Greener Slovakia by 2030
Main measures of the Strategy of Environmental Policy of the Slovak Republic

Uniform management of protected areas, stricter control of logging, transportation, and the trade in wood will improve the protection of habitats.

Non-intervention areas comprising 75% of national parks will create room for natural processes unaffected by human activity.

Attenuation of coal-based electricity and heat production and support of efficient boilers will reduce negative impacts on citizens' health.

Environmental education at schools and for the public will contribute to increased public awareness of the environment.

Circular economy will be based on a greater share of green public procurement, limitation of plastics, extension of the system of deposits and returns for single-use packaging and eco designs.

Motivational system of fees for waste and disadvantaged landfilling will contribute to a higher rate of waste recovery.

7 working groups
160 experts
800 comments
Public participation and transparency

- Adopted February 2019
- Prepared through broad participatory process
- From the beginning of the process, public was informed through the media, social networks and the website of the Ministry
- Public consultation - almost 800 inputs

Cooperation with stakeholders

- Conferences
- Workshops
- Discussions
- Green Tripartite
- Aarhus Convention
- Media relations
- EIA/SEA
- Green Education Fund

27th OSCE Economic & Environmental Forum
International Relations

Multilateral Cooperation

- United Nations
  - UNEP
  - UNECE
  - UNESCO
  - UNDP
- OECD
- OSCE
- World Bank
- Council of Europe
- Visegrad

European Union Relations

- EU Institutions, Agencies & other bodies
  - EU Council
  - Commission
  - Parliament
  - EEA
  - EIB
  - EBRD
  - EEAS
- Eastern Partnership

Environmental Platform

Bilateral Cooperation

- Bilateral Partnerships on Environment
- Slovak Aid
- Eastern Partnership

Meetings
- Memorandums
- Bilateral Commissions
- Projects
- SSE

27th OSCE Economic & Environmental Forum

Good Governance in Environmental Matters

- Security
- Environment
- Rule of Law

Sharing Good Practice and Participation in Activities to Promote the Implementation of Environmental Procedural Rights in OSCE Region

Transparency
- Access to information

Access to Justice
- Public Participation in Decision-Making

Aarhus Convention

27th OSCE Economic & Environmental Forum
Bilateral Development Cooperation

Geographical priorities: Western Balkans, Eastern Partnership countries, East Africa

Sectoral Priorities: water and waste management, climate change

Instruments:
• Bilateral projects through MFEA SR schemes - ODA
• SSE – Sharing Slovak Experience
• Individual projects of the Ministry of Environment – study visits of representatives of partner institutions

Thank you!

www.minzp.sk  milan.chrenko@enviro.gov.sk

27th OSCE Economic & Environmental Forum