25th OSCE Economic and Environmental Forum

"Greening the Economy and Building Partnerships for Security in the OSCE Region" Concluding Meeting

Prague, 6-8 September 2017

Session IV: Promoting Economic Participation and Strengthening Stability and Security

EEF.NGO/12/177 September 2017

ENGLISH only



RADICALIZATION

- The increasing readiness to support extreme ideas that come in conflict with/seek to undermine the democratic order and include the support or the use of violence such as terrorism.
- Radicals are not necesarily violent extremists, since radicalism does not necessarily include violence and is not necessarily anti-democratic.
- Extremists are not necessarily violent.
- Fundamentalists do not necessarily have political objetives.

WHAT IS THE PROBLEM?

Violent extremists are not (the) poor(est); (the most) unemployed; (the most) uneducated YET, terrorism is a job

Alan B. krueger and Jitka Maleckova (2003) *Education, Poverty and Terrorism: Is there a Causal Connection?*

- -> inverse relationship: level of education and/or level of employment involvement or support for terrorism
- -> education combined with lack of opportunities might in fact correlate with terrorism and violent extremism
- -> Daesh recruits notoriously un- or underemployed yet not necessarily uneducated

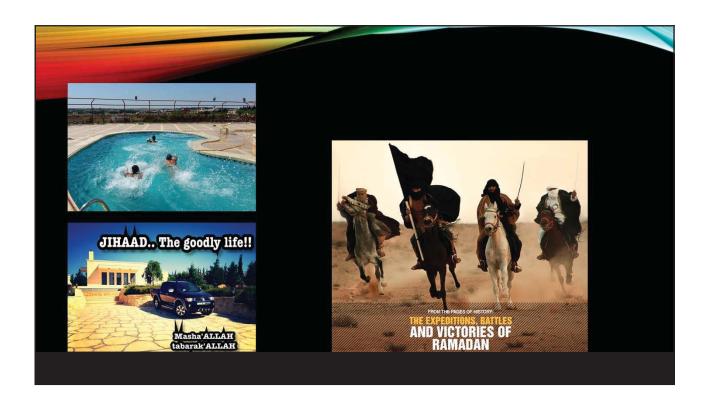
Terrorism is an occupation: tasks, training, skills, professionalisation.

Terrorism is a choice.
Terrorism is relative to other options and opportunities in a particular situation.
Terrorism must be morally and socially acceptable.
Terrorism can end with an alternative occupation and an alternative moral system.

The pop element: Terrorism is exciting and becomes subcultural.

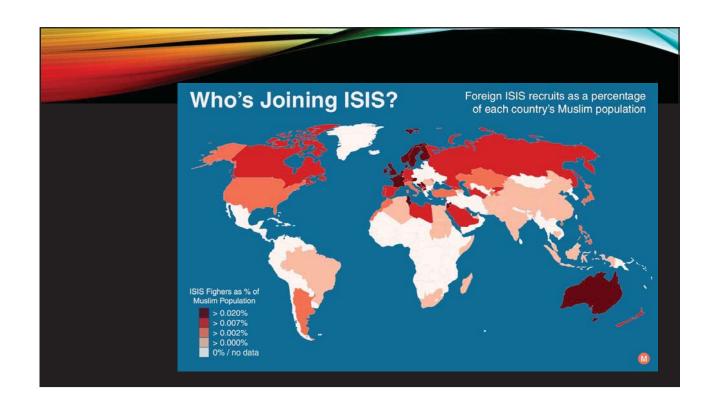
WHAT TO DO?

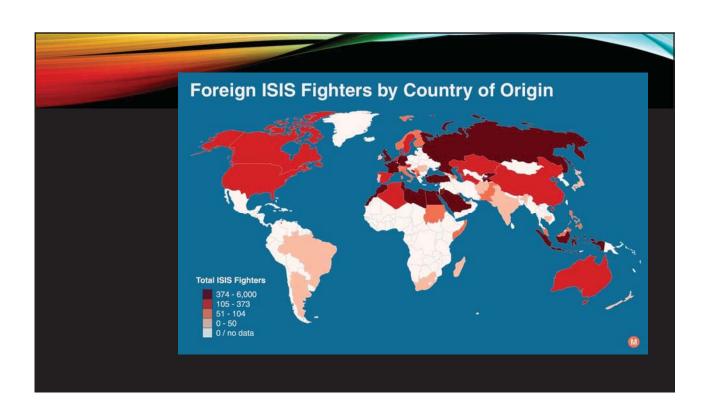
- Addressing the problem: ,wanting more' in combination with ideas and a social environment that makes it morally acceptable.
- Offer better occupational alternatives + challenge ideology + enlightenment.
- Make terrorism/violent extremism less attractive and other occupations more.
- Attractiveness is relative to the current situation and motivation: money vs. playing war vs. making a real difference where it matters.



HOW TO DO IT?

- Targetted measures: the right measures for the right people.
 E.g. workshops for education and awareness raising targetting communities and groups of interest, rather than the entire population or the elite.
- Work without fun is boring.
 - · Invest in initiatives that combine political education with possibilities for spending free time
- · Be realistic: vocational training and education coupled with realistic employment options.
- Be inclusive: involve as many stakeholders as possible as the solutions are as complex as the problem.
- Go local: use the knowledge and capacities of local actors to identify cliques and engage the community.
- Fundamental importance of field missions.
- Look outside the OSCE area.





THANK YOU

Daniela Pisoiu, PhD

OIIP Austrian Institute for International Affairs

daniela.pisoiu@oiip.ac.at