20^{TH} OSCE ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL FORUM CONCLUDING MEETING

Prague, 12-14 September 2012

Opening Session

Mr. Richard Boucher, OECD

EEF.DEL/64/12 13 September 2012

ENGLISH only

20TH OSCE ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL FORUM

"Promoting Security and Stability through Good Governance"

Prague 12 September 2012

OPENING REMARKS

- Minister Dub, Minister Hayes, Minister Svilanovic, President Mrcela -- thank you for inviting me to join you at this important meeting.
- I am especially glad to be here because it's like coming home. I have great respect for the OSCE since 25 years ago I was OSCE desk officer at the state department, backstopping the Vienna negotiations.
- Looking at world economy global growth has slowed, including in emerging market economies Trade has weakened Unemployment is high and rising.
 - O Lack of confidence from euro area crisis is spreading. Adjustment in the euro area is slow and proving costly. Recession is "taking hold" in the Eurozone.
 - o Now have multiple speeds. Loss of momentum may persist.
- Globally, we need to look for new ways to deal with these troubles.
- This is not only about restoring old markets. We also need new sources of growth.
- That's what we're doing at the OECD, where we are working on **new ideas**, with **new partners** in **new ways.**
- OECD is **expanding**: 34 member countries; 5 key partners; 1 accession partner; 6 regional programs
- **Now at OECD,** we already bring together Governance + Social Policy + Economic Policy
 - O You're familiar with our work PISA; Structural Reforms, green growth, innovation policy, health policy.
- At the same time, we're pushing into **new areas, new growth, new understanding,** such as
 - 1. Global Value Chains:
 - 2. Modern skills and other knowledge based assets form the foundation of individual success and national competitiveness.
 - 3. <u>Better Life</u> we don't live by growth alone.
 - 4. Overcoming inequality, integrating gender factors into our recommendations, and taking into account the "distributional effects" of reforms.

- All this rolls into a new look, a project we're calling New Approaches to Economic Challenges: learning the lessons from crisis; better understand the links between financial markets and real economy; look at economic growth, imbalances and adjustments, at rising inequality, how these production networks feed consumption, new poles of growth and savings in the world economy.
- Along with new perspectives and policy recommendations, there is an **urgent need** to make sure our institutions provide the firm foundation for the revival of our economies. **Good governance, fair regulations, transparency** in markets and government are critical in spurring long-term growth. This is an essential piece of the puzzle.
- To a great extent, the crisis dramatized the dangers of captured markets, back room deals, graft, corruption, of protecting the privileged -- all of which kill opportunity for ordinary citizens and entrepreneurs as they distort competition.
- Revolutions in the street show that citizens' tolerance for corruption is coming to an end: Occupy Wall Street, Arab spring, demonstrations in India & China, shareholder challenges.
 - O At the same time, tight budget constraints are pushing governments and companies to stop waste and use available resources more efficiently.
- OECD works with companies and governments around the world to support clean business and good governance.
- **Anti-Bribery Convention**: 40 members; Russian recently adhered, Colombia is joining. Others active participants: Brazil, South Africa
 - o The convention requires countries to make it illegal to offer, solicit or give bribes to foreign officials.
- **OECD Investment Declaration**: includes basic investment standards (national treatment) and corporate responsibility you might say good treatment for good practices.
 - o Growing and expanding quickly. Now 44. Egypt, Morocco in. Tunisia and Colombia just adhered. Jordan in the process and Costa Rica is seeking to join.
 - 2011 Update of the MNE Guidelines expanded coverage and reinforced implementation procedures. The changes include a chapter on human rights, due diligence, including over supply chains, and a proactive agenda with enterprises.
- Last year, worked with stakeholders on the **Due Diligence Guidance for Conflict Minerals**.
 - Developed by stakeholders, endorsed by leaders, in Africa to make sure that mining benefits the people and does not feed insurgencies, slavery and child labor. Now extended to gold.
 - o US SEC just endorsed as compliance tool for Dodd-Frank.
- Global Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Tax Information: 109 members.
- This spring, the OECD launched **CleanGovBiz:** Supports governments to build integrity and fight corruption together with business and civil society. Draws together work done by OECD Committees and partner organizations.
- Created to put commitments into practice. Provides added value through three core principles. it's designed to be comprehensive, inclusive and usable.
- Go to website: cleangovbiz.org. You'll see:
 - 1. **17 Checklists** with around 150 priority questions how to go about everything from procurement practices to using tax audits to detect corruption to actual prosecution of bribery.
 - 2. **Implementation guidance** with examples of good practices

- 3. Access to existing **standards and instruments**, guides and manuals, case studies and in-depth reviews from the OECD and others.
- Countries can use the tools themselves, or we can work with them in what we call an Integrity Scan, a first stage rundown to identify vulnerabilities and solutions.
- Fundamentally, the goal is to implement the principles we all know:
 - o Prevention, accountability, prosecution work together
- Investors, entrepreneurs, employers, students want a predictable and fair environment as they invest in the future. Especially in coming out of this crisis: we need to create the conditions for maximum stability and confidence to encourage a revival.
- So, in the end, new growth can only emerge when we stop protecting old privileges and old distortions.
- By renewing our institutions and implementing transpareny we can deliver what our citizens expect.
- We're proud to be working in this vital area at the OECD and proud to be partnering with all of you.
- Thank you