FOSTERING COLLABORATIVE ACTION
IN DISASTER RISK REDUCTION

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Natural hazards in Kyrgyzstan

• 400 various types of natural hazards every year
• During the past 20 years the number of hazards increased by 6 times
• About 70 percent of natural hazards occur in the South of the country
Natural hazards in Kyrgyzstan

- There are 92 sites with toxic and radioactive mining waste
- The damage is estimated at about USD 35M per year
- The government spending is about USD 6M per year

Interventions of the OSCE Centre in Bishkek

- Enhancing preparedness and response to natural disasters (2007-2010)
  - capacity building of targeted communities (Aarhus Centre)
  - strengthening coordination between key actors
  - capacity building of the Ministry of Emergency Situations

- Strengthening the capacities of Aarhus Centres in disaster risk reduction (ENVSEC)
Interventions of the OSCE Centre in Bishkek

- Disaster risk reduction and infrastructure improvement in Batken province (2014)
  - Project stakeholders: UNWFP, GIZ, OSCE, local municipalities, MoES and community
  - Providing training for local residents and authorities
  - Organizing public monitoring of the project sites
  - Organizing public hearings on project results
  - Awareness raising and information materials
  - Promotion of the principles of the Aarhus Convention
Interventions of the OSCE Centre in Bishkek

- Disaster risk reduction and infrastructure improvement in Batken province (2014)
  - 3,940 gabion nets will be installed (5,340m)
  - 660 households, 10 schools and kindergartens, 9 water pipelines other infrastructure are protected from mudflows
  - 630 vulnerable persons are provided with temporary employment opportunities
  - The resilience and disaster risk awareness of the communities is enhanced through the Aarhus Centre
  - Gender mainstreaming: The asset beneficiaries of the project include women to more than 50%.