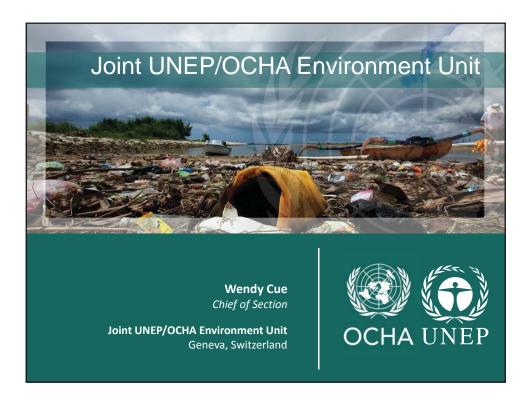
EEF.IO/13/14 21 May 2014

**ENGLISH** only



# Vision

Our vision is for countries to be better prepared, more resilient and able to effectively respond to environmental emergencies.



# **Environmental Emergencies**

"An environmental emergency is defined as a sudden onset disaster or accident resulting from natural, technological or human-induced factors, or a combination of these, that cause or threaten to cause severe environmental damage as well as harm to human health and/or livelihoods."

UNEP Governing Council, 13 November 2002



## **Priorities**



**PREPAREDNESS** 



**RESPONSE** 



ENVIRONMENT IN HUMANITARIAN ACTION



## Response

In the first hours after an environmental emergency, the JEU can mobilise experts and equipment to the affected area

Immediate Deployment of technical expertise

Rapid environmental assessments

Onsite sampling and analysis





## Current response mission

#### Floods in the Balkans

2014

Serbia: Estimated 30,000 evacuated and displaced people



#### **Humanitarian needs**:

- Clean water
- Food / agricultural support (loss of crops and livestock)

#### **Environmental issues:**

- Flood management
- Water and sanitation, public health issues
- Flooded industrial sites are being assessed for immediate environmental risks to the population

Flood management and environmental expertise deployed with the UNDAC team.



## Preparedness

Contingency planning, training, and raising awareness of potential impacts of environmental emergencies

Risk and Hazard Assessments

Environmental Emergencies
Centre (EEC)

Preparedness trainings





## Environmental Emergency Risk Index (EERI)

A strategic tool for prioritizing work on preparedness and environment in humanitarian action

Builds upon existing humanitarian, development and environmental performance indices

Focus on technological hazards and environmental vulnerability

Identify countries most at risk





## Arsenic Waste Management Assessment Mission

#### 1 - 8 May 2014 in Georgia

Objective: Provide recommendations for safe management, transport, storage and onsite disposal & containment of arsenic waste; assess amount of waste and extent of contamination

<u>Team</u>: national authorities, OSCE, UNDP, UNEP/OCHA



Cows walking through the arsenic waste site



## Arsenic Waste Management Assessment Mission

### Key findings

- Soils (to 0.5m), waste drums, ore to be placed in on-site secure sarcophagus
- Design and implement engineered diversion of surface waters
- Undertake sampling & reduce arsenic by mixing clean and contaminated soils
- Technical guidance for remediation and clean-up; budgeting for clean-up



Corroded drum containing arsenic waste









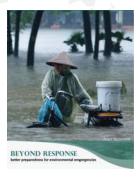
# Strengthening Environmental Emergency Preparedness Capacities in OSCE Region

Emphasis on technological accidents triggered by a natural hazard

#### **Expected Results:**

-Key Governmental partners' knowledge and skills strengthened for effective preparedness and response environmental emergencies.

-Improved collaboration between disaster managers and environmental experts for better management of priority environmental emergency risks







#### Beyond Response: Environmental Emergency Preparedness

13 - 15 May 2014 Dushanbe, Tajikistan

#### Proposed follow up

- Regional seminar on mining tailings in collaboration with Central Asian regional environment center
- Organization of study tour on eco-based DRR from Afghanistan to Kyrgyzstan Next Regional Workshop:

10-13 June in Georgia (with Armenia and Azerbaijan)





