

Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe Secretariat

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Conference Services

Please find attached the power point presentation by Mr. Bernard Snoy, Co-ordinator of OSCE Economic and Environmental Activities, delivered to Session IV (*OSCE transport activities and their contribution to confidence building and the solution of unresolved conflicts: needs assessments and other OSCE supported activities in conflict and post conflict situations, i.e. South Caucasus, Moldova/Transdniestrian region, etc.*), of the 14th OSCE Economic Forum, Part 2, Prague, 22-24 May 2006.

14th OSCE Economic Forum Plenary Session IV

OSCE transport activities and their contribution to confidence-building and the solution of unresolved conflicts

Bernard Snoy
OSCE Coordinator of Economic
and Environmental Activities

Transport and Conflict resolution

- Resolution of conflicts can lead to a further development of trade and transport in the region
- ...Inversely...
- Can one develop the transport sector in a way that is conducive to conflict resolution?

Effect of conflicts on transport

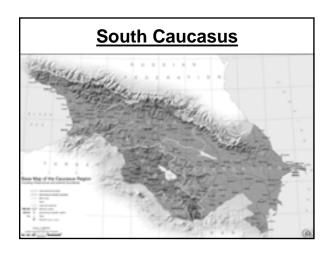
- Increases cost of imports and exports to the point of making some economic activities unviable / Reduces competitiveness
- Leads to loss of income associated with transit activities
- Prevents recognized states in the region from controlling their own borders and raising custom duties

Effect of conflicts on transport

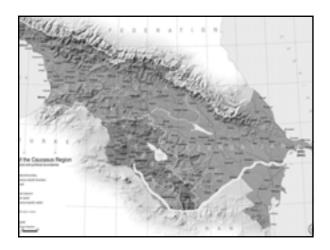
- Serious implication for North-South and East-West transport and trade routes
- Higher transport costs for goods that were transiting through the region

Examples (source: World Bank)

- first 700 km of the 2200 km between Yerevan and Moscow account for 80% of the total cost of moving a consignment;
- moving a container from Bandar Abbas (Iran) to Baku takes 10-12 days by road and costs \$700-800, while
- moving the same container from Baku to Poti (Georgia) takes only 3-5 days by road but costs \$2200;
- movement of refrigerated food from Riga to Uzbekistan is \$100 per ton cheaper than an equivalent movement from Poti to Uzbekistan



Baku-Yerevan railway and road along the Arax river, passing through the South Eastern part of Armenia and Nakhchivan

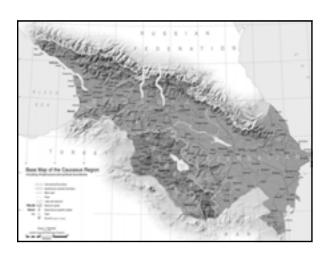


Road from Agdam to Nakhchivan, through Nagorno-Karabakh, the Lachin corridor and Goris

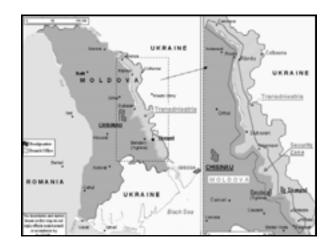


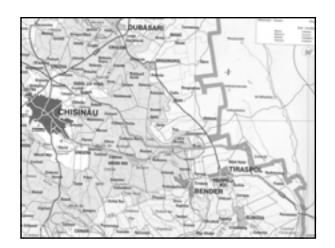
Trans-Caucasian corridors

- Georgia-Russia railway and road via Abkhazia
- Roki tunnel
- Georgian Military Highway



Moldova: Gura-Bicului Bridge









What complementary role could the OSCE play?

- **Monitoring developments:** OCEEA, field presences, together with organisations such as the World Bank, the EBRD, EURASEC, BSEC, TRACECA, etc.
- Needs assessment in the area of transports (if not covered by UN-ECE e.g.):

 such an assessment was conducted for South Ossetia
 - similar ones could be undertaken in other areas
- Identification of independent experts, to make analysis of the economic opportunity cost and formulate suggestions
- Co-operate with other international organsiations on **other issues**, e.g. :

 - improving security and governance and
 enhancing capacities in the Ministries of Transport

..until a window of opportunity opens...