

FSC.EMI/131/17 11 May 2017

ENGLISH only

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NOTE NO 11/17

The United Kingdom Delegation to the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) in Vienna presents its compliments to all the Permanent Missions and Delegations to the OSCE and to the Conflict Prevention Centre and, in accordance with FSC.DEC/7/04 herewith attach the United Kingdom's completed Questionnaire on anti personnel landmines.

The Permanent Delegation of the United Kingdom to the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe avails itself of this opportunity to renew to all other Delegations to the OSCE and to the Conflict Prevention Centre the assurances of its highest consideration.

UNITED KINGDOM DELEGATION VIENNA

11 May 2017

To all Delegations/Permanent Missions to the OSCE To the Conflict Prevention Centre



OSCE Questionnaire on Anti-Personnel Mines 2016

Part I

 Is your country a State Party to the 1996 Amended Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices annexed to the 1980 Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW)?

If yes:

Yes.

 Please attach the most recent annual report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 13 of the Amended Protocol or give the appropriate electronic address for the report. http://www.unog.ch/80256EDD006B8954/(httpAssets)/5D1A56D3159A8883C1258116004D9309/\$file/UK_NAR+2017_APII_final.pdf

3. **If no**:

Is your country considering ratification/accession to the Amended Protocol II? **N/A.**

- 4. What measures have been taken to prevent the indiscriminate use of mines, booby-traps and other devices?
 - Armed Services doctrine and training reflect Convention requirements. Specifically, as part of the annual military training programme, the UK's military receives instruction and updates on all aspects of IHL to which the UK is a signatory.
- Would your country be interested in receiving assistance related to the implementation of this Protocol? If so, please describe.
 No.
- 6. Does your country have the capacity to assist others related to this Protocol? If so, please describe.

The UK funds "mine action" programmes that collectively cover the clearance of cluster munitions, landmines and other ERW, alongside risk education and other activities. It is not possible to separate out funds spent relating to cluster munitions alone. The figures below represent the total spend for projects that were implemented throughout any part of 2016. These projects were funded by the Department for International Development under its Global Mine Action Programme, and the UK Government's Conflict, Security and Stability Fund (CSSF).

	Amount (list currency)	
Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£764,016	

Cambodia	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£2,169,476	
Vietnam	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£157,073.10	
Zimbabwe	Clearance, risk education	£1,850,150	
Sri Lanka	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£173,036	
Burma Risk education		£649,314	
South Sudan	Clearance, risk education	£1,748,592	
Somalia Clearance, risk education, capacity building		£2,265,518	
fghanistan Clearance, risk education		£1,652,391	
Libya	Clearance, risk education	£729,279	
Yemen	Capacity building	£1,056,592	
Occupied Palestinian Territories	Mine clearance	£293,529	
Iraq	Mine clearance, capacity building		
Ukraine	Clearance	£2,263,520	
Azerbaijan	Clearance	£102,000	
South Caucasus	Clearance, mine risk education, victim assistance	£294,168	
Total		£18,395,476	

Part II

- 7. Has your country ratified or acceded to the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction? Yes.
- 8. (a) If yes, please attach the most recent report submitted by your country in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention or give the appropriate electronic address for the report.

 Attached as a Word document.
 - (b) If no, is your country considering ratification/accession to the Convention? **N/A.**
 - (c) Has your country adopted legislation to address the humanitarian objectives of the convention, or taken any specific measures regarding the use, production, storage, transfer and destruction of anti-personnel landmines? In case a moratorium has been introduced, what is its scope and duration and when was it introduced?

 Yes The Landmines Act 1998.
- 9. Does your country have any specific measures in place to provide assistance to victims? The UK is fully committed to improving the quality of life for people affected by antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions and other explosive remnants of war (ERW). The UK believes that needs are best met through the development of strong, accessible and sustainable health systems and through support to people with disabilities. Health sector development remains the largest component of all basic services supported by UK aid, which has an increasing focus on supporting people with disabilities. This includes ensuring development programmes adequately include disabled people throughout programme design, delivery and monitoring. UK support does not discriminate against or among victims of anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, armed conflict generally, or other persons with disabilities.
- Does your country require assistance in mine clearance, stockpile destruction, mine awareness and/or victim assistance? If so, please describe.
 No.
- 11. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in mine action? If so, please describe. Yes. Please see Q6 above.

OSCE Questionnaire on Explosive Remnants of War

1. Has your country notified the Depositary of its consent to be bound by the 2003 CCW Protocol V on Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) once it enters into force? Is your country considering doing so?

The UK is not currently a High Contracting Party (HCP) to Protocol V of the CCW, but this issue is being considered by the UK government.

2. If yes, at what stage is the process?

This is issue is being considered by the UK government.

 Would your country be interested in receiving assistance in clearing or otherwise minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.
 No.

4. Does your country have the capacity to assist others in clearing and minimizing the risks and effects of ERW? If so, please describe.

Yes. Please see Q6 above.

COVER PAGE OF THE ANNUAL ARTICLE 7 REPORT

NAME OF STATE [PARTY]: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

REPORTING PERIOD: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/16 (dd/mm/yyyy)

Form A: National implementation	Form F: Program of APM destruction:
measures:	X changed
changed	unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)
X unchanged (last reporting: 2007)	non applicable
Form B: Stockpiled anti-personnel mines:	Form G: APM destroyed:
changed	changed
X unchanged (last reporting: 2007)	X unchanged (last reporting: 2013)
non applicable	non applicable
Form C: Location of mined areas:	Form H: Technical characteristics:
changed	changed
X unchanged (last reporting: 2007)	X unchanged (last reporting: 2007)
non applicable	non applicable
Form D: APMs retained or transferred:	Form I: Warning measures:
changed	changed
X unchanged (last reporting: 2014)	X unchanged (last reporting: 2007)
non applicable	non applicable
Form E: Status of conversion programs:	Form J: Other Relevant Matters
	X changed
changed	unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)
X unchanged (last reporting: 2007)	non applicable
non applicable	

Notes on using the cover page:

The cover page can be used as a **complement** to submitting detailed forms adopted at the First and Second Meetings of the States Parties in instances when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as it would be in past reports. That is, when using the cover page, only forms within which there is new information needs to be submitted.

The cover page can be used as a **substitute** for submitting detailed forms adopted at the First and Second Meetings of the States Parties only if all of the information to be provided in an annual report is the same as in past reports.

If an indication is made on the cover sheet that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form is **unchanged** in relationship to a previous year's form, the **date of submission** of the previous form should be clearly indicated.

CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE [PARTY]: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

POINT OF CONTACT: Conventional Arms Policy Officer

Counter Proliferation and Arms Control Centre

Ministry of Defence

Whitehall

London

SW1A 2HB

Tel: +44 207008 2251

(Name, organization, telephone, fax, email)

(ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLARIFICATION)

Form A:	National implementation measures		
Article 7.1	"Each State Party shall report to the Sec	retary-General on:	
	a) The national implementation r	measures referred to in Article 9	9."
		enal sanctions, to prevent and s	opropriate legal, administrative and other suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party jurisdiction or control".
State [Party]:		reporting for time period from -	to
Measures			Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).

Form B: Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]:	reporting for time period from	to	

1. Total of stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
TOTAL			

2. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered after the deadlines have passed. (Action #15 of Nairobi Action Pla
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Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
TOTAL			

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form C: Location of mined areas

Article 7.1	·	, the location ts jurisdiction	of all mined areas or control, to inclu	ide as much detail a	suspected to contain, anti- s possible regarding the type and hey were emplaced."
State [Party]:		repor 	ting for time period	d from 	to
1. Areas that co	ntain mines*				
Location		Туре	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information

^{*} If necessary, a separate table for each mined area may be provided

Location	Туре	Quantity	Date of	Supplementary information
			emplacement	

Form D	APMs retained	or transferred			
Article 7.1	"Each State Par	ty shall report to the S	ecretary-General	on:	
	develop for the p	ment of and training i	n mine detection, , as well as the in	mine clearance or mine	nel mines retained or transferred for the e destruction techniques, or transferred a State Party to retain or transfer anti-
State [Party]:			reporting for ti	me period from	to
1a. Compulsor	y: Retained for de	velopment of and trainir	ng in (<i>Article 3, para</i>	7.1)	
Institution aut	horized by State	Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
TOTAL					·

1b. Voluntary information (Action #54 of Nairobi Action Plan)

Objectives	Activity / Project	Supplementary information
		(Description of programs or activities, their objectives and progress, types of mines, time period if and when appropriate)
		"Information on the plans requiring the retention of mines for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance, or mine destruction techniques and report on the actual use of retained mines and the results of such use"

NOTE: Each State Party should provide information on plans and future activities if and when appropriate and reserves the right to modify it at any time

Form D (continued)

2. **Compulsory:** Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

Institution authorized by Party	State Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible	e) Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
TOTAL				

3. *Compulsory:* Transferred for the purpose of destruction (*Article 3, para.2*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
TOTAL				

Form E: Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

- Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 - e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]:	reporting for time period from	to
_		

Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information

Form F:	Status of programs	for destruction of APMs
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Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: Un	nited Kingdom of Great Britain and	reporting for time period from	01 Jan 2016	to	31 Dec 2016
No	orthern Ireland				

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Description of the status of programs including:		
Location of destruction sites	Details of:	
	Methods	
	Applicable safety standards	
	Applicable environmental standards	

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Description of the status of programs including:	
Location of destruction sites	Details of:
In 2016, the fourth phase of demining/land release operations in the Falkland Islands concluded,	Methods
bringing the total number of cleared mined areas across the four phases to 35. The two-year project ran from January 2015 until March 2016 and cleared a total of 25 Suspect Hazardous Areas (SHAs):	The project is using a combination of non-technical survey, technical survey, manual and mechanical
Phase 4a: 24, 26, 27, 35, 54, 55, 57, 58, 60 and 86.	clearance and Battle Area Clearance.
Phase 4b: 22, 33, 49, 50A, 50B, 51, 52, 53, 56, 59, 63A, 63B, 66, 83 and 110 as well as the	
non-minefield area behind the Stanley Common fence to the west of the Eliza Cove road.	
The UK also announced in September 2016 a commitment of a further £20 million for demining in the Falkland Islands. The contracts for this Phase were awarded to Dynasafe Bactec and Fenix Insight for	
the roles of Land Release Contractor and Demining Project Office respectively. Phase 5 began in	
October 2016 and aims to clear 46 minefields and conduct Technical Survey in a further 27 minefields	
in the first two years demonstrating progress towards meeting the UK's obligations under the Anti-	
Personnel Mine Ban Convention.	
	Applicable safety standards
	IMAS

Applicable environmental standards
Agreed in coordination with the
Falkland Islands Government
Environmental Planning Department
to minimise damage to this unique
and fragile environment and to aid
remediation.

Form G	APMs destroyed	after entry into fo	orce		
Article 7.1	"Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General on:				
	for that St accordance	tate Party, to include ce with Articles 4 a	de a breakdown o nd 5, respectively	f the quantity of each type of	e entry into force of this Convention of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in lot numbers of each type anti-
State [Party]:			reporting for	time period from	to
1. Destruction	of stockpiled APMs	(Article 4)			
Туре		Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information	

TOTAL

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Туре	Quantity	Supplementary information
TOTAL		

Form G (continued)

3. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered and destroyed after the deadlines have passed. (Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan)*

Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
TOTAL			

* Pursuant to the decision of the 8MSP, as contained in paragraph 29 of the Final Report of the Meeting, document APLC/MSP.8/2007/6.

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]:	reporting for time period from	to

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced

Туре	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive	content	Metallic	Colour	Supplementary information to
			type	grams	content	photo attache d	facilitate mine clearance.

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Туре	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive	content	Metallic	Colour	Supplementary information to
			type	grams	content	photo attache	facilitate mine clearance.
						d	

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1	"Each State Party	shall report to	the Secretary	y-General on:

i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]:	reporting for time period from	to	
[Narrative:]			

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: United Kingdom of Great Britain and reporting for time period from 01 January 2016 to 31 December
Northern Ireland 2016

The UK funds "mine action" programmes that collectively cover the clearance of cluster munitions, landmines and other ERW, alongside risk education and other activities. It is not possible to separate out funds spent relating to cluster munitions alone. The figures below represent the total spend for projects that were implemented throughout any part of 2016. These projects were funded by the Department for International Development under its Global Mine Action Programme, and the UK Government's Conflict, Security and Stability Fund (CSSF).

Destination	Sector (stockpile destruction, clearance, risk education, victim assistance, advocacy)	Amount (list currency)	Type of cooperation or assistance (financial, material or in kind)	Details (including date allocated intermediary destinations such as trus funds, project details, timeframes)
Laos	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£764,016		
Cambodia	Clearance, risk education capacity building	£2,169,476		
Vietnam	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£157,073.10		
Zimbabwe	Clearance, risk education	£1,850,150		
Sri Lanka	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£173,036		
Burma	Risk education	£649,314		
South Sudan	Clearance and risk education	£1,748,592		
Somalia	Clearance, risk education, capacity building	£2,265,518		

Afghanistan	Clearance/risk education	£1,652,391	
Libya	Clearance/risk education	£729,279	
Yemen	Capacity building	£1,056,592	
Occupied Palestinian Territories	Mine clearance	£293,529	
Iraq	Mine clearance/capacity building	£2,226,822	
Ukraine	Clearance	£2,263,520	
Azerbaijan	Clearance	£102,000	
South Caucasus	Clearance/ mine risk education/ victim assistance	£294,168	
Total		£18,395,476	