

Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe Permanent Council PC.JOUR/1438 7 September 2023

Chairmanship: North Macedonia

1438th PLENARY MEETING OF THE COUNCIL

1. <u>Date</u>: Thursday, 7 September 2023 (in the Neuer Saal and via video teleconference)

 Opened:
 3.05 p.m.

 Suspended:
 6.20 p.m.

 Resumed:
 10.05 a.m. (Friday, 8 September 2023)

 Closed:
 12.30 p.m.

2. <u>Chairperson</u>: Ambassador I. Djundev Mr. E. Mitevski

> Prior to taking up the agenda, the Chairperson welcomed the new Permanent Representative of Estonia to the OSCE, H.E. Ambassador K. Tael, and the new Permanent Representative of Kazakhstan to the OSCE, H.E. Ambassador M. Tileuberdi, to the Permanent Council.

Chairperson, Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1106/23 OSCE+)

3. <u>Subjects discussed – Statements – Decisions/documents adopted:</u>

Agenda item 1: ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE OSCE PARLIAMENTARY ASSEMBLY

Chairperson, President of the OSCE Parliamentary Assembly (PA.GAL/15/23/Rev.1 OSCE+), Spain-European Union (with the candidate countries Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia and Ukraine; the European Free Trade Association countries Iceland and Liechtenstein, members of the European Economic Area; as well as Andorra and San Marino, in alignment) (PC.DEL/1138/23), United States of America (PC.DEL/1108/23), Georgia (PC.DEL/1169/23 OSCE+), Türkiye (PC.DEL/1147/23 OSCE+), Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1107/23), Ukraine (PC.DEL/1167/23), Belarus (PC.DEL/1144/23 OSCE+), Switzerland (PC.DEL/1124/23 OSCE+), Azerbaijan (PC.DEL/1131/23 OSCE+), Poland (PC.DEL/1122/23 OSCE+), Norway (PC.DEL/1113/23), Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Finland (PC.DEL/1109/23 OSCE+), Uzbekistan, United Kingdom, Turkmenistan, Armenia (PC.DEL/1151/23), Canada (PC.DEL/1128/23 OSCE+)

Agenda item 2: THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION'S ONGOING AGGRESSION AGAINST UKRAINE

Chairperson, Ukraine (PC.DEL/1166/23), Spain-European Union (with the candidate countries Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia and Ukraine; the potential candidate country Georgia; the European Free Trade Association countries Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway, members of the European Economic Area; as well as Andorra, Monaco and San Marino, in alignment) (PC.DEL/1137/23), United States of America (PC.DEL/1110/23), Canada (PC.DEL/1129/23), United Kingdom, Türkiye (PC.DEL/1145/23 OSCE+), Norway (PC.DEL/1112/23/Corr.1), Switzerland (PC.DEL/1126/23 OSCE+), Russian Federation

Agenda item 3: DECISION ON THE APPOINTMENT OF THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR

Decision: The Permanent Council adopted Decision No. 1460 (PC.DEC/1460) on the appointment of the External Auditor, the text of which is appended to this journal.

Spain (also on behalf of Albania, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, the Netherlands, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, San Marino, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden and Ukraine) (interpretative statement, see attachment 1 to the decision), Austria, Russian Federation (interpretative statement, see attachment 2 to the decision), United States of America (interpretative statement, see attachment 3 to the decision), United Kingdom (interpretative statement, see attachment 4 to the decision), Switzerland (interpretative statement, see attachment 5 to the decision), Canada (interpretative statement, see attachment 6 to the decision)

Agenda item 4: REVIEW OF CURRENT ISSUES

- (a) Ongoing crimes by the Kiev regime and dangerous policies of the Western alliance to exacerbate tensions: Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1111/23)
- (b) Destructive impact of the European Union's illegitimate sanctions on the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms: Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1115/23), Spain-European Union
- (c) Ongoing grave violations of OSCE human dimension commitments by the Baltic States: Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1114/23)
- (d) *Third anniversary of the fraudulent presidential elections in Belarus:* Spain-European Union (with the candidate countries Albania, Bosnia and

Herzegovina, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia and Ukraine; the European Free Trade Association country Liechtenstein, member of the European Economic Area, in alignment) (PC.DEL/1139/23), United States of America (PC.DEL/1117/23), Switzerland (PC.DEL/1125/23 OSCE+), Norway (also on behalf of Canada, Iceland and the United Kingdom), Belarus (PC.DEL/1143/23 OSCE+)

- (e) International Day of the Victims of Enforced Disappearances, observed on 30 August 2023: Spain-European Union (with the candidate countries Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova, Montenegro and North Macedonia; the potential candidate country Georgia; as well as Monaco, in alignment) (PC.DEL/1135/23), United States of America (PC.DEL/1118/23), United Kingdom (also on behalf of Albania, Andorra, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Montenegro, Norway, San Marino, Switzerland and Ukraine), Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1120/23), Türkiye (PC.DEL/1148/23 OSCE+), Azerbaijan (PC.DEL/1132/23 OSCE+), Armenia (PC.DEL/1152/23 OSCE+), Turkmenistan, Greece
- (f) Fifteen years since the Russian Federation's full-scale military aggression against Georgia: Georgia (PC.DEL/1150/23 OSCE+), Spain-European Union (with the candidate countries Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia and Ukraine; the potential candidate country Georgia; the European Free Trade Association country Liechtenstein, member of the European Economic Area; as well as Andorra and San Marino, in alignment) (PC.DEL/1136/23), United Kingdom (also on behalf of Bulgaria, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Iceland, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Norway, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Sweden, Ukraine and the United States of America) (PC.DEL/1123/23 OSCE+), Ukraine, Türkiye (PC.DEL/1146/23 OSCE+), Moldova, Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1119/23 OSCE+)

Agenda item 5: REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE CHAIRMAN-IN-OFFICE

- (a) Visit of the Chairman-in-Office, H.E. Mr. B. Osmani, to Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan on 10 and 11 August 2023: Chairperson, Kazakhstan
- (b) Telephone conversation between the OSCE Chairman-in-Office, H.E. Mr. B. Osmani, and the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Azerbaijan, H.E. Mr. J. Bayramov, held on 10 August 2023: Chairperson
- (c) Telephone conversation between the OSCE Chairman-in-Office, H.E. Mr. B. Osmani, and the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Armenia, H.E. Mr. A. Mirzoyan, held on 10 August 2023: Chairperson
- (d) Telephone conversation between the OSCE Chairman-in-Office, H.E.
 Mr. B. Osmani, and the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation, H.E. Mr. S. Lavrov, held on 30 August 2023: Chairperson

- (e) OSCE Chairpersonship's Conference on Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment, held in Tetovo, North Macedonia, on 5 and 6 September 2023: Chairperson
- (f) 2023 Prague Forum on the Economic and Environmental Dimension of the OSCE, to be held on 14 and 15 September 2023: Chairperson
- (g) Establishment of a Group of Friends of the OSCE Chair to support the Chairpersonship in reaching a solution to the pending issue of the 2024 OSCE Chairmanship: Chairperson

Agenda item 6: REPORT OF THE SECRETARY GENERAL

None

Agenda item 7: ANY OTHER BUSINESS

- (a) *Parliamentary elections in Poland, to be held on 15 October 2023*: Poland
- (b) Key messages contained in the President of Kazakhstan's address on the state of the nation delivered on 1 September 2023: Kazakhstan
- (c) *Parliamentary elections in Slovakia, to be held on 30 September 2023:* Slovakia
- (d) Continued discrimination against Russian NGOs by the OSCE Chairmanship-in-Office: Russian Federation (PC.DEL/1121/23), Ukraine, Chairperson
- 4. <u>Next meeting</u>:

Tuesday, 12 September 2023, at 10 a.m., in the Neuer Saal and via video teleconference



Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe Permanent Council PC.DEC/1460 7 September 2023

Original: ENGLISH

1438th Plenary Meeting PC Journal No. 1438, Agenda item 3

DECISION No. 1460 APPOINTMENT OF THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR

The Permanent Council,

Recalling Article VIII of the Financial Regulations of 27 June 1996 (DOC.PC/1/96) concerning the OSCE External Auditors,

Taking note of the offer of the Court of Audit (*Rechnungshof*) of the Republic of Austria to provide external audit services to the OSCE,

Recalling Financial Regulation 8.01 on the appointment and tenure of Office of the External Auditor,

Accepts the kind offer of the Republic of Austria and appoints the Austrian Court of Audit, starting on 7 September 2023 and expiring on 15 September 2024.

Pursuant to Financial Regulation 8.01, the costs for travel and daily subsistence allowance (DSA) will be reimbursed from the OSCE Unified Budget.

ENGLISH Original: FRENCH

INTERPRETATIVE STATEMENT UNDER PARAGRAPH IV.1(A)6 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE

By the delegation of Spain (also on behalf of Albania, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, the Netherlands, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, San Marino, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden and Ukraine):

"With regard to the Permanent Council decision on the appointment of the External Auditor, the Member States of the European Union wish to make the following interpretative statement under the relevant provisions of the Rules of Procedure.

We should like to recall that the tenure of office of the French Court of Accounts (*Cour des comptes*) expired on 30 April 2023 and that the absence of an External Auditor until now has placed the Organization in a difficult position. In this context, we warmly thank the Austrian Court of Audit (*Rechnungshof*) for responding to the call for candidates to succeed the French Court of Accounts.

We again thank the French Court of Accounts for having exceptionally offered, in response to the request by the OSCE Chairmanship of North Macedonia earlier this year, to extend its tenure of office for an additional one year, even though this offer was rejected in April through the opposition of a participating State for no good reason.

We are convinced that the Austrian Court of Audit, an internationally renowned institution, will carry out its duties with the same rigour and professionalism as its predecessor. We are all the more appreciative of this offer as we are already well into 2023, and we are well aware of the difficulties involved in taking up office so late.

The EU Member States are deeply disappointed by the condition imposed by the Russian Federation to limit the tenure of office of the Austrian Court of Audit as External Auditor to one year instead of the commonly accepted term of three years.

We consider that a tenure of office of only one year unnecessarily and artificially constitutes an additional constraint on the proper performance of the External Auditor's duties. The external audit of an international organization is a complex task that must be a long-term process and be based on a long-term vision. A tenure of office of three years is essential for adequate monitoring of the Organization's financial health and for its stability.

Therefore, although the Permanent Council decision stipulates that the tenure of office of the External Auditor will end on 15 September 2024, the EU Member States consider that the Austrian Court of Audit should in fact perform its duties for the next three years, starting in 2023. The EU Member States stress that this Permanent Council decision must not constitute a precedent for future decisions of a similar nature.

We request that this interpretative statement be attached to the decision and included in the journal of today's meeting.

Thank you."

ENGLISH Original: RUSSIAN

INTERPRETATIVE STATEMENT UNDER PARAGRAPH IV.1(A)6 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE

By the delegation of the Russian Federation:

"Having joined the consensus regarding the Permanent Council decision on the appointment of the External Auditor, the Russian Federation notes the following.

We express our gratitude to the Court of Accounts of France (*Cour des comptes*) for its professional, impartial and politically neutral work in the position of OSCE External Auditor during the period 2020–2023. We trust that its successor to this position, namely the Austrian Court of Audit (*Rechnungshof*), will strictly adhere to the same principles when performing its duties.

In the current circumstances, in which the Organization is facing serious political and financial instability in its activities, the approval of the External Auditor's mandate seems to us to be possible only for one calendar year. Such an option is fully in line with OSCE Financial Regulation 8.01, in accordance with which it is the exclusive prerogative of the Permanent Council to determine the term of office for conducting the external audit. We emphasize that this has nothing to do with the Austrian candidature that was approved today.

We assume that the possibility of extending the mandate of the new External Auditor for an additional period would be considered next year, with due account taken of all concomitant factors.

I request that this statement be attached to the adopted decision and included in the journal of today's meeting of the Permanent Council."

Original: ENGLISH

INTERPRETATIVE STATEMENT UNDER PARAGRAPH IV.1(A)6 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE

By the delegation of the United States of America:

"In connection with the adoption of the decision on the appointment of the External Auditor, I would like to make the following interpretative statement under paragraph IV.1(A)6 of the OSCE Rules of Procedure. I am making this statement on behalf of the United States.

The United States would like to express its appreciation to the Austrian delegation and the Austrian Court of Audit for its offer to provide external audit services to the OSCE. The external auditor plays a critical role in the healthy functioning of this Organization.

We therefore deeply regret the Russian Federation's opposition to Austria's generous offer to serve as the OSCE's external auditor for a three-year term. A one-year term, as Russia proposed, is inefficient. It exacerbates the financial instability in this Organization and is contrary to the spirit of Financial Regulation 8.01 which states that the "tenure of office shall normally be three years."

Furthermore, the appointment is technical in nature. We deplore the abuse of technical decisions for political gain by participating States. It is the responsibility of all participating States to move expeditiously to secure the appointment of an external auditor for the sake of the Organization.

Mr. Chairperson, I request that this statement be attached to the decision and the journal of the day."

Original: ENGLISH

INTERPRETATIVE STATEMENT UNDER PARAGRAPH IV.1(A)6 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE

By the delegation of the United Kingdom:

"Thank you, Mr. Chairperson, and I would like to start by thanking our Chairperson-in-Office for your leadership in finding a way forward on this issue under challenging circumstances.

In connection with the Permanent Council decision just adopted on the appointment of the External Auditor, the United Kingdom would like to make the following interpretative statement under paragraph IV.1(A)6 of the OSCE Rules of Procedure.

The United Kingdom thanks the Austrian Court of Audit for its offer to provide external audit services to the OSCE. We believe that the position of External Auditor provides a vitally important technical function for the work of the Organization, and deeply regret Russia's isolated position not to join consensus to allow a full three-year tenure as is normal practice. Our strong preference is that the External Auditor is granted a three-year tenure in line with Financial Regulation 8.01 which clearly states that the 'tenure of office shall normally be three years unless otherwise determined by the Permanent Council'.

The Russian Federation has held up agreement on this technical decision and prevented a full three-year tenure, in its own words, because 'there is no more business as usual' at the OSCE. This is clear politicization of a technical and vital governance function. While we support this draft decision today, let me be clear, we are agreeing to a one-year tenure because we wish to ensure swift appointment of a fully qualified External Auditor, particularly after a four-month gap. However, this should not set precedent. I would like to underline the United Kingdom's concerns that having to agree on an External Auditor on an annual basis is not efficient. A three-year tenure would allow the External Auditor to clearly plan its activities, get to know the Organization and would ensure predictability, certainty, and sustainability. We therefore urge the Russian Federation to cease its restrictive and political tactics – which are sadly now part of a wider pattern of behaviour in trying to disrupt the work of this Organization – and allow a return to three-year tenures in 2024.

I ask that this statement be attached to the decision and to the journal of the day.

Thank you, Mr. Chairperson."

Original: ENGLISH

INTERPRETATIVE STATEMENT UNDER PARAGRAPH IV.1(A)6 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE

By the delegation of Switzerland:

"In connection with the Permanent Council decision on the appointment of the External Auditor, Switzerland would like to make the following interpretative statement under the relevant provisions of the OSCE Rules of Procedure:

Through its independent and impartial observations, the External Auditor has a key oversight role in the proper functioning of the Organization. We express our gratitude for the professional work done by the *Cour des Comptes* of France during its three-year term of office.

We would like to thank the Austrian Court of Audit for offering to take over the external audit services to the OSCE. We also thank Austria for its successful efforts.

Whilst we have joined consensus on the decision as tabled, we regret that we could not find a consensus for a three-year term of the Austrian Court of Audit. We believe that the tenure foreseen by Financial Regulation 8.01, namely three years, responds to the need to ensure stability and continuity with regards to the administration and management of the OSCE. A yearly change of an external auditor is not in line with international practice and adds an additional and unnecessary administrative burden.

We request that this interpretative statement be appended to the decision and included in the journal of today's meeting.

Thank you, Mr. Chairperson."

Original: ENGLISH

INTERPRETATIVE STATEMENT UNDER PARAGRAPH IV.1(A)6 OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE

By the delegation of Canada:

"In relation to the adoption of the decision on the appointment of the External Auditor, Canada makes the following interpretative statement under paragraph IV.1(A)6 of the OSCE Rules of Procedure.

Canada thanks the Austrian Court of Audit for their kind offer to act as external auditor of the OSCE.

We also thank the Chairmanship for their hard work in negotiating and preparing the decision for our consideration.

Considering the critical importance of the External Auditor for the OSCE, Canada supports the revised decision as proposed by the Chairperson, to appoint the Austrian Court of Audit in this role for one year, starting today.

We express our disappointment with the decision of the Russian Federation to break consensus on the three-year appointment of the External Auditor, as initially proposed by the Chairperson. The Russian Federation does not have a valid reason to block a three-year appointment.

In many international organizations, terms usually are anywhere from 3 to 6 years, or within a range starting at a minimum of two years. One-year appointments are not good practice.

In the first year, significant investments of staff time are needed to help the External Auditor understand the organization's business. This can be disruptive, and - let's be frank - the staff of this Organization are already bogged down by the management of monthly allocations to keep their programmes afloat. They do not need an additional administrative burden.

Longer contracts also tend to be more competitive, which increases the pool of available candidates and allows for greater choice with better value for money.

In the current fiscal environment, we should look for more efficient ways of using our resources. Russia's political whims in this Organization are holding us back from working smarter, and getting the maximum benefits of the resources at our disposal.

Canada requests that this interpretive statement be attached to the decision.

Thank you."