Albania

Armenia

Austria

Belarus

Azerbaijan

MISSION MONITORS

10

Kazakhstan

Kvrgvzstan

Latvia

Lithuania

Moldova

23

8

2

36

As of 19 November 2018 Report



Civilians crossing the contact line near Marinka, Donetsk region (Photo credit: OSCE/Evgeniy Maloletka)

FACTS MATTER

- Between 29 October and 11 November, the SMM recorded over 18,000 ceasefire violations (slightly more than in the previous two-week period) and 89 weapons in violation of the agreed withdrawal lines (58 in areas not controlled by the Government). The SMM observed the continued presence of mines and unexploded ordnance, including recently-laid anti-tank mines near government-controlled Orikhove and an anti-personnel mine near non-government-controlled Verkhnoshyrokivske.
- The Mission also registered limited compliance with the Trilateral Contact Group's Framework Decision on Disengagement of Forces and Hardware. As indicated by ceasefire violations, the lack of compliance was observed in all three disengagement areas, new positions and reinforced existing positions of the Ukrainian Armed Forces and the armed formations in the Zolote disengagement area as well as new extensions of positions in the Petrivske disengagement area.
- About three quarters of all ceasefire violations were recorded in the Avdiivka-Yasynuvata-Donetsk airport area and areas east and north-east of Mariupol and south and south-east of Svitlodarsk. In addition to these three main hotspots, the Mission continued to note a tense and kinetic situation in and around Zolote and in the disengagement area immediately to its south. During shelling on 8 November, a man in his sixties was killed and on two occasions, SMM monitoring officers were forced to withdraw following impacts within 500 metres of their positions.
- Between 29 October and 11 November, the SMM confirmed that one civilian was killed and one was injured (and additionally confirmed that one was killed and one injured prior to the reporting period). This brings the total number of civilian casualties since 1 January to 216 (43 deaths and 173 injuries).
- In the reporting period, the Mission experienced 77 restrictions to its freedom of movement, including 54 instances in areas not controlled by the Government, with many occurring in areas close to the border with the Russian Federation.
- On 4 November, the SMM monitored a public gathering held in Kyiv following the death of Kateryna Handziuk, an anti-corruption activist and Kherson city council member. She died from injuries sustained in an acid attack in Kherson on 31 July.
- The SMM's daily reports are available in three languages (English, Ukrainian and Russian) on the OSCE website: www.osce.org/ukraine-smm/reports.



* Other international staff includes Chief Monitor. Deputy Chief Monitor, advisors, analysts, etc.

SPECIAL MONITORING MISSION TO UKRAINE

Who we are

- Around 700 monitors across Ukraine;

- Report on the humanitarian situation and people's needs, and facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid of other organizations;
- Help to establish dialogue and local ceasefires.

Important to understand:

- It is up to the sides to stop the fighting:
- We do not conduct investigations, but report on facts;
- We do not deliver but facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid.



Unarmed civilian monitors:

Around 600 based in the east;

From 44 OSCE participating States.

What we do

• Report the facts as we observe and establish them;

- Gather information and report on the security situation;

^{**} National staff includes assistants, advisors and other administrative personnel.