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Human Dimension Implementation Meeting Working Session 3, The International Covenants on Human Rights and their importance for the OSCE human dimension (continued)

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As delivered by

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Ms. Moderator,

My delegation has already had an opportunity to communicate its assessment of the implementation of the International Covenants on Human Rights in the OSCE area in the previous session.

Hence, I would like to reiterate my points made earlier today and concentrate exclusively on the economic and cultural rights enshrined in the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

The article 1 of the Covenant establishes that by virtue of the right of self-determination all peoples shall freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development.

Furthermore, it recognizes that all peoples may for their own ends, freely dispose of their natural wealth and resources. It maintained that in no case may a people be deprived of its own means of subsistence.

Unilateral coercive measures undertaken as a collective punishment upon the entire people clearly violate the Covenant.

People residing in the conflict areas should not be deprived of economic means. They have right to economic activities and development by the virtue of this Covenant. In our view, the population of conflict areas should be integrated into international system of human rights and development.

In conclusion, we recommend to the OSCE executive structures to assess the impact of the unilateral coercive measures on affected economies and cooperate closely with the UN Human Rights Council special rapporteur on unilateral coercive measures.

Thank you