

Monitoring matters

- Quality information is vital fuel for:
 - knowledge of *magnitude* & *nature* of problems
 - awareness-raising & education
 - accountability and interventions
 - creating *mechanisms* to prevent, protect, prosecute
- UN Plan of Action on Safety:
 - = inspires greater co-operation & concertation in monitoring attacks on journalistic safety



UNESCO's monitoring: inputs & outputs



SDGs as a universal agenda

- SDG 16: Promote peaceful & inclusive societies, access to justice for all, & effective-accountable-inclusive institutions
- <u>Target 16:</u> Ensure public access to info & fundamental freedoms, in accord with national laws & international agreements.
- Indicator 16.10.1: No. of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention & torture of journalists, associated media personnel ..." (annual)



SDG indicator 16.10.1 – opportunity?

- Metadata says: 16.10.1 monitoring <u>starts</u> with killings, <u>will evolve</u> to add other forms of violations or abuse as data collection & methodology improve.
- SDG 16.10.1 is already used for limited global reporting,
 - UNSG report a para on global trends
 - UNSD database country specifics (early stages)
- Potential for SDG 16.10.1 in <u>national</u> monitoring?



UN Plan consultation 2017





Outcome document: Options

- <u>UNESCO</u>: Continue *partnerships* for research on emerging issues regarding the safety of journalists, and create synergies...
- <u>UNESCO</u>: Deepen work with OHCHR in developing comprehensive safety reporting on SDG indicator 16.10.1 ... and assist Member States in their own monitoring in this area.
- MEMBER STATES: Upgrade information-gathering & monitoring systems ... to serve as a knowledge base for strengthening national law & policy and for reporting.



Options: Member States can

- <u>Strengthen</u> related *data collection* including through partnerships with UN entities, civil society and other stakeholders;
- Consider using SDG indicator 16.10.1 as part of national monitoring and reporting...; and
- Ensure that monitoring and reporting efforts include the digital, physical and psychological safety of journalists, and incorporate gender-sensitive analysis

Options: Regional intergovt organisations

 Can <u>enhance</u> the sharing of good practices and joint capacity building exercises, especially on data collection, monitoring and guidelines ...

Re: Media, civil soc, academia, Net platforms

Can play important monitoring roles



UNGA resolution 2017 A/C.3/72/L.35/Rev.1

- Calls upon <u>States</u> to create and maintain, in law and in practice, a safe and enabling environment for journalists ... inter alia by means of ...
- (c) <u>regular monitoring</u> and reporting of attacks against journalists;
- (d) collecting and analysing concrete quantitative and qualitative data on attacks or violence against journalists, that are <u>disaggregated</u> by, among other factors, sex.



UNESCO GC resolution 39 c/61

- Encourages Member States to carry out, on a voluntary basis, <u>national monitoring of</u> <u>indicator 16.10.1</u> on the safety of journalists,
- in the context of the implementation of the 2030
 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and
- requests the Director-General to <u>support</u>
 <u>Member States in this process</u>;



Getting academics more engaged



Communication and Information

Communication and Information » Themes » Freedom of expression » Safety of Journalists » UNESCO's Research Agenda

om of expression

ty of Journalists

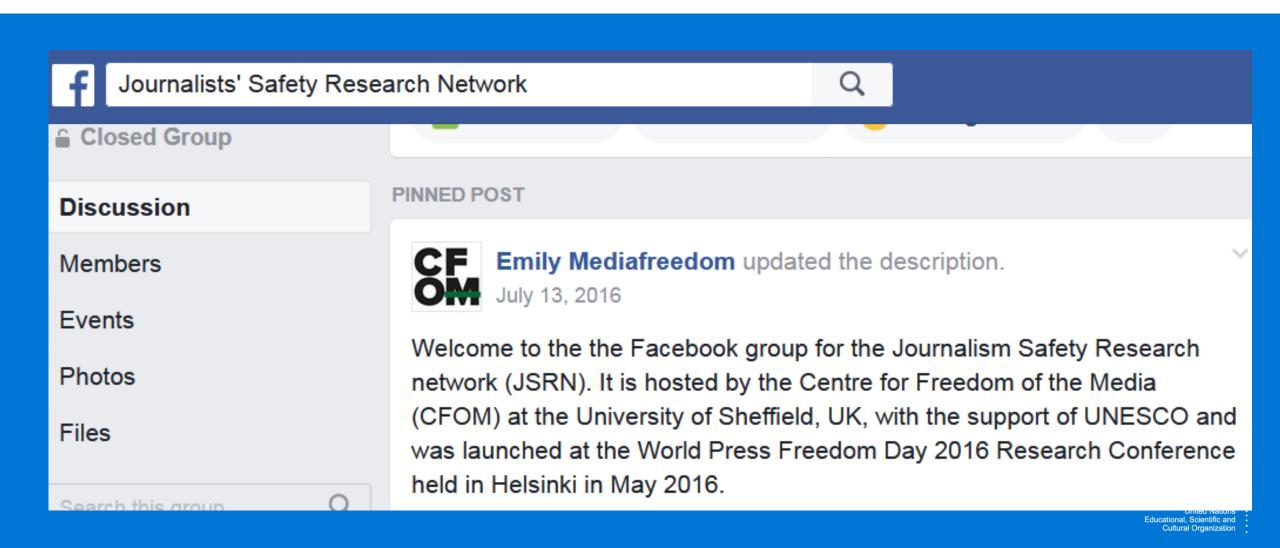
: Texts nd the Statistics

UNESCO's Research Agenda on the Safety of Journalists

To strengthen cooperation with academia in line with the UN Plan of Action on the Safety of Journalists and the Issue of Impunity, UNESCO has developed an acader research agenda on the topic of safety of journalists. By creation of the agenda,

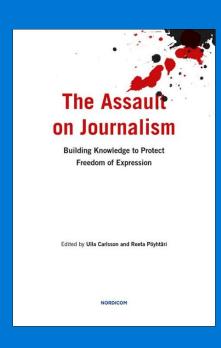


Join the network



Conferences and publications

- Side conferences during
 World Press Freedom Day
 - 2016: Helsinki
 - 2017: Jakarta
 - 2018: Accra
- Oslo 2016, 2017





 Research with UNESCO's *Journalism Safety Indicators*



June 2017: Geneva – with detailed concept note

UNESCO convenes technical workshop on measuring the safety of journalists



29 June 2017

Successful reporting on the safety of journalists as part of tracking progress on Sustainable Development will depend upon the capacity, independence and integrity of monitoring processes in each country.

This was underlined by Frank La Rue, UNESCO's Assistant Director-General for Communication and



The range of safety realms for monitoring

- DDOS, hacks, content interference, blocks/filters
- ** in the World Trends Report

	SDG indicator	UNESCO reporting	Issues to add?
Killing	X	X	
Kidnapping	X	X**	
Disappearance	X		
Arbitrary detention	X	X**	
Torture	X		
Assault			X

Other harmful acts

Harassment (+ confiscating kit)		X
Intimidation (threats & bullying, on/offline)		X
Enforced exile		X
Cyber-attacks*		X
Arbitrary surveillance		X

	SDG indicator	UNESCO reporting	Issues to add?	PRIORITIES GLOBAL & NATIONAL?	AND: Is there a sequence
Killing	X	X		X	1
Kidnapping	X	X			1
Disappearance	X				1
Arbitrary detention	X			X?	1
Torture	X				1
Assault			X	X?	1
Harassment (+ confiscating kit)			X	X?	1
Intimidation (on/offline)			X	X?	1
Enforced exile			X		↑
Cyber-attacks			X		↑
Arbitrary surveillance			X		↑

Prioritisation, definitions and data?

- What are most significant amongst:
 1. killing, 2. kidnapping, 3. disappearance, 4. arbitrary detention, 5. torture, 6. assault, 7. harassment, 8. intimidation (incl threats) 9. enforced exile, 10. cyberattacks, 11. "arbitrary" surveillance ...?
- What <u>universal definitions</u> & what <u>data</u> exists or can be collected nationally and on a global scale?
- Is a minimum data standard possible?



Challenges

- How to <u>combine and grow</u> our knowledge resources at <u>national and global</u> levels?
- Beyond knowledge of attacks, what to do so that we get to know more about the <u>impact of attacks</u> – and <u>impact of counter-measures</u>?
- Parallel challenge: how to put our knowledge to work
 ... through single and joint <u>actions</u>?
- Where do we mobilise the resources to advance?



Thank you!



